3D-Tool Version 12 - Manual
Contents

1. COMPARISON: FREE VIEWER, BASIC, ADVANCED, AND PREMIUM ........................................5
2. HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS .................................................................7
   HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS .............................................................................................7
   SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS ...........................................................................................7
3. ACTIVATION AND LICENSING ..........................................................................................8
   RUN AS FREE VIEWER .......................................................................................................8
   LICENSE ACTIVATION .......................................................................................................8
   REACTIVATION AFTER CHANGING COMPUTERS .........................................................8
   ACTIVATING AN UPGRADE ..............................................................................................8
   ACTIVATING AN UPDATE .................................................................................................9
   14 DAY TRIAL LICENSE .................................................................................................9
4. FILE FORMATS AND LIMITATIONS ..................................................................................10
   SUPPORTED FILE FORMATS ..........................................................................................10
   LIMITATIONS ..................................................................................................................12
5. MOUSE, KEYBOARD CONTROLS AND TOUCH GESTURES .............................................17
   3D MOUSE ......................................................................................................................17
   MOUSE ACTIONS ............................................................................................................17
   TOUCH GESTURES ...........................................................................................................19
   CONTEXT MENU ............................................................................................................20
   FUNCTION KEYS .............................................................................................................21
6. OPEN MODELS AND DRAWINGS .....................................................................................22
   OPEN MODELS AND DRAWINGS .....................................................................................22
   Open 3D models ...............................................................................................................22
   Load 2D Drawings ............................................................................................................22
   RECOMMENDED FILE FORMATS AND DATA VOLUME ................................................24
   ADVANCED / PREMIUM IMPORT SETTINGS ....................................................................25
   Import Settings ................................................................................................................26
   High Quality (Default) .....................................................................................................25
   Low Quality .....................................................................................................................25
   Custom Settings .............................................................................................................26
   CAD Graphical Data - 3D-Tool Premium ..........................................................................26
   Quick(BREP’s only) - 3D-Tool Premium ...........................................................................26
   NoHeat(BREP’s only) - 3D-Tool Premium .......................................................................26
   Import Options ................................................................................................................26
7. PUBLISH AND SAVE .........................................................................................................27
   COMPARISON OF EXE, DDD AND 3D-PDF FILES .......................................................27
   PUBLISH EXE FILE (NOT AVAILABLE WITH THE FREE VIEWER AND EXE FILES) ..........28
   PUBLISH DDD FILE (NOT AVAILABLE WITH THE FREE VIEWER AND EXE FILES) .........29
   PUBLISH 3D-PDF (NOT AVAILABLE WITH THE FREE VIEWER AND EXE FILES) ..........30
   SAVE AS… STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ, U3D (NOT AVAILABLE WITH THE FREE VIEWER AND EXE FILES) 31
   BATCH MODE ..................................................................................................................31
8. PRINT AND CREATE PICTURES .........................................................................................37
   PRINT .................................................................................................................................37
   CREATE PICTURE ..............................................................................................................37
9. COMMON FUNCTIONS .....................................................................................................39
   3D MODE AND 2D MODE .................................................................................................39
   THE FILE TAB ..................................................................................................................39

© 3D-Tool GmbH & Co. KG, 2017
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10. 3D MODE</th>
<th>Page 43</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZOOM MODELS</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROTATE AND ALIGN MODELS</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHANGE THE DISPLAY OF MODELS</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the Render Mode of Models</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjust the Display</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHANGE LIGHTING, WHITE BACKGROUND</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the Lighting Position</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch to White Background</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THE MODEL TREE</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use the Model Tree</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part Display</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrange and Delete Parts</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D - TOOLS</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Section</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure and Markup</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure Distance, Angle, Edge, Wall Thickness and Clearance</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure Radius And Diameter</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure Points</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D-Annotations (Notes)</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Background Images And Text</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjust And Delete Dimensions/Markups</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjust And Delete Background Images And Texts</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Painter</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explode</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placement (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tooling Analysis</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model-Info</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material Database Editor</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animation (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model Compare (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wall Thickness Analysis</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom View Editor (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Editor (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RP-Layout (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setup RP-System (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Move</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotate</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scale</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mirror</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Copy</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drag'n Trans</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>11. 2D MODE</th>
<th>Page 82</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZOOM AND FIT DRAWINGS</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHANGE THE BACKGROUND COLOR (2D)</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHANGE THE DISPLAY OF LINES (2D)</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIEW: THE LAYER LIST (2D)</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANNOTATE: DIMENSIONS AND MARKUPS (2D)</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Dimensions (2D)</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Markups, Text and Pictures (2D)</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2D-TOOLS</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Comparison: Free Viewer, Basic, Advanced, And Premium

Use the following comparison of 3D-Tool versions to find the version that matches your needs.

The major difference between the Basic, the Advanced, and the Premium version is the file formats that are supported. Additionally, the Premium Version of 3D-Tool contains the 3D-NativeCAD Converter.

The 3D-Tool Free Viewer supports the 3D-Tool EXE and DDD file format and the STL format. It is not possible to load more than one model at a time. Also, the Free Viewer cannot publish/save files and has limited features.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Free Viewer</th>
<th>3D-Tool Basic</th>
<th>3D-Tool Advanced</th>
<th>3D-Tool Premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>3D-NativeCAD-Converter</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convert CATIA, Pro/E, Inventor, Unigraphics, SolidWorks, SolidEdge, STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, JT, and Parasolid files to CATIA, STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, SAB, X_T, ASAT, and STL.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3D Premium Import</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V4 - *.exp, *.model, *.session (Catia 4.1.9 - Catia 4.2.4)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V5 - *.catproduct, *.catpart, *.3dxml, *.cgr (V5R8 - V5-R2016)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro/Engineer, Creo - *.prt, *.asm, *.xpr, *.xam (16 - Creo 3.0)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autodesk Inventor - *.iam, *.ipt (11 - 2017)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unigraphics - *.prt (11 - 18, NX - NX 11)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SolidEdge - *.par, *.psm, *.asm (18 - ST9)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JT - *.jt (V8.x and V9.x)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Product Manufacturing Information (PMI)</strong></td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display of Product Manufacturing Information for native 3D-models out of CATIA V5/V6, UG/Siemens NX, Pro/Engineer and Creo</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3D Advanced Import</strong></td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D Advanced Formats: STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, and PARASOLID.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3D Basic Import</strong></td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D Basic Formats: STL, VRML, SLP, XGL, OBJ, PLY, 3DS, ASC, IV</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Import STL files</strong></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Import models in STL file format.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Import 2D file formats</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2D file formats: DXF, DWG, HPGL / HPGL2</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Load 3D-Tool EXE/DDD files</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Import 3D-Tool EXE and DDD files.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>32bit and 64bit support</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Viewer and Interfaces support 32bit and 64bit.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Load multiple files simultaneously</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merge multiple 3D-models and 2D-drawings.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Publish EXE/DDD files</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publish 3D-models and 2D-drawings together with the 3D-Tool Viewer as directly executable EXE-files. DDD-files can be viewed using the 3D-Tool Free Viewer.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feature</td>
<td>3D-Tool V12 Manual</td>
<td>Page 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Publish 3D-PDF files</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publish models as 3D-PDF files to be viewed with the Acrobat Reader. (7.0.7 or higher).</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Save STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ and U3D</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save imported models as STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ or U3D files.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support of 3D mouses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use 3Dconnexion 3D mouses e.g. SpaceNavigator, SpaceExplorer, SpacePilot, SpaceTraveller</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Print</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print any 3D and 2D view or a combination of views.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Create BMP/JPG pictures</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save any 3D or 2D view or a combination of views as BMP or JPG file.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capture to clipboard</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select and copy a section of the screen to the Clipboard.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hide and show parts</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide and show parts, assemblies, and models.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change the display of parts</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the color of parts and assemblies, switch them transparent, and show them in different render modes, e.g. shaded, shaded with edges, hidden lines.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Custom Views</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save any 3D or 2D view as Custom View. Custom Views contain the state and orientation of the model as well as all display settings.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cross sections</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create cross sections of the model, its assemblies, and parts. Save the cross section line to a DXF-file.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3D annotations and dimensions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure distances, angles, radii, wall thickness, and clearances, or make annotations.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2D markups and dimensions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measure distances, angles, radii, add redline markups, and insert text and pictures.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assembly explode</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create exploded views of the model.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Animation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combine Custom Views to animations.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Animation export as AVI video</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export 3D-Tool animations as AVI video.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model compare</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphically highlight the differences between two models.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tooling analysis</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display cavities, draft angles and undercuts and calculate the projected area.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wall thickness analysis</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculate and display the wall thicknesses of a model.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model-Info</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display the volume, the surface area, the dimensions, and the weight of models and parts.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Position and copy parts</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Move, rotate, mirror, scale, and copy parts.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Property Editor</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change names, colors, and transparencies of parts and assemblies.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Custom View Editor</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the order and the names of Custom Views.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Placement</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position and align parts.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Repair</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete faces, reposition flipped faces, and connect open edges.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RP-Layout</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place parts on a Rapid Prototyping System platform.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. Hardware And Software Requirements

Consider the following hardware and software requirements when you install 3D-Tool.

Hardware Requirements

We recommend a Desktop-PC, Laptop, or Tablet with a standard processor, at least 4GB of RAM, and a screen resolution of 1024 x 768 pixels or more.

The opening and conversion speed of CAD files when using the 3D-Tool Advanced and Premium interfaces depend on the processor speed and the amount of RAM available. With increasing size CAD models require more computing power and main memory. For big and complex CAD models we recommend a fast up-to-date processor and 8GB of RAM or more.

Tip
To increase the display speed of the models, try the OpenGL hardware acceleration.

The hardware acceleration is activated in the Preferences group of the Options tab. After a warning has appeared the hardware acceleration is active and the model should move smoother. If there are no problems, it can be set permanently through Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences button > Hardware.

Software Requirements

Supported Operating Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3D-Tool Basic / Advanced</th>
<th>3D-Tool Premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows Vista (32/64bit)</td>
<td>Windows 7 (32/64bit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7 (32/64bit)</td>
<td>Windows 8.1 (32/64bit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8 / 8.1 (32/64bit)</td>
<td>Windows 10 (64bit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 10 (32/64bit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Premium Interfaces under Windows 10 x86 (32bit)*
We intensively tested the Premium interfaces under Windows 10 x86 and have not found any noticeable problems. But the interface supplier does not offer support for Windows 10 x86, so we cannot officially release 3D-Tool Premium for Windows 10 x86.

Software Requirements to use the Premium Import

The following software will be installed together with 3D-Tool as it is required for the Premium Import:

- Dassault Systemes Software VC11 Prerequisites x86 - x64
- Microsoft Visual C++2010 [x86/x64] Redistributable

64bit Support
3D-Tool is a 32bit and 64bit software. The 64bit version of the program is supported by Windows 7 x64; Windows 8 x64, and Windows 10 x64.
### 3. Activation and Licensing

Run 3D-Tool and use the 3D-Tool license dialog to activate a 3D-Tool License, request a Trial License, or start 3D-Tool as Free Viewer.

#### Run as Free Viewer

Without a valid License Key or Trial Key, 3D-Tool can only be used as Free Viewer with limited features.

⚠️ **Note**
- The Free Viewer can be downloaded separately from our website: [www.3D-Tool.de](http://www.3D-Tool.de). The Free Viewer can be used to view the small, easily sent 3D-Tool DDD files.

#### License Activation

**Request a License Key**

For each license you order, you will receive a License Certificate with an Authorization Key on it. After starting 3D-Tool, click *Get License Key* in the license dialog and enter your Authorization Key. Next, enter the e-mail address to which you want the License Key to be sent. 3D-Tool will connect to the 3D-Tool website, your license data will be checked, and within 60 minutes you will receive the License Key by e-mail. Requesting a License Key this way requires an active internet connection.

If your computer does not have an internet connection or the connection fails, you can obtain a License Key by e-mail to team@3d-tool.de or by fax. To do so, please provide the following:
- The Registration-ID from the 3D-Tool license dialog.
- The Authorization Key from the 3D-Tool License Certificate.
- The e-mail address to which you want the License Key to be sent.

The processing of a request by e-mail can take up to two business days.

**Activation with the 3D-Tool License File**

The e-mail with the Licensing Key has a license file (license.dat) attached. Saving this license file in the 3D-Tool installation directory, will make 3D-Tool available to all user accounts on the computer.

**Activation with the License Key**

After receiving the License Key, enter it in the license dialog, and click on *Activate Key*. Now 3D-Tool can be used. You must enter the License Key separately for each user account on the computer.

⚠️ **Note**
- A 3D-Tool Single User License may only be used on a single computer. A License Key will work only on the computer for which it was requested. If the computer is replaced or newly setup, you have to request a new License Key. The previous 3D-Tool installation may not be used any more and has to be deleted or uninstalled.

#### Reactivation After Changing Computers

If you replace the computer or newly install the operating system, you have to request a new License Key. See *License Activation* above for further instructions.

#### Activating an Upgrade

If you have ordered an upgrade and received the new License Certificate run 3D-Tool, select the *Options* tab and click *Licensing* in the *Licensing* group. The 3D-Tool license dialog is displayed. See *License Activation* above for further instructions.
Activating an Update

After you have ordered an update and received the new License Certificate, download and install the newest version of 3D-Tool from our website www.3D-Tool.de. See License Activation above for further instructions.

14 Day Trial License

Obtaining a Trial Key

To try all features of 3D-Tool, a 14 Day Trial License can be requested once. Run 3D-Tool and click Get Trial Key in the licensing dialog. Next enter your e-mail address and contact information, and click Get key. 3D-Tool will connect to the 3D-Tool website, your request will be checked, and within 60 minutes you will receive the Trial Key by e-mail.

If your computer does not have a connection to the internet or the connection fails, you can obtain a Trial Key by e-mail or fax. To do so, please, provide the following information:
- The Registration-ID from the license dialog.
- The e-mail address to which you want the Trial Key to be sent.
- Your contact information (company, address, and contact person).

Note

The Trial Key will only work on the computer for which it was requested. Only one Trial Key can be requested online. If you need further Trial Keys, please send us an e-mail.

Activating the Trial Key

After receiving the Trial key, enter it in the license dialog and click on Activate Key to activate 3D-Tool for the 14 day trial period. To start, select a license for the current session: Basic, Advanced, or Premium. Only the respective features and interfaces will by available during the session. That way you can try the 3D-Tool version you intend to buy.

Note

The 3D-NativeCAD Converter is a discrete application and will work regardless of the license selected for a 3D-Tool session.
4. File Formats and Limitations

This section informs you about the file formats supported by 3D-Tool and about the limitations when viewing and converting the files.

Supported File Formats

Find out which file formats can be opened and saved in the different 3D-Tool versions.

### Load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3D-Formats</th>
<th>Free Viewer</th>
<th>3D-Tool Basic</th>
<th>3D-Tool Advanced</th>
<th>3D-Tool Premium</th>
<th>NativeCAD Converter*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V6, R2013 - R2016, PMI display (*.CATPart, *.CATProduct, *.cgr, *.3dxml) CGR and 3DXML not supported by Converter</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V5, V5R8 - V5-6R2016, PMI display (*.CATPart, *.CATProduct, *.cgr, *.3dxml) CGR and 3DXML not supported by Converter</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V4, 4.1.9 - 4.2.4 (*model, *.exp, *.session)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autodesk Inventor, V6 - 2017 (*.ipt off V6, *.iam off 11)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SolidWorks, 98 - 2017, (*.sldprt, *.sldasm) SW2015 and newer require 3D-Tool 64bit</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SolidEdge files, 18 - ST9 (*.par, *.psm, *.asm)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UG/Siemens NX, 11 - NX11, PMI display (*.prt)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JT, V8.x and V9.x (*jt)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parasolid files (<em>.x_t</em>.x_b)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEP files (*.stp)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IGS files (*.igs)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDA files (*.vda)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAT files (*.sat, ASIC-Text)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAB files (*.sab, ASIC-Binary)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STL files (*.stl)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VRML1, VRML2 files (*.wrl)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Render files (*.slp)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLY files (*.ply)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XGL files (*.xgl *.zgl)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OBJ files (*.obj)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3DS files (*.3ds *.prj *.pli)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASC files (*.asc)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventor files (*.iv)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D-Tool files (*.ddd)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D-Tool EXE files (*.exe)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2D-Formats

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2D-Formats</th>
<th>Free Viewer</th>
<th>3D-Tool Basic</th>
<th>3D-Tool Advanced</th>
<th>3D-Tool Premium</th>
<th>NativeCAD Converter*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DXF files (*.dxf)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DWG files, up to AutoCAD 2015 (*.dwg)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HPGL files (*.plt *.plo *.hpg *.hp2)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note

HPGL/HPGL2 files can be created on any computer by printing with a HPGL compatible print driver.

Save

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Formats</th>
<th>Free Viewer</th>
<th>3D-Tool Basic</th>
<th>3D-Tool Advanced</th>
<th>3D-Tool Premium</th>
<th>NativeCAD Converter*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3D-Tool EXE-files (.*exe) View + 3D-models + 2D-drawing + Annotations + Dimensions + Custom Views + Animations</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D-Tool files (.*dd) 3D-models + 2D-drawing + Annotations + Dimensions + Custom Views + Animations</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>❌</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D-PDF files (.*pdf) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>❌</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V5 files, V5R15 - V5R25 (*catpart, *.catproduct) 3D-Catia V5 models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>❌</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATIA V4 files (.*model, *.exp) 3D-Catia V4 models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEP files (.*stp) 3D-STEP models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IGS files (.*igs) 3D-IGES models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDA files (.*vda) 3D-VDA models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAT, SAB files, V7, V8, V10 - V27 (*.<em>sat) V18 - V27 (</em>.*sab) 3D-SAT models (ASIC-Text, ASIC-Binary)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parasolid file, V12 – V29 (*X_T) 3D-Parasolid models (Parasolid-Text)</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STL files (.*stl) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VRML 2.0 files (.*wrl) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>❌</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLY files (.*ply) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OBJ files (.*obj) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3DS files (.*3ds) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U3D files (.*u3d) triangulated 3D-models</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The 3D-NativeCAD Converter is part of 3D-Tool Premium.
Limitations

Consider the following limitations when opening files with the 3D-Tool Viewer or converting files with the 3D-NativeCAD Converter.

Common File Limitation

Due to the complexity of CAD files and despite intense testing some files may fail to open/convert completely or partially.

Limitations of 3D-Tool Viewer Functions

Common

- **Free Points**
  Free points in 3D-models are not supported by the Viewer.

Tools and Functions

- **Accuracy of measurement and analysis**
  3D-CAD files will be triangulated during their import into 3D-Tool, which means they are broken down into triangles. Depending on the quality of the triangulation some imprecision may appear when measuring and analyzing the 3D models.

- **Tooling Analysis**
  The projected area of a model is calculated using a graphical projection which could cause some imprecision.

- **Wall Thickness Analysis**
  The calculation of wall thicknesses is computationally intensive and can take hours for big models and high quality analysis settings. Open edges and flipped surfaces may distort the results of the analysis.

- **Model Compare**
  The 3D-Tool Model Compare is a graphical/visual comparison by dyeing the models in different colors and then superimposing them. Differences located inside the models can only be seen by using cross section or by hiding parts.

- **Information Tool**
  Information on volume and weight is only accurate for closed parts of models. Open edges and flipped surfaces distort the volume calculation and may lead to wrong results. IGES files are especially susceptible to this.

- **Repair Tool**
  The automatic repair cannot always completely close models with open edges or flipped surfaces. To get a “watertight” model more or less extensive manual repairs are needed.

- **Limited Touch-Screen/ Tablet-PC support**
  Some 3D-Tool functions use mouse-over/hover effects. Not all mouse-over effects are available on a touch-screen. The usability of these functions may be limited by the inaccuracy of the touch points.

Publish and Save

- **No downward compatibility of 3D-Tool files**
  3D-Tool EXE and DDD files published by a particular major version of 3D-Tool can only be opened by 3D-Tool or the 3D-Tool FreeViewer in this or a newer major version.

- **Publish 3D-PDF**
  When publishing 3D-PDF files the geometry and structure of the 3D models will be published but not the notices, dimensions, Custom Views or animations created with 3D-Tool.

- **Save STL files**
  To ease the editing of STL files, the "Save" function will automatically and without warning update open STL files with the state present in 3D-tool. To avoid the automatic update of existing STL files, the "Save as …" function must be used.
Limitations of the 3D-Premium Import

The following limitations apply to CATIA, Pro/E Creo, Inventor, SolidWorks, SolidEdge, UG/NX, STEP, IGES, VDA, SAT, JT and Parasolid files during the Premium-Import into the 3D-Tool Viewer and during conversion using the 3D-NativeCAD Converter.

Common
- **Assembly attributes**
  Attributes assigned on the assembly level are not read by the viewer or the converter, for example colors assigned on the assembly level are lost and elements hidden on the assembly level will be loaded.
- **Assembly features**
  Features (e.g. cuts, bodies, holes) added on the assembly level are not supported and will be ignored by the viewer or the converter. The support of patterns added on the assembly level is limited in the viewer or the converter.
- **Properties and attributes**
  The viewer and the converter have limited support of common properties such as Color and Name. Further properties (e.g. material properties, user defined properties) are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- **Product Manufacturing Information**
  The viewer widely supports the display of most PMI data for models out of CATIA V5/V6, Pro/Engineer, Creo and Siemens/UG NX. Limitations of PMI display can be found in the file format specific limitations. The converter does not support the conversion of PMI data, not even to output formats that support PMI.
- **2D-data / 2d-sketches**
  2D-data and 2D-sketches are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- **Layers**
  Layers are not displayed in the viewer. In the converter the translation of layer information is limited.
- **Free parts, faces, and curves**
  The converter supports free parts, faces, and curves only on the top assembly level and not within sub-assemblies.
- **Axes, planes, and local coordinate systems**
  The support of axes, planes, and local coordinate systems is limited in the converter.
- **User-defined views**
  User-defined views and component views are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- **Graphical data (visualization data)**
  The converter does not support graphical visualization data that is contained in 3D-CAD files in addition to the CAD/BREP-data. The viewer supports the display of this graphical data when the import settings are set to "CAD - graphical data". The viewer will always read the highest level of display (LOD) from the part level. Graphical data from the assembly level is not supported by the viewer. The support of curves in graphical data is limited. In the Viewer the colors of graphical data may differ from the original.
- **Embedded triangulated data**
  Triangulated data embedded in 3D CAD files is not supported by the converter. The viewer will only read embedded triangulated data when using the import setting "CAD - graphical data".
- **Suppressed elements**
  Suppressed element will not be read by the viewer and the converter, not even by activating the "Load hidden elements" or "Convert hidden elements" option.
- **Hidden elements**
  Hidden elements will be read by the viewer and the converter when the "Load hidden elements" or "Convert hidden elements" option is activated. If these hidden elements are converted to file formats that do not support hidden elements (e.g. STEP) the hidden elements will be visible.

**Catia V5 / V6**
- The converter does not support 3DXML files. The viewer will read 3DXML files featuring static tessellation. XML tessellation is not supported by the viewer.
- CGR files can be displayed in the viewer but are not supported by the converter.
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.CATProduct) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- File names may only contain characters of the ISO-646 character set. Additionally the characters < > * : " \ / cannot be used.
During the conversion to CATIA V5, all invalid characters in the file and part names will be replaced by an underscore.
During the conversion to CATIA V5 the attributes line-type and line-thickness will be translated only for free wires and curves but not for edges.
The viewer does not support the display of PMI data without geometry references, for hole features in user defined patterns or for hole features on the assembly level.
CATPart files created using the geometry scale "Small Scale" or "Big Scale" are not supported by the viewer.
Due to hardware requirements, it may not be possible to view or to convert CATIA V5 files when using an older computer (approx. before 2003). If you plan to use the CATIA V5 import on such a system, request a free Trial Key to test the import.

**IGES**
- Binary and compressed IGES files are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- IGES files often do not contain information on face normals (inside/outside). This may lead to flipped surfaces when IGES files are imported into 3D-Tool. That means the inside of surfaces is turned outside which can have a negative effect especially on volume calculation but also on all other analysis of the model.

**Inventor**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.iam) have to be in the same folder otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- Attributes, such as color and layer, are not read by the viewer or the converter.
- Some special Inventor features, such as "Lofting" and "Weld Symbols", are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- Free form surfaces (T-splines) are not supported by the converter.

**JT**
- The viewer and the converter only support version 8.x and version 9.x.
- "Big Endian" files are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- The Name and Layer attributes are not supported by the viewer or the converter. The support of the Color attribute is limited.
- Free points are not supported by the converter.
- Free curves within graphical data are not supported by the viewer.

**Pro/Engineer, Creo**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.asm) have to be in the same folder otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- The Viewer and the Converter do not support Simplified Representations at part level.
- Instances in family tables are read by the viewer or the converter only if the corresponding XPR and XAS files are present, even though these are only optional in Pro/E. Without the XPR and XAS files always the generic parts are read.
- The converter translates local coordinate systems only to file formats that support assemblies (CATIA V5, STEP, IGES, ASAT).
- The curves "using equation" and "local push" are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- Cosmetic features are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- The viewer supports product manufacturing information (PMI) starting with Pro/Engineer WF3. There is no support of PMI without geometry reference, PMI text attributes (e.g. font and color), and unicode text. There is only limited support of PMI based on 3D-dimensions as well as hole features and patterns.
- Hidden "merge features" may not be read correctly by the viewer or the converter.
- The viewer and the converter do not support flexible assemblies. Thus, positioning and/or sizing of these components might be incorrect.

**SolidEdge**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.asm) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- Coordinate systems (WCS) are not supported by the converter.
- Simplified views will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- SolidEdge sub-assemblies can have multiple family tables. In the root assembly one can select one of the tables for each instance of the sub-assembly. The viewer and the converter do not support this, so that the instances may have unwanted or wrongly transformed parts.

**SolidWorks**

- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.sldasm) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- Colors are supported by the viewer or the converter starting with SolidWorks 2004.
- Colors assigned to instances of parts and assemblies are not read by the viewer or the converter.
- The units of a model are read by the viewer or the converter starting with SolidWorks 2001. With earlier versions the units are always assumed to be meters. This also applies to unsupported units such as feet and inches.
- Hidden bodies and features within parts are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- The attributes "Show", "No-show" and "Hidden" will be read by the viewer or the converter starting with SolidWorks 2004.
- Hidden elements are supported by the Viewer and the Converter starting with SolidWorks 2009.
- Configurations are supported starting with SolidWorks 98. In order to display and convert a part within an assembly in its correct configuration, the according configuration must be saved in the part file. This is not necessarily the case, especially not, if older parts have been opened and saved with a newer version of SolidWorks. If configurations are missing, open the part in Solidworks, activate each configuration, and save the part. Faulty or missing part configurations within SolidWorks assemblies may cause the viewer and the converter to read the assembly only partially or not at all. The graphical data within SolidWorks files does not provide configurations, thus when selecting a configuration for import into the viewer the viewer will always read the CAD/BREP-data even if the import settings are set to "CAD - graphical data".
- Coordinate systems, work planes, free curves, and free points are not supported by the converter.
- Kurven in den grafischen CAD-Daten werden vom Viewer nicht unterstützt.
- Only CAD-models out of SolidWorks major versions will be supported by the viewer and the converter. Alpha and beta versions cannot be read.
- SolidWorks 2015 and newer is only supported by the 64bit versions of the viewer and the converter.
- Unicode text is only supported from the "Basic Multilingual Plane" (Plane 0, BMP). File names from the "Supplementary Ideographic Plane" (SIP) are not supported by the viewer or the converter.

**UG / Siemens NX**

- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.prt) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the viewer or the converter.
- 2D-drawing included in a 3D-model will not be identified as a 2D-drawing by the viewer and will be partly loaded as 3D curve elements together with the 3D-model.
- For body cuts the viewer and the converter do not distinguish between the cutting tool body and the body to be cut. Both will be loaded and converted as bodies.
- Product manufacturing information (PMI) from Siemens NX10 models is not yet supported by the viewer or the converter. PMI without geometry reference is not supported as well as PMI text attributes (e.g. font and color).
- The viewer does not support Product manufacturing information (PMI) prior to NX6. PMI without geometry reference is not supported. PMI text attributes (e.g. font and color) are not supported. PMI associated with datum plane, datum axis and Annular Region is not supported.

**VDA**

- Errors can occur when reading VDA files with the viewer or the converter, especially if the accuracy of the VDA data is insufficient. If such errors occur, as much data as possible is read.
Limitations of the 3D-Advanced Import

The following limitations apply when opening models using the Advance interfaces.

- **Open Edges**
  The Advanced-Import does not provide Healing for the generation of "watertight" models. Due to the triangulation of the models during import generally there will be some open edges, in rare cases there can be missing surfaces.

- **IGES**
  IGES files often do not contain information on face normals (inside/outside). This may lead to flipped surfaces when IGES files are imported into 3D-Tool. That means the inside of surfaces is turned outside which can have a negative effect especially on volume calculation but also on all other analysis of the model.

Limitations of the 3D-Basic Import

The following limitations apply when opening models using the Basic interfaces.

- **VRML**
  The viewer will only load triangulated data (IndexedFaceSets) from VRML files.

Limitations of the 2D-Import

The following limitations apply to DXF, DWG, and HPGL files when loaded into the 3D-Tool Viewer.

- **Embedded pictures**
  The display of embedded pictures in the viewer is limited.

- **Filled polylines**
  Filled polylines (Trace entities) are not supported by the viewer.

- **AEC Objects**
  AEC (Architecture, Engineering, and Construction) objects are not supported by the viewer.
5. Mouse, Keyboard Controls And Touch Gestures

This chapter explains how to use 3D-Tool using the mouse, the keyboard and touchscreens.

3D Mouse

Use the 3Dconnexion 3D-mouses to move, rotate, and zoom the model in the view.

Supported 3Dconnexion mouses

3D-Tool supports these 3D-mouses made by 3Dconnexion:
- SpaceNavigator
- SpaceExplorer
- SpacePilot
- SpaceTraveller
- SpaceMouse Wireless
- SpaceMouse Pro USB/Wireless
- SpaceMouse Plus USB
- SpaceBall 5000 USB

The mouse buttons are set to Fit to screen.

You can adjust the speed and the assignment of the axes in the 3Dconnexion control panel.

Note

In case a supported mouse is not recognized, try updating the 3Dconnexion driver.

Limitations

The following 3D-mouses are not supported by newer 3Dconnexion drivers and thus are not supported by 3D-Tool:
- SpaceMouse Plus Serial
- SpaceMouse Classic USB
- SpaceMouse Classic Serial
- SpaceBall 5000 Serial
- SpaceBall 4000
- CadMan

Mouse Actions

How to use the mouse and the mouse buttons during 3D- and 2D-mode.

3D-Mode

Rotate the model
Press the left mouse button, and move the mouse.

Move the model
Press the right mouse button, and move the mouse.

Zoom in and out of the model
- Scroll the mouse wheel.
- Press the scroll wheel / the middle mouse button, and move the mouse.

Find a part of the model in the Model Tree
- Double-click a part of the model.
- Press [Shift] and click a part of the model.
Access frequently needed functions
- Right-click a part of the model.
- Right-click parts, assemblies, and models in the Model Tree.

Show hidden parts
Right-click into the background of the model.

Fit assemblies and parts to the display
Double-click assemblies and parts in the Model Tree.

Select multiple parts on the model
Double-click the first part, press [Shift] and [Ctrl], and click more parts.

💡 Tip
To highlight the selected parts and assemblies in red, activate Highlight Selection in 3D-Mode in the Model Tree group.

Activate a model
Double-click the model in the Model Tree

Measure/Markup tool
- Move a dimension/annotation by pressing the left mouse button.
- Right-click a dimension/annotation to change its properties.

Explode tool > Manual Explode Functions
Double-click an exploded part to reset it.

Tooling Analysis tool
To pick a custom reference plane, press [Shift], and click on the model.

Painter and Repair tool
To choose triangles, planes and surfaces, press [Shift], and click on the model.

2D Mode

Move the drawing
Press the right mouse button, and move the mouse.

Zoom in and out on the drawing
Scroll the mouse wheel.

Annotate mode
- Move a dimension/markup by pressing the left mouse button.
- Double-click a dimension/markup to change its properties.
- Right-click a dimension/markup to call-up frequent functions.
- To scale a markup, press [Ctrl], and scale the markup by pressing the left mouse button.

2D-Tool mode
- To select an element of the drawing or a 3D-Tool dimension/markup, hold down [Shift], and click on the element.
- To select multiple elements, hold down the [Shift] and marquee select the elements while pressing the left-mouse button.
Touch Gestures

3D-Tool supports touchscreens. Additionally, special controls were added for some features to increase the usability with touchscreens.

3D-Mode

Rotate the model
Move your finger in the screen in the direction that the model should be rotated.

Move the model
Touch two points of the screen, and then move your fingers in the direction that the model should be moved.

Zoom in and out of the model
Touch two points of the screen, and then move your fingers towards each other, to zoom in. To zoom out, touch two points of the view, and then move your fingers away from each other.

Find a part of the model in the Model Tree
Double-tap a part of the model.

Access frequently needed functions
• Press your finger on a part of the model for approximately one second, and then release it.
• Press your finger on parts, assemblies, and models in the Model Tree for approximately one second, and then release it.

Show hidden parts
Press your finger into the background of the model for approximately one second, and then release it.

Fit assemblies and parts to the screen
Double-tap assemblies and parts in the Model Tree.

Activate a model
Double-tap the model in the Model Tree

Measure/Markup tool
• Select references for dimension/annotation by briefly tapping on the model, and confirm the selection each time with . Possible references will be shown in light blue
• Move a dimension/annotation by briefly tapping it, and then dragging it in the screen.
• Press your finger on a dimension/annotation for approximately one second, and then release it to change its properties.

Explode tool > Manual Explode Functions
To reset exploded parts, double-tap on the exploded part.
2D Mode

Move the drawing
Touch and drag your finger in the view.

Zoom in and out on the drawing
To zoom in, touch two points of the screen, and then move your fingers towards each other. To zoom in. To zoom out, touch two points of the view, and then move your fingers away from each other.

Annotate mode
- Double-tap a dimension/markup to change its properties.
- Press your finger on a dimension/markup for approximately one second, and then release it to call-up frequent functions.

Limitations
Some 3D-Tool functions use mouse-over/hover effects. Not all mouse-over effects are available on touchscreen. The usability of these functions may be more or less limited by the inaccuracy of the touch points.

Context Menu
Use the context menu to quickly access frequently needed functions. In a lot of cases, this eases working with the different objects.

Open the context menu by right-clicking:
- On models, assemblies, or parts in the Model Tree.
- On the parts of a model in the display.
- In 3D-mode in the background if parts are hidden or you are in full screen mode.
- In the 3D-tool Measure and Markup on the textboxes of annotations and dimensions.
- In 2D-Mode under Annotate on redline markups and 2D dimensions.

Some features can only be accessed through the context menu.

⚠️ Note
Using touch gestures, the context menu opens by pressing the finger about one second on the object and then release it.

💡 Example
When displaying cross sections, parts of the model can be excluded from the cross section by selecting 🗺 Cross section on/off from the context menu.

💡 Tip
The context menu makes full screen presentations easier because the most important menu items, as well as default and customs views, can be accessed.
Function Keys

Use the function keys to quickly access certain functions.

[ESC]
Stop an animation or a Custom View Show.
Exit the full screen mode.
Abort the file import (if possible)
Abort the calculation in the Wall Thickness Analysis tool.
Abort the creation of annotations and dimensions.

[DEL]
Delete the assemblies and parts selected in the Model Tree.
Delete the selected 3D/2D dimension or annotation.

[F1]
Open the Help.

[F2]
Zoom in.

[F3]
Zoom out.

[F4]
Fit to screen.

[F5]
Previous view.

[F9]
Load view.

[F10]
Save view.

[Ctrl] + F
Search in the Model Tree.
6. Open models and drawings
This chapter shows how to open 3D models and 2D drawings with the 3D-Tool Viewer.

Open models and drawings
You can load multiple models and drawings in one session or load each file individually in a separate 3D-Tool window.

Open 3D models

Open within 3D-Tool
Start 3D-Tool, and use the Open function in the File tab or click Open in the Quick Access Toolbar. Then select the file(s) with the File open dialog, and click Open.

Open with the Windows Explorer
- Via Double-click: 3D files that are supported by your 3D-Tool version can be opened by double-clicking them in the Windows Explorer. 3D-Tool starts automatically and opens the file.
- Via Drag'n Drop: Start 3D-Tool, and drag the files from the Windows Explorer into the 3D-Tool window.

Import Settings
3D-CAD files are triangulated during their import into 3D-Tool. For graphical display the 3D-models are divided into a mesh of numerous little triangles. To do so, the Import Settings dialog is displayed when opening the following files:
- STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, PARASOLID and JT files
- Native files of CATIA V4/V5, Pro/Engineer, Creo, Autodesk Inventor, Solidworks, SolidEdge and UG/Siemens NX.

For details on the Import Settings see chapter Advanced/Premium Import Settings.

Combining multiple models
You can combine multiple models in one scene. Simply open the desired models via Open or via Drag'n Drop.

Tip
The 3D files will be put into the scene according to their coordinate systems. If a model is not positioned correctly, it can be repositioned with the Placement, Move, or Rotate tool.

Note
Loading multiple files is not supported by the 3D-Tool Free Viewer.

Load 2D Drawings

Load within 3D-Tool
Start 3D-Tool, and use Open function in the File tab or click Open in the Quick Access Toolbar. Then select the file(s) with the File open dialog, and click Open.

Load with the Windows Explorer
- Via Double-click: 3D files that are supported by your 3D-Tool version can be opened by double-clicking them in the Windows Explorer. 3D-Tool starts automatically and opens the file.
- Via Drag'n Drop: Start 3D-Tool, and drag the files from the Windows Explorer into the 3D-Tool window.
Combining multiple drawings

You can combine multiple models in the display. Simply open the desired drawings via 📐 Open or via Drag'n Drop. After the first drawing is loaded, the Load Position of 2D File dialog will be displayed offering the following options:

- **Replace current data**
  The new drawing replaces all currently loaded drawings.

- **Add at original position**
  The new drawing will be added at its original position. This may cause the new drawing to be placed over drawings that are already displayed.

- **Add right of drawing**
  The new drawing will be added to the right of the existing drawing.

- **Add top of drawing**
  The new drawing will be added on top of the existing drawing.

- **Abort**
  The new drawing will not be loaded.

Load DWG-files with multiple Layouts

DWG-files can contain multiple so called layouts. When opening them, a dialog appears for selecting the layout to be loaded. The default layout is the one that was active during the generation of the DWG.

- **Load all pages**: Loads the DWG model and all layouts side by side in the view.
- **Model**: Loads the DWG model without the layout (e.g. the drawing frame).
- **Layout 1, Layout 2, etc**: Loads the corresponding layout.

Load HPGL-files with multiple pages

HPGL-files can contain multiple pages. When opening them, a dialog appears for selecting the page to be loaded. The default page is the one that was active during the generation of the HPGL file.

- **Load all pages**: Loads all pages side by side in the view.
- **Page 1, Page 2 ...**: Loads the corresponding page.
**Recommended File Formats and Data Volume**

Some formats work better than others with certain CAD programs. Here you can find some recommendations and Notes concerning the amount of data.

**Recommended File Formats**

**CATIA V5/V6**
- CATPart, CATProduct, STEP, IGES, VRML, STL

**CATIA V4**
- MODEL, EXP, STEP, IGES, VRML, STL

**Pro/Engineer, Creo**
- PRT, ASM, STEP, IGES, VRML, SLP, STL

**Autodesk Inventor**
- IPT, IAM, STEP, IGES, VRML, SLP, STL

**SolidWorks**
- SLDPRT, SLDASM, STEP, IGES, XGL, VRML, STL

**SolidEdge**
- PAR, PSM, ASM, STEP, IGES, XGL, VRML, STL

**UG/ Siemens NX**
- PRT, JT, STEP, IGES, VRML, STL

**SolidEdge**
- STEP, IGES, XGL, VRML, STL

**IDEAS**
- STEP, IGES, STL, VRML

**All other CAD programs**
- STEP, IGES, STL, VRML

💡 **Tip**

Use the filter settings in the *File Open* dialog to select the file formats.

**Data Volume (Number of Triangles)**

3D-Tool uses triangulated data to display 3D models i.e. they are pictured through numerous triangles. Generally, there is no limit to the number of triangles.

Even though the quality of the display increases analogous with the number of triangles, the number of triangles should not be set to the largest number possible. Too many triangles will slow down 3D-Tool, and eventually the model cannot be handled properly. Most computers should be able to display up to one million triangles.

The number of triangles that are produced may be adjusted when importing native CATIA, Pro/Engineer, Creo, Inventor, SolidWorks, SolidEdge and UG/Siemens NX files and STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, PARASOLID and JT files (see *Advanced/Premium Import Settings*).

For all other formats the number of triangles is affected by the output precision during the export of a model. To adjust the output precision of triangulated files, see the Help menu or manual of your CAD software.
Example
A lot of CAD programs let you control the number of triangles when STL files are exported by setting the chord height parameter.

Advanced / Premium Import Settings
During the Advanced and Premium import the Import Settings can be used to optimize the quality and speed of the display.

Import Settings
3D-CAD files are triangulated during their import into 3D-Tool. For graphical display the 3D-models are divided into a mesh of numerous triangles. To do so, the Import Settings dialog is displayed when opening the following files:
- STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, PARASOLID and JT files
- Native files of CATIA V4/V5, Pro/Engineer, Creo, Autodesk Inventor, Solidworks, SolidEdge and UG/Siemens NX.

The parameters Chord Heigth and Angle Control affect the accuracy/fineness of the mesh and thus:
- The number of triangles
- The quality of the display.
- The display speed of the models.
- The size of the file when published.
- The loading time.

Notes
- The default values of the import setting can be adjusted through:
  Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D-Import Advanced/Premium
- Depending on the import settings used some imprecision may appear in measuring and when analyzing the 3D models.

High Quality (Default)
The High Quality setting uses a chord height of 0.050 mm (0.002 inch) and an angle control of 20 degrees.

Usually, these values will assure decent results. They are a compromise between quality and speed. However, large and complex models can make it necessary to increase the values, e.g. if the display speed of the model is too slow. Also, if complex models are shared, the capacity of the recipient's computer should be kept in mind. Most computers should be able to display up to one million triangles.

Low Quality
The Low Quality setting uses a chord height of 1.000 mm (0.0394 inch) and an angle control of 30 degrees.

Compared to the High Quality setting these values can reduce the data amount up to 90%. For very big and complex models this will speed up the display considerably yet will still provide enough accuracy for basic measurement. But some inaccuracy is possible when measuring and analyzing small details.
Custom Settings

The Custom Settings allow to enter any values for chord height and angle control.

Chord height (Default: 0.05 mm / 0.002 inch)
For the mesh of triangles used to display the models the chord height specifies the maximum distance the mesh may differ from the original surface of the model. The smaller the value of the chord height is, the more precise the display of the models will be, but the number of created triangles will be larger.

Angle control (Default: 20.0)
For the mesh of triangles used to display the models the angle control specifies the maximum angle between two triangles. Smaller values will produce a more precise display but also more triangles. Valid values are between 0 and 90 degrees.

CAD Graphical Data - 3D-Tool Premium

The 3D-data created with professional CAD software may already contain a mesh of triangles to be used for graphical visualization of the models. The CAD Graphical Data setting will use this mesh to display the models in the 3D-Tool Viewer. If the model does not contain graphical data 3D-Tool will automatically use the High Quality setting.

Quick(BREPss only) - 3D-Tool Premium

Offers a faster and resource saving import for models containing hidden elements by skipping all hidden elements. The display of PMI data is not supported with this import setting.

NoHeal(BREPss only) - 3D-Tool Premium

Offers a faster and resource saving import by skipping all hidden elements and also bypassing the so called Healing of geometry flaws. The display of PMI data is not supported with this import setting.

Import Options

Load PMI data (Default: active)
Load available product manufacturing information (PMI) when opening native CATIA, UG/Siemens NX, Pro/Engineer and Creo - files.

The new STEP AP242 file format may also contain PMI data also. But to load the PMI data the CAD Graphical Data setting must be used.

Read hidden entities (Default: inactive)
Import hidden elements with the imported files.

Load face boundaries as curves (Default: inactive)
Additionally to the faces of the model, load the boundaries of the faces will be loaded as curves. In the display the curves will be shown as outlines of the faces illustrating the constructional design of the model.

Read Configurations
Pro/Engineer and Creo assemblies can contain Simplified Representations and SolidWorks models so called Configurations. To set a representation/configuration for conversion, click the Read Configurations button.

Note
For native Pro/Engineer and Creo files, the default configuration will provide PMI data only.
7. Publish and Save

This section informs you about the different strategies to publish and share your CAD models.

## Comparison of EXE, DDD and 3D-PDF Files

Consider the following characteristics, pros, and cons when publishing 3D-Tool EXE/DDD files and 3D-PDF files.

### 3D-Tool EXE Files

**Characteristics**

- The 3D-Tool viewer.
- The 3D models and/or a 2D drawing.
- The 3D models including PMI, 3D-annotations/dimensions and materials.
- The 2D drawings including 2D redline markups and 2D-dimensions.
- Custom Views and animations.

**Pros**

- Direct start without installation.
- Offer a lot of tools, such as *Cross Section, Measure/Markup, Explode*.

**Cons**

- Difficulties may arise when sharing files by e-mail because the firewall may block exe files.

**Tip**

Creating a zip file or changing the file ending manually e.g. to *.ex_ or *.dat may prevent this problem depending on the firewall, but the recipient has to manually change back the file ending to exe.

### 3D-Tool DDD Files

**Characteristics**

- The 3D models including PMI, 3D-annotations/dimensions and materials.
- The 2D drawings including 2D redline markups and 2D-dimensions.
- Custom Views and animations.

**Pros**

- No difficulties if sent by e-mail.
- Smaller than 3D-Tool EXE files.
- The Free Viewer needed to view the files can be downloaded for free from www.3D-Tool.de.
- The Free Viewer offers a lot of tools, such as *Cross Section, Measure/Markup, Explode*.

**Cons**

- The recipient has to download and install the 3D-Tool Free Viewer. However, the Free Viewer can be installed without administrative rights.

### 3D-PDF Files

**Characteristics**

- 3D models (assemblies and geometry).
- An optional interface with additional features: cross section, color change, explode elements.
Pros
- Easily sent by e-mail.
- Models can be viewed with the Adobe Acrobat Reader (Versions 7.07 or higher).

Cons
In contrast to the 3D-Tool Free Viewer, only a limited number of features are available with 3D-PDF files:
- No annotations and dimensions.
- No Custom Views and animations.

Publish EXE File (not available with the Free Viewer and EXE files)
Publish all loaded 3D models and 2D drawings together with the 3D-Tool Viewer as a directly executable EXE file. 3D-Tool EXE files run on any windows computer without further installations.

To publish an EXE file open the FILE tab, go to Publish as … and select Publish as Viewer (*.exe); or click on in the Quick Access Toolbar.

Characteristics of EXE Files
3D-Tool EXE Files contain:
- The 3D-Tool Viewer.
- The 3D models including PMI, 3D-annotations/dimensions and materials.
- The 2D drawings including 2D redline markups and 2D-dimensions.
- Custom Views and animations.

The EXE files can be passed on by e-mail or data carrier. The recipient can open the EXE files on any windows computer without further installations.

Note
3D-Tool EXE and DDD files published by a certain major version of 3D-Tool can only be opened by 3D-Tool or the 3D-Tool FreeViewer in this or a newer major version.

Settings When Publishing an EXE File

Include 3D data
Publish all currently loaded 3D-models.

Include 2D data
Publish all currently loaded 2D-drawings.

ZIP the file
Create the EXE file and pack it into a ZIP archive (*.zip).

Password
Enter a password to protect a ZIP archive against unauthorized use.

Include short message
Enter a message of up to 2000 characters that will appear at the start-up of the EXE file. Use Load to load a text file (*.txt) as a message.

Note
Unzipping password protected 3D-Tool ZIP archives requires archive software supporting the AES 256 encryption standard. The default Windows ZIP feature does not support this encryption, so that third party software is required.

Tip
Creating a ZIP archive will make sending the file easier since the file will not be blocked by firewalls or anti-virus software.
Options When Publishing an EXE File

Options

Click the [>] button to make further adjustments.

- **Viewer Help**: Publish a help file with the viewer. The viewer is published without a help file by default, and starting the help of the viewer will open the 3D-Tool online help.
- **3D-Tool icon**: Use the 3D-Tool icon for the EXE file.
- **Create icon**: Creates the icon for the EXE file from the current view. The option Transparent will make the background of the icon transparent.
- **Start with**: Start the EXE file with a Custom View Show, a certain Custom View, or an animation.
- **View only**: Hide all measuring tools in the Viewer, and prevent the EXE file from being re-imported into 3D-Tool. The EXE file can still be loaded with the Free Viewer, but the measurement tools will remain hidden.
- **3D - Shade mode**: Designate the shade mode of the models on startup.
- **3D - Back faces**: Designate the display mode of the back faces on startup.

Publish DDD File (not available with the Free Viewer and EXE files)

Publish all loaded 3D models and 2D drawings as a 3D-Tool DDD file. DDD files can be opened and viewed with the 3D-Tool Free Viewer on any computer with a Windows operating system.

To publish an DDD file open the FILE tab, go to **Publish as …** and select **Publish as 3D-Tool File (*.ddd)**; or click on in the Quick Access Toolbar and set the file type to *.ddd.

Characteristics of DDD files

3D-Tool DDD files contain:

- The 3D models including PMI, 3D-annotations/dimensions and materials.
- The 2D drawings including 2D redline markups and 2D-dimensions.
- Custom Views and animations.

The DDD files can be passed on by e-mail or data carrier. The recipient can view the DDD files with the 3D-Tool Free Viewer.

The Free Viewer can be downloaded free of charge from www.3D-Tool.de.

Note

3D-Tool EXE and DDD files published by a certain major version of 3D-Tool can only be opened by 3D-Tool or the 3D-Tool FreeViewer in this or a newer major version.

Settings When Publishing a DDD File

Include 3D data

Publish all currently loaded 3D-models.

Include 2D data

Publish all currently loaded 2D-drawings.

ZIP the file

Create the DDD file and pack it into a ZIP archive (*.zip).

Password

Enter a password to protect a ZIP archive against unauthorized use.

Include short message

Enter a message of up to 2000 characters that will appear at the start-up of the DDD file. Use **Load** to load a text file (*.txt) as a message.
Note
Unzipping password protected 3D-Tool ZIP archives requires archive software supporting the AES 256 encryption standard. The default Windows ZIP feature does not support this encryption, so that third party software is required.

Options When Publishing a DDD File

Options
Click the [>>] button to make further adjustments.
• **Start with:** Start the DDD file with a Custom View Show, a certain Custom View or animation.
• **3D - Shade mode:** Designate the shade mode of the models on start-up.
• **3D - Back faces:** Designate the display mode of the back faces on start-up.

Publish **3D-PDF** (not available with the Free Viewer and EXE files)

Publish all loaded 3D models as 3D-PDF file. 3D-PDF files can be sent easily by e-mail and viewed with the Adobe Acrobat Reader.

To publish a PDF file open the FILE tab, go to Publish as … and select Publish as 3D-PDF (*.pdf); or click on in the Quick Access Toolbar.

Characteristics of 3D-PDF Files

3D-PDF files contain:
• 3D models only (assemblies and geometry).

3D models can be published as a 3D-PDF file. The recipient needs the Adobe Acrobat Reader (Version 7.0.7 or higher) to view the file.

When publishing 3D-PDF files only the geometry and structure of the 3D models will be published but not the notices, dimensions, Custom Views and animations created with 3D-Tool. Additionally, no measurement and analysis operations will be available.

Settings When Publishing a 3D-PDF File

**Language**
Select the language of the 3D-Tool controls in the PDF file (German or English).

**Password protected**
Protect the 3D-PDF file with a password against unauthorized use.

**Password**
Enter a password to protect the 3D-PDF file.

**Show Navigation Panel**
Activate the Navigation Panel in the PDF document, which shows the model tree (the part structure of a model), as well as some default views.

**Add additional controls**
Activate additional 3D-Tool controls in the PDF document that make it possible to:
• Create cross sections.
• Save and load views.
• Change the color of parts and assemblies.
• Explode assemblies.

**Open PDF**
Open the PDF document right after it was created.
3D projection
Designate whether the model will be displayed orthogonal or in perspective, when the 3D-PDF file is opened.

3D - Shade mode
Designate whether the model will be displayed shaded or shaded with edges, when the 3D-PDF file is opened.

Background color
Designate the background color of the 3D-PDF.

Note
Unzipping password protected 3D-Tool ZIP archives requires archive software supporting the AES 256 encryption standard. The default Windows ZIP feature does not support this encryption, so that third party software is required.

Save as ... STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ, U3D (not available with the Free Viewer and EXE files)
Save a 3D model or 2D drawing under a new name and in one of the available file formats.

File Formats Available For Export

3D-models
For 3D-models the following file formats are available for export:
- 3D-Tool DDD file *.ddd
- Executable *.exe
- 3D-Studio file *.3ds
- OBJ file *.obj
- PDF file *.pdf
- PLY file *.ply
- STL binary file *.stl
- U3D file *.u3d
- VRML 2.0 file *.wrl

2D-drawings
For 2D-drawings the following file formats are available for export:
- 3D-Tool DDD file *.ddd
- Executable *.exe

Note
Save as … will only save the selected model or selected drawing. If you want to save multiple models and/or drawings together within one 3D-Tool DDD or EXE file use Publish as… from the FILE tab, and choose Publish as 3D-Tool File (*.ddd) or Publish as Viewer (*.exe).
Batch Mode

Convert files to executable 3D-Tool files (viewer and data) via command line or create your own batch files.

Automatically Publish 3D-Tool EXE Files

**Required parameters**

Start 3D-Tool, open a file, and publish it in the same directory as 3D-Tool EXE file by using the following command line:

```
InstallationPath3D-Tool.exe FilePath\CAD-file -s -exe
```

The -s parameter starts the automatic output. If a file path contains spaces, the complete file path and file name must be enclosed in quotation marks.

**Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -exe

**Optional parameters**

Optional parameters can be combined in any order.

- `-q:[high/low/cad/quick/noheal/custom]` *(Default: custom)*
  Specify the import settings to be used for opening CAD models.
  - `q:custom` = Use Chord Height and Angle Control as set in 3D-Tool Preferences
  - `q:high` = High quality
  - `q:low` = Low quality
  - `q:cad` = CAD graphical data
  - `q:quick` = Quick (visible BREPs only)
  - `q:noheal` = NoHeal (visible BREPs only without Healing)
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -exe -q:cad

- `-o: FilePath\FileName.exe`
  Specify the path and filename of the EXE file. If a file path contains spaces, the complete parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks. Folders that do not exist will be created. By specifying the file extension `.exe` the parameter `-exe` can be omitted.
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s "-o:D:\new data\output\published_model.exe"

- `-zip`
  Automatically zip the EXE file.
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -exe -zip

- `-zippw:Password`
  Automatically zip the EXE file and protect the zip-archive with a password.
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -exe -zippw:XyZ321

- `-helpen`
  Publish the EXE file, including the offline help in English.
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -exe -helpen

- `-helpde`
  Publish the EXE file, including the offline help in German.
  **Example:** "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -exe -helpde

- `-m:ShortMessage`
Publish the EXE file including a short message to be displayed when the file is opened.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -exe "-m:Request of 06. July 2015"

-jpg or -bmp

Creates a JPG or BMP picture with four default views of the model in addition to the EXE file.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -exe -jpg

Note

- Within Windows batch files (*.bat) special and international characters can only be used in file names and parameters if a corresponding code page is specified via CHCP command.
- Unzipping password protected 3D-Tool ZIP archives requires archive software supporting the AES 256 encryption standard. The default Windows ZIP feature does not support this encryption, so that third party software is required.

Automatically Publish 3D-Tool DDD Files

Required parameters

Start 3D-Tool, open a file, and publish the file in the same directory as 3D-Tool DDD file by using the following command line:

*InstallationPath*3D-Tool.exe *FilePath\CAD-file* -s -ddd

If a file path contains spaces, the complete file path and file name must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd

Optional parameters

Optional parameters can be combined in any order.

-q:[high/low/cad/quick/noheal/custom] (Default: custom)

Specify the import settings to be used for opening CAD models.
- q:custom = Use Chord Height and Angle Control as set in 3D-Tool Preferences.
- q:high = High quality
- q:low = Low quality
- q:cad = CAD graphical data
- q:quick = Quick (visible BREPs only)
- q:noheal = NoHeal (visible BREPs only without Healing)

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd -q:cad

-o: *FilePath\FileName.ddd*

Specify the path and filename of the DDD file. If a file path contain spaces, the complete parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks.
Folders that do not exist will be created.
By specifying the file extension *.ddd* the parameter -exe can be omitted.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd "-o:D:\new data\output\published_model.ddd"

-zip

Automatically zip the DDD file.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd -zip

-zippw:*Password*

Automatically zip the DDD file and protect the zip-archive with a password.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd -zippw:XyZ321
Publish the DDD file including a short message to be displayed when loading the DDD into 3D-Tool.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ddd "-m:Request of 06. July 2015"

Creates a JPG or BMP picture with four default views of the model in addition to the DDD file.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -ddd -jpg

Note

- Within Windows batch files (*.bat) special and international characters can only be used in file names and parameters if a corresponding code page is specified via CHCP command.
- Unzipping password protected 3D-Tool ZIP archives requires archive software supporting the AES 256 encryption standard. The default Windows ZIP feature does not support this encryption, so that third party software is required.

Automatically Publish 3D-PDF Files

Required parameters
Start 3D-Tool, open a model, and publish the model in the same directory as 3D-PDF file by using the following command line:

**InstallationPath\3D-Tool.exe FilePath\CAD-file -s -pdf**

If a file path contains spaces the complete file path and file name must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -pdf

Optional parameters
Optional parameters can be combined in any order.

-q:[high/low/cad/quick/noheal/custom] (Default: custom)
Specify the import settings to be used for opening CAD models.
- q:custom = Use Chord Height and Angle Control as set in 3D-Tool Preferences.
- q:high = High quality
- q:low = Low quality
- q:cad = CAD graphical data
- q:quick = Quick (visible BREPs only)
- q:noheal = NoHeal (visible BREPs only without Healing)
Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -pdf -q:cad

-o: FilePath\FileName.pdf
Specify the path and filename of the 3D-PDF file. If a file path contain spaces, the complete parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks. Folders that do not exist will be created.
By specifying the file extension ".pdf" the parameter -pdf can be omitted.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -pdf ":o:D:\new data\output\published_model.pdf"

-en or -en
Activate the additional 3D-Tool controls in the 3D-PDF (cross section, explode, color)
/en activates the controls in English language.
/de activates the controls in German language.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -pdf -en

-jpg or -bmp
Creates a JPG or BMP picture with four default views of the model in addition to the PDF file.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -pdf -jpg

Note

Within Windows batch files (*.bat) special and international characters can only be used in file names and parameters if a corresponding code page is specified via CHCP command.

Automatically Save as STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ or U3D File

Required parameters

Start 3D-Tool, open a model and publish the model in the same directory as STL, VRML, 3DS, PLY, OBJ or U3D file by using the following command line:

```
InstallationPath\3D-Tool.exe FilePath\CAD-file -s -OutputFormat
```

If a file path contains spaces, the complete file path and file name must be enclosed in quotation marks. Supported output formats are:

- **-stl**
  Saves the model as binary STL file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -stl

- **-wrl**
  Saves the model as VRML file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -wrl

- **-3ds**
  Saves the model as binary 3DS file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -3ds

- **-ply**
  Saves the model as binary PLY file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -ply

- **-obj**
  Saves the model as OBJ file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -obj

- **-u3d**
  Saves the model as U3D file.
  Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -u3d

Optional parameters

Optional parameters can be combined in any order.

- **-q:[high/low/cad/quick/noheal/custom]** (Default: custom)

Specify the import settings to be used for opening CAD models.

- **-q:custom** = Use Chord Height and Angle Control as set in 3D-Tool Preferences.
- **-q:high** = High quality
- **-q:low** = Low quality
- **-q:cad** = CAD graphical data
- **-q:quick** = Quick (visible BREPs only)
- **-q:noheal** = NoHeal (visible BREPs only without Healing)

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" - s -stl -q:cad

- **-o: FilePath\FileName\OutputFormat**

Specify the path and filename of the output file. If a file path contain spaces, the complete parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Folders that do not exist will be created.

By specifying the file extension `OutputFormat` the parameter `-OutputFormat` can be omitted.
-jpg or -bmp

Creates a JPG or BMP picture with four default views of the model in addition to the 3D file.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -o:D:\new data\output\converted_model.stl"

**Note**

Within Windows batch files (*.bat) special and international characters can only be used in file names and parameters if a corresponding code page is specified via CHCP command.

### Automatically Create JPG or BMP Files

**Required parameters**

Start 3D-Tool, open a file, and create a JPG or BMP file in the same directory by using the following command line:

InstallationPath\3D-Tool.exe FilePath\CAD-file -s -jpg resp.
InstallationPath\3D-Tool.exe FilePath\CAD-file -s -bmp

If a file path contains spaces the complete file path and file name must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -jpg -o:FilePath\Filename.jpg

**Optional parameters**

Optional parameters can be combined in any order.

-q:[high/low/cad/quick/noheal/custom] (Default: custom)

Specify the import settings to be used for opening CAD models.
-q:custom = Use Chord Height and Angle Control as set in 3D-Tool Preferences.
-q:high = High quality
-q:low = Low quality
-q:cad = CAD graphical data
-q:quick = Quick (visible BREPs only)
-q:noheal = NoHeal (visible BREPs only without Healing)

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new data\model.stp" -s -jpg -q:cad

-o: FilePath\FileName.jpg

Specify the path and file name of the JPG/BMP file.

If a file path contain spaces, the complete parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Folders that do not exist will be created.

By specifying the file extension *.jpg or *.bmp the parameter -jpg and bmp can be omitted.

Example: "C:\program files\3D-Tool V12\3D-Tool.exe" "D:\new\model.stp" -s "-o:D:\new data \output\model_picture.jpg"

**Notes**

- The -jpg and -bmp parameters can be used as optional parameters combined with the export formats as described above.
- Within Windows batch files (*.bat) special and international characters can only be used in file names and parameters if a corresponding code page is specified via CHCP command.
8. Print and Create Pictures
Create print-outs and pictures of the current view or your Custom Views.

The functions to create print-outs and pictures are located in the File tab and in the Quick Access Toolbar.

Print
Print the current view or any available Custom View. To do so, a number of options, including a preview, are available.

To print views, click Print in the File tab or the icon in the Quick Access Toolbar.

Template
Select a pre-defined template for printing. You can select the orientation of the paper (horizontal or vertical) and the number and type of views to be used.

Include file info (in 3D-models only)
Add the file path and name of a 3D-model in the lower right corner of the print-out. The file information option is available when only one model is loaded or when the Modell-Info tool is activated and only one model or its parts are selected in the Model Tree.

Printer and paper size
Select a printer and paper size from the two drop down lists.

Printer setup
Open the printer settings of the selected printer to make further adjustments.

Note
Selecting the horizontal or vertical paper orientation will not affect the format because the format of the Template selected in 3D-Tool will be used.

2D - Print black lines (for 2D-drawings only)
Print all lines and text of 2D-drawings in black.

Improve quality (Antialias) (in 3D-models only)
Use Antialias when printing to smooth the edges.

Transparent background
Do not print the (colored) background of 3D-models. When printing 2D-drawings, the background will not be printed unless the drawing is printed as Custom View within an accordant Template.

Zoom
- Zoom all: (in 2D-drawings only) Fit a drawing to the selected paper size.
- View: Print the current view.
- Scale: Define a scale for the print-out.

Depending on the Template and Zoom, further controls are available near the preview picture to adjust the position and zoom of the models and drawings.

Note
The Scale option is not available for views of models in Perspective View or for templates containing Custom Views.

Pen assignment (in 2D mode only)
Assign different line thicknesses to the colors of the drawing for the print-out.

Create Picture
Create a BMP or JPG image of the current view or any available Custom View. To do so, a number of options, including a preview, are available.

To create pictures, click *Create Picture* in the *File* tab or the icon in the Quick Access Toolbar

**Template**
Select a pre-defined template for the picture. You can select the orientation (horizontal or vertical) and the number and type of views to be used.

Depending on the Template, further controls are available near the preview picture to adjust the position and zoom of the models and drawings.

**Include file info (in 3D mode only)**
Add the file path and name of a 3D-model in the lower right corner of the picture. The file information option is available only when one model is loaded or when the Modell-Info tool is activated and only one model or its parts are selected in the Model Tree.

**2D - Print black lines** (for 2D-drawings only)
Print all lines and text of 2D-drawings in black.

**Improve quality (Antialias)** (for 3D-models only)
Use Antialias when printing to smooth the edges. Antialias is only works with 3D-models.

**Transparent background**
Do not show the (colored) background of 3D-models and 2D-drawings.

**File type**
From the drop down list, select the file format:

- JPEG *.jpg
  Creates a compressed JPEG picture file. The quality of the JPEG compression can be set in the *Preferences*:
  Options tab > Preferences > Print/Picture/Snapshot

- Bitmap *.bmp
  Creates a lossless BMP picture file

**Resolution**
Select one of the pre-defined output sizes or activate Custom for a custom resolution. Unselect the Maintain aspect ratio option to set the picture width and height independently.

**Notes**
- The maximum resolution depends on the graphics card and the operating system; therefore it could be less than 10000 pixels.
- Pictures of 10000x10000 pixels will use a lot of working memory.
9. Common Functions

This section informs you about common functions which are available in the 3D and the 2D mode. An important feature is the Custom Views because it is used by other functions.

3D Mode and 2D Mode

Use the 3D Mode to view 3D-models and the 2D Mode to view 2D-drawings.

To alternate between 3D and 2D click the 3D-Mode and 2D-Mode tab in the Mode group.

3D
Turn on the 3D Mode to view 3D-models. Clicking the 3D-Mode tab will do the same.

2D
Turn on the 2D Mode to view 2D-drawings. Clicking the 2D-Mode tab will do the same.

The File Tab

Use the File tab to load, save, publish files, and create print-outs or picture files. Additionally, a list of recently used files is shown.

Open
Open 3D-models and 2D-drawings. You can open multiple files by selecting them in the file open dialog.

[Detailed description]

Close Scene
Delete the 3D and/or 2D content that is currently loaded.

Save
Save a 3D model or 2D drawing. If the original file format is available, the file will be saved under its original name and format. Otherwise, you will be asked to choose a file name and format.

Save as ...
Save a 3D model or 2D drawing under a new name or file format. Choose the model or drawing you want to save from the list.

Publish as ...
Publish all currently loaded 3D models and/or 2D drawings. Choose the desired type of publishing:

- Publish 3D-Tool File (*.ddd)
  Save all 3D and 2D content to a DDD file for the 3D-Tool Viewer or the 3D-Tool Free Viewer.
- Publish Viewer
  Save all 3D and 2D content together with the 3D-Tool Viewer as an executable EXE file.
- Publish 3D-PDF (*.pdf)
  Publish all currently loaded 3D models as 3D-PDF file for the Adobe Reader or other 3D-PDF capable readers.

  Further information can be found in the chapter „Publish and Save”.

Create Picture
Create an image of the current view or any available Custom View. Choose the desired picture format:

- Create JPG
  Create an image in the JPG file format.
- Create BMP
  Create an image in the BMP file format.
Capture to Clipboard
Select and copy a section of the screen to the Clipboard.
Click the screen, hold the mouse button, and marquee select the desired section.
To copy the complete screen just click the screen.
Afterwards the picture can be pasted from the Clipboard into other applications.

You can adjust settings for the capture function in the Preferences:
Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > Print/Picture/Capture

Print
Print the current view or any available Custom View.
Further information can be found in the chapter „Print and Create Pictures“.

Exit
Close 3D-Tool.

Notes
- The functions to save and publish files are not available with the Free Viewer and 3D-Tool EXE files.
- The functions to open and close files are not available with 3D-Tool EXE files.
- To ease the editing of STL files, the “Save” function will automatically and without warning update open STL files with the state present in 3D-tool. To avoid the automatic update of existing STL files, the "Save as …“ function must be used.

Custom Views
Save any 3D- and 2D-view as Custom View. Custom Views contain the state and orientation of 3D-models, the position and zoom of 2D-drawings, as well as all display settings.

Save and Select Custom Views
The functions to save and select Custom Views are located in the right info panel beneath the Model Tree.

[<] Previous Custom View
Load the previous Custom View from the Custom View List.

Master View
Show all parts, fit the parts to the display, and apply the default display settings.

[>] Next Custom View
Load the next Custom View from the Custom View List.

Save Custom View
Save the current view as Custom View. Enter a name in the succeeding window or overwrite an already existing view.

Undo View
Return to the previously displayed view.

Select a View from the list
Click the drop down list of Custom Views to open it. Move the cursor over the views in the list. A preview of the views will be displayed to the left of the list. Click the view you want to be displayed.

Notes
- Custom Views will be added to the end of the list.
- You may delete, arrange and rename Custom Views by using the Custom View Editor: 3D-Mode tab > Tools group > More tools
Why Use Custom Views?

3D-Tool offers many possibilities to show important aspects of a construction:

- Rotate the models into the desired position and zoom in on important sections.
- Hide distracting parts
- Assign transparencies, or display parts graphically distinct.
- Use cross sections to show the inside of the model.
- Explode assemblies to show their structure.

Save these settings in Custom Views. If you publish 3D-Tool DDD or EXE files, your Custom Views are included and can be recalled by you or the recipient of your data whenever needed.

Note
Animations are also based on Custom Views. Custom Views can be used with the templates when printing or creating pictures.

What Is Stored in Custom Views

Custom Views store:

- The orientation, position, and zoom of the model or the drawing.
- The render mode of parts (transparent, shaded, shaded with edges, etc).
- The shown and hidden parts.
- The exploded position of parts.
- All cross section settings.
- All display settings
- The color settings of the background.
- The lighting position.

Note
The color and coordinates of 3D parts and elements of 2D drawings are global values. When you change the color or coordinates of an element (move, turn, scale, mirror, delete), the change will affect all Custom Views. This may cause Custom Views not to be displayed as they were previously saved. Create Custom Views only if the color and coordinates of elements are final.

Presentation

Use the following features to present your models, Custom Views and animations.

The presentation functions are located in the Presentation group of the 3D-Mode and 2D-Mode tab.

Animation

The Animation tool creates animations from Custom Views. Further information can be found in the chapter 3D-Mode > 3D-Tools > Animation.

Full Screen

Switch the display to full screen mode. The 3D-Tool user interface will be hidden so that only the 3D-model or the 2D-drawing is displayed.

In full screen mode, right-click into the display to access often needed functions.

To exit the full screen mode press [Esc] or via right-click into the display > Exit full screen.

Note
During the full screen mode, the Hardware acceleration is not available and the display will respond slower than usual.

Custom View Show

Start a slide show of all available Custom Views. All Custom Views will be displayed in order. Stop the Custom View Show by pressing Esc or by clicking into the display.
**Start Animation**
Start an animation, e.g. *Rotate right*, and animations created with the *Animation* tool. Stop the animation by pressing Esc or by clicking the display.

**Change the Width of the Info Panel**
Adjust the width of the right info panel to your personal needs.

**Show and hide the info panel**
To hide and show the info panel, click on the button on the left side of the list.

**Normal and double size**
To toggle the width between normal and double size, click underneath the 3D-Tool logo.

**Adjust the size**
The size of the info panel can be changed. Place the cursor on the left border of the panel and, after the cursor has changed into the `<||>` icon, hold down the left mouse button and drag the border.
10. 3D Mode

This section informs you about the 3D mode of 3D-Tool. The 3D mode offers a large number of functions and tools to analyze models, assemblies and parts.

To display 3D-models, click the **3D Mode** tab or the **3D Mode** button in the **Mode** group.

### Zoom Models

Besides the scroll wheel or the middle mouse button, you can use the following functions to zoom in on and out of the models in the display.

The functions to zoom and fit the models are located in the **Zoom** group of the **3D-Mode** tab.

- **Zoom all**
  - Fit everything visible in the display.
  - This function is also assigned to the function key [F4].

- **Zoom In**
  - Zoom into an area. Click into the display, hold down the mouse button, and move the marquee across the area to be zoomed.
  - This function is also assigned to the function key [F2].

- **Zoom Out**
  - Zoom out of the view. You may also zoom in and out using the scroll wheel.
  - This function is also assigned to the function key [F3].

- **Previous View**
  - Undo the last zoom, move, or rotation of the view.
  - This function is also assigned to the function key [F5].

### Rotate and Align Models

Use the following functions to rotate, fit and align the models in the display.

The functions to rotate and align the view are located in the Orientation group of the **3D-Mode** tab.

- **Align View**
  - Align the view to the X, Y and Z-axis of the coordinate system.

- **Front View**
  - Rotate the view to front view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

- **Back View**
  - Rotate the view to back view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

- **Left View**
  - Rotate the view to left view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

- **Right View**
  - Rotate the view to right view, and fit all visible parts in the display.
Top View
Rotate the view to top view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

Bottom View
Rotate the view to bottom view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

3D View
Rotate the view to the standard 3D view, and fit all visible parts in the display.

180° Rotate Horizontal 180°
Rotate the view horizontally by 180 degrees.

180° Rotate Vertical 180°
Rotate the view vertically by 180 degrees.

90° Rotate Normal 90°
Rotate the view by 90 degrees around the screen center.

Save Orientation
Save the current zoom and orientation of the view. To restore the view, use Load Orientation.

Load Orientation
Restore a previously saved zoom and orientation of the view. To save views, use Save Orientation.

Change the Display of Models
Use different render modes, such as shaded display and the display as wire frame. Also, you may adjust the display, e.g. show the not connected edges of a model.

Change the Render Mode of Models
The functions to change the render mode of models are located in the Display group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Shaded Display
Display all parts shaded.

Shaded with Edges
Display all parts shaded with black edges.

Shaded with Triangles
Display all parts shaded with triangles.

Wire Frame Display
Display all parts as wire frame.

Hidden Line Colored Display
Display all parts as hidden line graphics with lines in the color of the parts.

Hidden Line Black/White Display
Display all parts as hidden line graphics with black lines on a white background.

Triangles
Display all parts as outlines of their triangles.

Points
Display all parts as points.
Tip
Right-click on parts to display them in an individual shade mode.

Notes
- To change the number of edges displayed with the render modes Shaded with Edges, Wire Frame, and Hidden Line, use Change Wire Frame Angle in the Options tab.
- When opening CAD files (STEP, IGES, CATIA, Pro/E, etc.), the face boundaries of models can be loaded and displayed as curves. To do so, activate the Load face boundaries as curves option in the Import Settings.

Adjust the Display
The functions to adjust the display are located in the Display group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Show Curves
Show the 3D curves of the models.

Note
When opening CAD files (STEP, IGES, CATIA, Pro/E, etc.), the face boundaries of models can be loaded and displayed as curves. To do so, activate the Load face boundaries as curves option in the Import Settings.

Show PMI
Show the Product Manufacturing Information present in the models.

Show Dimensions and Markups
Show the 3D dimensions and markups created with the Measure and Markup tool.

Show Exploded
Show the models exploded. Use the Explode tool to create explosion data for your models.

Perspective
Use perspective view instead of orthogonal view.

Display Back Faces Like Front Faces
Display shaded faces with same colored back faces.

Display Red Back Faces
Display shaded faces with red back faces.

Display No Back Faces
Display shaded faces without back faces. This speeds up the display.

Note
Especially with STL files, it is possible that front faces are inverted. In this case, the faces cannot be seen with the default setting Display No Back Faces. Change the display of the back faces to Display Back Faces Like Front Faces to solve the problem.

Show Open Edges
Show the edges of planes that are not connected in yellow.

Show Coordinate System
Show the absolute coordinate system as x-, y- and z-axis starting at (0,0,0).

3D-Compass
Show the x-, y- and z-axis as orientation in the lower left corner of the display.
Shiny Colors
Display surfaces with bright light reflections that give the model a shiny look and increase the 3D-effect. Switch off the shiny colors, e.g. for a more technical viewing. The intensity of the reflection can be set in the Preferences:
Options tab > Preferences button > 3D-color

Smooth Display
Display shaded faces smoothed based on their smooth vectors. If smoothing is not satisfactory, use Adjust Smoothing in the Options tab to calculate new smooth vectors.

Change Lighting, White Background
Change the lighting position to improve the contrast and show details more vividly. Use a white background for screenshots.

Change the Lighting Position

Lighting options
Select one of the five lighting options: Default, Top left, Top right, Bottom left, Bottom right.

Custom lighting position
Adjust the lighting position by dragging the yellow light point to any position.

Switch to White Background
Left of the lighting, you can switch between Normal and White background. This is useful:
- To take screenshots of the current view.
- If a model is displayed as wire frame or hidden line and the lines are difficult to see with the normal background.

Note
The color and the gradient of the normal background can be adjusted in the 3D-Display Options group of the Options tab.

The Model Tree
This section informs you about using the Model Tree in the right Info Panel.

Note:
The Model Tree is not available with the 3D tools Tooling Analysis, Placement, Wall Thickness Analysis, Repair, and RP-Layout.

Use the Model Tree
Use the Model Tree to show and hide models, assemblies, and parts and to select them for further steps.

Elements of the Model Tree
The Model Tree can contain the following elements:
- Active model / Inactive model
- Assembly shown / Assembly hidden
- Part shown / Part hidden

- Click the icons of assemblies and parts to hide and show them.
- Click the or the icon in front of assemblies to expand or collapse them.
- Double-click the names of models, assemblies, and parts to fit them in the display. Additionally, models will be activated for the Placement, Wall Thickness Analysis and Repair tool.
Move the cursor over the models, assemblies, and parts in the Model Tree to highlight them for a short time in the display. This can be deactivated in the preferences of 3D-Tool: Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > Model Tree

Selection on the Model Tree

Single selection
Click the names of models, assemblies, and parts to select them.

Range selection
To select a range of parts in the Model Tree, click a part and then press [Shift] while clicking another part. This will select the clicked parts and all the parts in between.

Multiple selection
To select multiple parts in the Model Tree, click a part then press [Ctrl] while clicking additional parts.

Selection on the Model

Single selection
To select a part on the model, double-click the desired part or press the Shift key while clicking the part.

Multiple selection
To select multiple parts on the model, double-click a part on the model and then press [Shift] and [Ctrl] while clicking additional parts.

Marquee select
To marquee, select parts by a selection rectangle click on Pick Part from the Model Tree group. In the display, press and hold the left mouse button and drag the selection rectangle over all wanted parts. Release the mouse button and all parts that are completely within the rectangle will be selected.

Part Display

Hide and show the models, assemblies and parts selected on the Model Tree or change their graphical display.

The functions to show and hide parts and to change their graphical display are located in the right info panel above the Model Tree.

Show Parts
Show the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree.

Hide Parts
Hide the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree.

Show Selection Only
Show the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree and hide all others.

Show All
Show all models, assemblies and parts.

Hide All
Hide all models, assemblies and parts.

Search in Model Tree
Search for parts or assemblies in the Model Tree.
Change Color of Parts
Change the color of the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree.

Shaded Parts
Display the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree as shaded.

Shaded Parts with Edges
Display the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree as shaded with black edges.

Wire Frame Parts
Display the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree as wire frame.

Reset Part Display
Reset the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree to the global shade mode as set in the Display group.

Parts Transparency On
Display the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree transparent.
Adjust the transparency in the 3D-Tool preferences:
Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D-Color

Parts Transparency Off
Display the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree solid.

Arrange and Delete Parts
Delete, combine, move, and sort the parts in the Model Tree.

The functions to arrange and delete parts are located in the Model Tree Group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Expand All
Expand all models and assemblies in the Model Tree. To expand a single model or assembly, click on the plus symbols in the Model Tree.

Collapse All
Collapse all models and assemblies in the Model Tree. To collapse a single model or assembly, click on the minus symbols in the Model Tree.

Pick Part
To select one single part, just click on the part on the model. To select multiple parts, press and hold the mouse button, then marquee select the parts by selection rectangle.

Highlight Selection
Highlight the parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree in red.

Delete Parts
Delete all parts and assemblies selected in the Model Tree.

Combine Parts
Combine all parts selected in the Model Tree to one part. The original names of the parts and their sectioning will be lost. If a model or assembly is selected, all of its parts will be combined.

Rearrange Parts
Move the parts selected in the Model Tree to an existing or new assembly or model that can be specified in the following dialog:
- **Move to existing assembly or model**
  Select the assembly or model in the list, and click OK.
• **Move to new assembly**  
  Select the position of the new assembly in the list, and click on New assembly. The new assembly will be created. The name of the assembly can be changed through a slow double-click on the name or with the Rename button. Click OK to move the selection to the new assembly.

• **Move to new model**  
  Click on New model and the new model will be created. The name of the new model can be changed through a slow double-click on the name or with the Rename button. Click OK to move the selection to the new model.

**Move Up**  
Moves the selected model, assembly, or part one position up in the Model Tree.

**Move Down**  
Move the selected model, assembly, or part one position down in the Model Tree.

**Sort Model Tree**  
Sort the parts in the Model Tree. Only the parts of the active model will be sorted by default. Select For all parts and models to extend the sorting to all models in the Model Tree. You can sort by:  
• Number of facets  
• Volume  
• Volume of boundary box  
• Number of open edges,  
• Part name.

Selecting Direction will let you decide if the parts will be sorted upward or downward.  
*Rename parts* creates new continuing element names after sorting. Caution: Old names will be lost.

### 3D - Tools

This section informs you about using the 3D-Tools.

**Cross Section**  
Use the Cross Section tool to view the inner structure of a model as well as selecting and measuring parts that are difficult to access.

To create cross sections in 3D-Mode, click `Cross Section` in the Tools group.

After activating the tool, the model will be displayed sectioned. The section settings are shown in the top of the display. The cross section controls are shown in the display in front of the model.

### Position and Align the Cross Section

**Choose cross section plane**  
To choose one of the three standard planes as cross section plane, do one of the following:  
• In the section settings choose one of the 3 standard planes:  
  - ![XY-Plane](image)  
  - ![XZ-Plane](image)  
  - ![YZ-Plane](image)  
• Click one of the transparent planes of the cross section controls.

**Pick cross section position on the model**  
To position and align the cross section by mouse click on the model the cross section settings offer the following:  
• **Set cross section position**  
  Select `Set cross section position` and move the mouse pointer over the model. Points to set the cross section plane will be highlighted in blue. Click to move the cross section plane to the point.
• **Set cross section position perpendicular to curve/edge**
  Select : Set cross section position perpendicular to curve/edge and move the mouse pointer over the model. Curves/edges to set the cross section plane will be highlighted in blue. Click to move the cross section plane to the middle of the curve/edge and align it perpendicular to the curve/edge.

• **Set cross section position parallel to plane**
  Select : Set cross section position parallel to plane and move the mouse pointer over the model. Model planes to set the cross section plane will be highlighted in blue. Click to align the cross section plane parallel to the model plane.

• **Set cross section position to center of a circle**
  Select : Set cross section position to center of a circle and move the mouse pointer over the model. Centers of circles to set the cross section plane will be highlighted in blue. Click to move the cross section plane to the center of the circle.

### Move the section plane
To move the section plane, do one of the following:
- Move the slider in the section settings.
- Enter a value in box above the slider.
- Click the small buttons left and right of the slider.
  - The << and >> buttons move the section plane in big steps.
  - The < and > buttons move the section plane in small steps.
- In the cross section controls click the shaft of the red arrow, hold down the mouse button and drag the section plane to the wanted position.

### Rotate the section plane
To rotate the section plane around the x, y, or z-axis, do one of the following:
- Drag the sliders in the section settings.
- Enter values into the boxes behind the sliders.

### Switch the displayed side of the model
To display a different side of the sectioned model, do one of the following:
- In the section settings, choose one of the options Side 1, Side 2, or Cross section. Cross section will show only the cross section and hide both sides of the model.
- In the cross section controls, click the head of the red arrow to switch between Side 1 and Side 2.

💡 **Tips**
- Use cross sections with the Measure/Markup tool to measure inaccessible parts. Also, the points and edges of the section line can be measured.
- Cross sections can be saved as a Custom Views. All cross section settings will be saved, including parts excluded from the cross section.

### Display Parts Uncut
To display a part uncut, right-click the part on the model or in the model tree and choose : Cross section on/off. To display a part cut again, use : Cross section on/off once more.

To display all parts cut again, select Show all parts sectioned from the Cross section options.

### Cross Section Options

#### Show all parts sectioned
Use the cross section on all parts. Uncut parts will be sectioned again.

#### Export cross section as DXF
Save the current section line as a 2D DXF file. The Transform to xy-plane option transforms the section line to the standard XY-plane, so the cross section will be shown accurately in 2D-CAD programs. Deselect this option to keep the 3D orientation of the section plane for a 3D-CAD program.
Show cross section controls
Show the 3D cross section controls. The cross section controls let you move the section plane, switch the displayed side of the model, and change the section plane.

Fill section
Fill the cross section using the colors of the cut parts.

Section line
Show/hide the section line. Change the color of the line in the 3D-Tool preferences:
Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D section

Measure and Markup
Use the Measure/Markup tool to add 3D dimensions and markups to the models, and images and text to the background.

The Measure/Markup tool is located in the Tools group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Measure Distance, Angle, Edge, Wall Thickness and Clearance
Measure distances, angles, edges, boundary boxes, wall thickness, and clearances.

Click the Measure/Markup tool in the Tools group. Click the Distance/Angle button to measure distances and angles or click the little black arrow in the button to select another measure function.

Picking References For Dimensions

Auto-selection
Move the cursor across the model and possible references will be shown in light blue. Click to select a reference. After the references required for a measurement have been selected, the 3D dimension will be created.

Selection filter
For dimensions with two references, the automatic selection of the references can be adjusted with the Reference selection filter:
- Plane
- Edge
- Vertex
- Circle (Center of circle)

All four filters are active by default. If references are close together, the selection may be difficult. Deactivate all filters that are not needed.

Manual selection of points and centers of circles
References for measuring distances can also be points and centers of circles that are not supported by the automatic selection.

Point
In contrast to the Vertex filter, which only allows the selection of the edge points of triangles, use this to select any point on the model.

Circle (Center of circle)
Select three edge points to determine a circle and use its center as a reference.

Undo a selection
Remove an erroneously selected reference by clicking the button of the measure function again or by pressing [Esc].
### Distance/Angle

Measure the distance or the angle between two references based on the type and location of the references.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination</th>
<th>Measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Plane</td>
<td>Plane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plane</td>
<td>Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plane</td>
<td>Vertex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plane</td>
<td>Circle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edge</td>
<td>Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edge</td>
<td>Vertex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edge</td>
<td>Circle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertex</td>
<td>Vertex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertex</td>
<td>Circle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circle</td>
<td>Circle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Distance

Measure the distance between two references. Only references that can be used for distance measurement can be selected.

### Distance in X-, Y- and Z-Direction

Measure the distance between two references along the axes of the coordinate system. Only references that can be used for distance measurement can be selected.

### Distance/Angle to XY, XZ- and YZ-Plane

Measure the distance or the angle between a reference and one of the standard planes based on the type and location of the reference.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination</th>
<th>Measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard plane</td>
<td>Plane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard plane</td>
<td>Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard plane</td>
<td>Vertex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard plane</td>
<td>Circle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Edge Length

Measure the length of an edge.
**Boundary Box**

Measure the length, width, and height of a model. Activate *Boundary box of a part* to measure the length, width, and height of parts. The model or part under the cursor will be shown in light blue.

**Wall Thickness**

Measure the wall thickness at any point on the model. The wall thickness is calculated perpendicularly to the surface at the measuring point and independent of the viewing angle. Measuring points under the cursor will be shown in light blue.

**Clearance**

Measure the clearance between any point on the model and the surface that is across from it. The clearance is calculated perpendicularly to the surface at the measuring point and independent of the viewing angle. Measuring points under the cursor will be shown in light blue.

**Measure Radius And Diameter**

Measure radii and diameters.

- Click the *Measure/Markup* tool in the *Tools* group. Click the *Radius* button to measure radii or click the little black arrow in the button to select another measure function.

**Measure Radius**

Measure the radius of a circle. Move the cursor across the model, and the automatic selection highlights possible circles in light blue. Click to select a circle.

If the automatic selection does not find the wanted circle, activate the option *By 3 points* and select three edge points on the circle to be measured. To make the selection easier, the edge points are shown.

**Measure Diameter**

Measure the diameter of a circle. Move the cursor across the model, and the automatic selection highlights possible circles in light blue. Click to select a circle.

If the automatic selection does not find the wanted circle, activate the option *By 3 points* and select three edge points on the circle to be measured. To make selection easier the edge points are shown.

**Measure Points**

Display the coordinates of edge points, points on a surface, and centers of circles.

- Click the *Measure/Markup* tool in the *Tools* group. Click the *Edge Point* button to measure edge points or click the little black arrow in the button to select another measure function.

**Measure Edge Point**

Display the X, Y, and Z-coordinate of an edge point. To make the selection easier, the edge points are shown. Edge points under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to select an edge point.

**Measure Point On A Plane**

Display the X, Y, and Z-coordinate of a point on a plane (not an edge point). Measuring points under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to select a point.
**Measure Centers Of Circles**

Display the X, Y, and Z-coordinate of the center of a circle. Circles under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to select a circle.

**3D-Annotations (Notes)**

Attach notes, model info notes, or part info notes on the model.

Click the **Measure/Markup** tool in the **Tools** group. Click the **Create Note** button or click the little black arrow in the button to select another note function.

**Create Note**

Move the cursor to the point on the model where you want to attach the note. Points under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to add the note and enter the text of the Note in the tool.

**Tip**

3D-Notes can be created without the Measure/Markup tool. Right click anywhere on the model and select Quick Note.

**Create Model Info Note**

Move the cursor to the point on the model where you want to attach the Note. Models under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to add the Note.

A Note with the following information will be created:
- Name or the model
- Dimensions of the model in X, Y, and Z.
- Weight of the model: Only if all parts of the model have a material assigned with the **Information** tool.
- Volume and surface area of the model.

If a model contains parts with open edges the weight, volume, and surface area will be displayed with three exclamation marks. Volume information and therefore weight information is only reliable for closed parts and models. Open edges and twisted planes will distort the volume calculation and could cause wrong results. This is most likely to happen when importing IGES files.

**Create Part Info Note**

Move the cursor onto the part where you want to attach the note. Parts under the cursor will be highlighted in light blue. Click to add the Note.

A Note with the following information will be created:
- Name or the model and name of the part
- Dimensions of the part in X, Y, and Z.
- Weight of the model: Only if the part has a material assigned with the **Information** tool.
- Volume and surface area of the part.

If a part has open edges the weight, volume, and surface area will be displayed with three exclamation marks. Volume information and therefore weight information is only reliable for closed parts and models. Open edges and twisted planes will distort the volume calculation and could cause wrong results. This is most likely to happen when importing IGES files.
Background Images And Text
Add background pictures in the JPG and BMP format, and add background texts.

Click the Measure/Markup tool in the Tools group.
Then click the Add Background Images or Text button.

Add Background Images Or Text

Add picture
Add a picture in the BMP or JPEG format as background.
Position the picture in the display by dragging it while pressing the left mouse button.

Add text
Add a background text.
Enter the text, and it will be displayed in a text box in the background. Position the text in the display by dragging it while pressing the left mouse button.

Note
The position of background pictures and texts, measured in pixels, is in reference to the upper left corner of the display. The position of background pictures and text changes with different display resolutions, hence positioning them on the top left is favorable.

Adjust And Delete Dimensions/Markups
Change the position, color, and size of dimensions and markups. Delete dimensions and markups that are no longer required.

To adjust dimensions and markups, activate the Measure/Markup tool in the Tools group.

Move Dimensions/Markups
Movable elements of a dimension/markup will be highlighted in light blue under the cursor. Move the following elements by dragging them while pressing the left mouse button:
- Text box of any dimension/markup
- The points of reference of distance dimensions if on an edge or a plane
- The points of reference of Notes

Change Attributes Of Dimensions/Markups
Select a dimension/markup. To do so, click on the text box or use the << and >> button near Select Annotation.
- Change the decimals of dimensions by choosing a value from the drop down list.
- Change the text height of dimensions/markups by choosing a value from the drop down list.

Use the Attributes button to change further attributes:
- Foreground color is the color of the text.
- Background color is the color of the text box.
- Line color is the color of the carrying lines.
- Stay on top displays a dimension/markup always in front of the model. This prevents the dimension/markup to be hidden by the model.
- Free move (distance dimensions between planes only)
  Allows to move the text box and carrying lines of a distance dimensions to any position in the 3D space, as long as the measuring references are planes.
- Show extended info (for distance dimensions, radius, and diameter)
  Shows additionally the distances along the X, Y, and Z-axis for distance dimensions. Shows additionally the X, Y, and Z-coordinate of the center of the circle for radii and diameters.
Tip
Change the attributes of dimensions/markups through the context menu by just right-clicking the text box of a dimension/markup.

Notes
- Color changes will not be visible until the dimension/markup has been deselected.
- The default settings of all new dimensions/markups can be designated through: Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D-Annotations.

Delete Dimensions/Markups
To select a dimension/markup to be deleted, do one of the following:
- Click on the text box of the wanted Dimension/Markup.
- Use the << and >> buttons near Select Annotation.

To delete the selected dimension/markup, do one of the following:
- Clicking on the Delete button.
- Press [Del] on the keyboard.

The Delete all button deletes all dimensions/markups and all background pictures and texts.

Adjust And Delete Background Images And Texts
Background pictures and texts can be moved. The text box color and text size of background texts can be changed.

To adjust background images and text, activate the Measure/Markup tool in the Tools group.

Move Background Images And Texts
Click the Add background image or text button.
Move background images and texts by dragging them while pressing the left mouse button.

Note
The position of background pictures and texts, measured in pixels, is in reference to the upper left corner of the display. The position of background pictures and text changes with different display resolutions, hence positioning them on the top left is favorable.

Change Attributes Of Background Texts
Click the Add background image or text button.
Click a background text to select it and then do one of the following:
- Change text, text color and text height by clicking Change text.
- Change only the Text height by choosing a value from the drop down list.
- Change the color of the text and the text box by clicking 🌈 and selecting Foreground color (Text) or Background color (Box).

Notes
- Color changes will not be visible until the background text has been deselected.
- The default settings of all new dimensions/markups can be designated through: Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D-Annotations.

Delete Background Images And Texts
Click the Add background image or text button.
Click a background image or text to select it.

To delete the selection, do one of the following:
- Click on the Delete button.
- Press [Del] on the keyboard.

The _Delete all_ button deletes all background images, texts, and dimensions/markups.

---

### Painter

Use the _Painter_ tool to change the color of models, parts, surfaces, curves and PMI.

The _Painter_ tool is located in the _Tools_ group of the _3D-Mode_ tab.

---

### Automatic Color

**Models**
Automatically assign different colors to all models.

**Parts**
Automatically assign different colors to all parts. Select the _One model_ option to color the parts of a specific model. Select the _All models_ option to color the parts of all models.

**Surfaces**
Automatically assign different colors to all faces. Select the _One model_ option to color the faces of a specific model. Select the _All models_ option to color the faces of all models.

### Manual Color

**Color**
To set the paint color:
- Click the _Current paint color_ button and pick a color from the color palette.
- Or click _Pick color from model_ and then click on a color on the model.

**Single object select**
The following selection modes are available:
- Change color of surfaces, curves, and PMI
- Change color of a single triangle
- Change color of a plane surface
- Change color of connected triangles
- Change color of connected triangles in the same color.

Move the mouse pointer over the model. Details to the selection mode details of the model will be highlighted in bright blue according to the selection mode. Click to change the color of the highlighted elements.

**Marquee select**
The following marquee selection modes are available:
- Marquee select curves.
- Marquee select triangles.
- Marquee select PMI.

Click into the display, hold the mouse button and drag the selection rectangle over the wanted elements. All elements that are completely within the selection rectangle will be selected and highlighted in bright blue. To change the color of the selected elements click _Change color of selected elements_. To remove the selection without changing the color click _Reset selection_.

### Note
The marquee selection modes will not only select the visible elements but also all hidden elements behind them.
Explode

Use the Explode tool to manually or automatically create an exploded view of your models.

The Explode tool is located in the Tools group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Manual Explode

Selection mode

- **Mouse**
  Select a part by clicking on the model.
  Move the cursor onto a part of the model in the display and move the part while pressing the left mouse button. In this mode only single parts can be moved.

- **Element List**
  Pick models, assemblies, and parts in the Model Tree.
  All parts selected in the Model Tree will be displayed in red.
  Move the cursor onto one of the selected parts of the model in the display and move the parts while pressing the left mouse button.

Move parts

Move the selection by dragging it while pressing the left mouse button. For an easier positioning, deselect one or two of the axes x, y, z under Move direction or enter values in the x, y, and z fields, and then click the Move button.

Rotate parts

Rotate the selection by dragging it while pressing the left mouse button. Choose the axis of rotation in Rotation axis.

- **Axis**: Rotation around one of the center axes (ax, ay, az) of the selection.
- **Screen**: Rotation around one of the screen axes (sx, sy, sz). These axes depend on the viewing angle. The sz-axis points to the viewer, the sx-axis points right, and the sy-axis points up.

The angle of rotation is displayed in the Angle field. For an exact rotation, enter a value and click the Rotate button.

Copy position from another part

Copy the movement and rotation of a part to other parts. Click the part on the model whose movement and rotation is to be copied (target). The part will appear in green. Then click on all parts that you want to move and rotate according to the target. To select a new target, click the Pick target button.

Reset position

Click an exploded part on the model, and it will be returned to its original position. Click the Reset all button to return all parts to their original positions.

Undo

Undo the last action.

Tip

Double-click on parts of the model in the display to return them to their original position.

Automatic Explode

Auto explode all

Explode all parts of the models automatically.
If there are parts that are already exploded, these parts will be reset and newly exploded. Automatic explosions can be adjusted further manually.
Assembly only

- Explode only the parts of the assembly currently selected in the model tree. Sub-assemblies within this assembly will be exploded as a whole and not split up. To simultaneously explode the parts in X, Y, and Z direction, click the **Auto explode this assembly level** button. To explode only in X, Y, or Z direction, click the accordingly labeled buttons.

Include sub-assemblies

- Explode the parts of the assembly currently selected in the model tree and all parts of its sub-assemblies. To simultaneously explode the parts in X, Y, and Z direction, click the **Auto explode this assembly level** button. To explode only in X, Y, or Z direction, click the accordingly labeled buttons.

-X, +X, -Y, +Y, -Z, +Z

- Move the parts selected in the model tree in the selected direction out of their superior assembly. If parts of multiple assemblies are selected, all selected parts will be moved jointly outside the superior assembly.

To center

- Reset the parts selected in the model tree to their common explosion center. For example: You exploded the parts of an assembly and then moved the exploded assembly out of the model. Now, if you select this assembly in the model tree and then click **To center** the parts of the assembly will be reassembled on the spot.

To origin

- Reset the parts selected in the model tree to their origin, which means their original position in the model.

Undo

- Undo the last action.

Don't Move/Rotate Parts

- Temporarily disable all explode functions. This prevents the parts from being accidentally moved or rotated if you move or rotate the model in the display.

Save Exploded View as Custom View

- Save the exploded views of the model as *Custom Views*. This way you can restore them as needed and use them in Animations and in the *Print and Create Picture* settings. You can save Custom Views while working with the Explode tool. Also, there is a corresponding prompt when you exit the tool.

Note

- If a view contains explosion data, you can switch between exploded and assembled view through the **Show exploded** button in the Display group. The explosion data of a view are retained until a new Custom View is selected.
Use the Placement tool to place and align your models.

The Placement tool is located in Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Place Active Model**

**Select model**
- Only the active, red colored model will be positioned.
- To select a model, do one of the following:
  - Click << or >> until the wanted model is selected.
  - Click δ, and click a model in the display.

**From**
- Use the From drop down list to choose the start reference to be used with the active model.
  - **Auto reference**: Move the cursor across the active model, and possible references are highlighted in blue. Click to select a reference. You can choose from points, centers of circles, planes, edges and lines.
  - **Model center**: Use the center of the active model as start reference.
  - **Model min**: Use the minimal X,Y,Z - coordinate of the active model as start reference.
  - **Model max**: Use the maximal X,Y,Z - coordinate of the active model as start reference.

**To**
- Use the To drop down list to choose the target reference for the active model.
  - **Auto reference**: Move the cursor across the models, and possible references are highlighted in blue. Click to select a reference. You can choose from points, centers of circles, and planes.
  - **Model center**: Use the center of a model as target reference.
  - **Model min**: Use the minimal X,Y,Z - coordinate of a model as target reference.
  - **Model max**: Use the maximal X,Y,Z - coordinate of a model as target reference.
  - **XY-plane**: Use the XY-plane of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **XZ-plane**: Use the XZ-plane of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **YZ-plane**: Use the YZ-plane of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **X-axis**: Use the X-axis of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **Y-axis**: Use the Y-axis of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **Z-axis**: Use the Z-axis of the coordinate system as target reference.
  - **Origin**: Use the origin (0,0,0) of the coordinate system will be set as target reference.

When From and To are defined, you may align and/or translate the active model.

**Align**
- Click on Align to position the active model. The Align button is only activated if the alignment is possible with the target references that are selected. Use the options Same and Opposite to set whether the alignment of the references will be in the same or the opposite direction. Axes, edges, and lines will be aligned perpendicular to a plane by default. The Parallel option activates parallel alignment.

**Move**
- Click on Move to reposition the active model. The move button is only activated if the move is possible with the target references that are selected. Use the All Axis, x, y, z option to determine which coordinates of the active model are affected.

**Note**
- To Auto reference and pick centers of circles, it can be necessary to zoom close onto the wanted arc.

**Tip**
- First align models, and then move them.
Auto Arrange Models

Arrange in line
Click X, Y, or Z to arrange all models in a row along the corresponding axis.

Arrange in square
Click XY, XZ, or YZ to arrange all models according to the corresponding plane. The goal is to arrange the models in the smallest square possible; however this depends on the number of models, as well as their size and form.

Transform Active Model

Select model
Only the active, red colored model will be positioned.
To select a model, do one of the following:
- Click << or >> until the wanted model is selected.
- Click , and click a model in the display.

To freely place the model, click Show Drag'n Trans Tool. Within the Drag'n Trans tool click Move or Rotate to move or rotate the active model simply by dragging it while pressing the left mouse button. Further information can be found in the chapter 3D-Mode > 3D-Tools > Drag'n Trans

To use exact values when repositioning or rotating the active model, use Move or Rotate. To Scale or Mirror the model, use Scale or Mirror. Further information can be found in the chapter 3D-Mode > 3D-Tools > Move, Rotate, Scale, Mirror.

Tooling Analysis

Use the Tooling Analysis to display mold cavities and draft angles, check for undercuts, and calculate the projected area of the model.

The Tooling Analysis is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Mold Cavities

To choose the Reference plane, do one of the following:
- From the drop down list select one of the standard planes XY, YZ, YZ
- Click the Plane button or hold down [Shift] and click any plane on the model.

When the reference plane is selected, the faces of the model are displayed in different colors according to the mold cavities:
By default: green - top, red - neutral, blue - bottom.

Show plane (Default: Active)
Show the reference plane as a transparent plane in the view.

Tolerance (Default 0.2)
Enter a tolerance angle for surface allocation. The tolerance angle is necessary because triangulated models are not 100% exact. Increasing the angle can harmonize the results of the analysis if the inaccuracy produces too many artifacts.

Surfaces without draft (Default: Red color)
Select the display of surfaces without draft from the drop down list:
- Red color: Surfaces without draft angle are red.
- Prefer top side: Surfaces without draft angle will be assigned to the top/green section.
- Prefer none: Surfaces without draft angles are gray.
- **Prefer bottom side:** Surfaces without draft angles will be assigned to the bottom/blue section.

**Assign**

Assign the current colors to the model and close the Tooling Analysis.
- All colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone and because the colors are a global property this change will affect all existing Custom Views.
- If the *Show plane* option is active, the reference plane will be added as *ReferencePlane_Tooling* to the model tree.

**Angle**

To choose the *Reference plane*, do one of the following:
- From the drop down list select one of the standard planes XY, YZ, YZ
- Click the *Plane* button or hold down [Shift]. Click any plane on the model.

When the reference plane is selected, the draft angles are displayed in different colors.

**Show plane (Default: Active)**

Show the reference plane as a transparent plane in the view.

**Angle (Default: 3.0)**

Enter the maximum angle for the display of draft angles.

**Direction (Default: Up)**

Click the *Direction* button to designate whether draft angles opened up, down, or in both directions are shown.

**Assign**

- All colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone and because the colors are a global property this change will also affect all existing Custom Views.
- If the *Show plane* option is active the reference plane will be added as *ReferencePlane_Tooling* to the model tree.

**Undercuts**

To choose the *Reference plane*, do one of the following:
- From the drop down list, select one of the standard planes XY, XZ, YZ
- Click the *Plane* button or hold down [Shift], and click any plane on the model.

As the reference plane is specified, the model is checked for undercuts. After the required calculations, the drafts and undercuts will be displayed in different colors.

**Show plane (Default: Active)**

Show the reference plane as a transparent plane in the view.

**Tolerance (Default: 1.0)**

Enter a tolerance angle for surface allocation. The tolerance angle is necessary because triangulated models are not 100% exact. Increasing the angle can harmonize the results of the analysis if the inaccuracy produces too many artifacts.

**Assign**

- All colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone and because the colors are a global property this change will also affect all existing Custom Views.
- If the *Show plane* option is active, the reference plane will be added as *ReferencePlane_Tooling* to the model tree.
Tip
The check for undercuts requires extensive calculations and will be always performed for all parts. An estimation of the time needed to perform the calculation will be displayed after starting the analysis. To cancel a running calculation, press [Esc], for Example to delete not needed parts in the model tree.

Projected Area
This function calculates the surface area of all models that is projected onto one of the three standard planes. This, for Example, is needed to calculate locking forces when making molds.

Choose one of the standard planes XY, XZ, YZ as Reference plane (Projection plane).

When the reference plane is selected, the projected area is displayed in square units. For Example, if the units of a model are millimeters in square millimeters.

Tip
Use the Placement tool to align the model in the coordinate system.

Note
The projected area of a model is calculated by graphical projection which could cause some imprecision.

Model-Info
Use the Model-Info tool to display the volume, surface area, and dimensions of models and parts. Use the material database to calculate the weight of parts. Copy all information to other applications.

The Model-Info tool is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Display and Copy Information

Selection
To display information select models, assemblies, or parts from the Model Tree.

Alternatively browse through the Model Tree by clicking:
<<  >> Next/previous model
<<  >> Next/previous element

Units
The following units can be selected to be displayed:
- mm - g (Millimeter and Gram)
- mm - kg (Millimeter and Kilogram)
- m - g (Meter and Gram)
- m - kg (Meter and Kilogram)
- in - g (Inch and Gram)
- in - kg (Inch and Kilogram)

The units will be changed and the values will be converted. The amendment (original) means that the units match the default units as specified in the 3D-Tool preferences. The amendment (converted) means that there was a conversion between mm and inch.
Please Note that the values are only reliably if the file format that is loaded provides information on the units used.

More information can be found in section Preferences > Common > Default Units
Information
The following information is displayed for models and parts:
- The number of parts of models and assemblies
- The assigned material
- The dimensions in X, Y and Z
- The weight (requires an assigned material)
- The volume
- The surface area
- The number of triangles
- The number of openedges

Copy information to Clipboard
Copy the information of the current selection to the Clipboard. For models and assemblies information on all contained parts will be copied. The contents of the Clipboard can be pasted into, for example, a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

Assign Materials / Weight Calculation

Assign material
To assign a material, first select a part or assembly in the Model Tree and then choose a material from the drop down list. If you assign a material to an assembly, the material will be assigned to all its parts. The green check mark indicates that all parts of an assembly have a material assigned and the weight is calculated and displayed for all such parts and assemblies.

Create a new material
To create a new material open the material list, scroll down to its end and select ...New material ... In the following dialog enter the name and the density of the material and click OK. The material will be added to the list and will be assigned to currently selected parts and assemblies.

Edit the material database
To comfortably edit the material database, use the Material Database Editor. Start the editor by clicking the small [...] button top of the material list.

Note
The density values of the database delivered with 3D-Tool have been specified to the best of knowledge. However, because the values underlie a certain manufacturing variability we will take no responsibility for their accuracy.
Material Database Editor

Within the Model-Info tool, use the Material Database Editor to edit, delete or create materials that can be assigned to the parts of a model to calculate its weight.

The Materials Database Editor is part of the Model-Info tool located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Edit Materials

Edit the material list
- To change an entry, click on the name or density of the material, and enter the new name or density.
- To add a new entry, simply enter its name and density at the end of the list.
- To delete an entry, just delete the name of the material.

Add model materials
If you open a 3D-Tool model (EXE/DDD), the model may contain materials not present in your material database. To transfer these materials to your database, click on Add model materials.

Load materials from file
To load materials from a materials file (*.txt), click Load. After selecting a material file, you will be asked if you want to clear all default materials:
Yes: All materials present will be cleared before loading the new materials.
No: The new materials will be added to the current material list.

Save materials to file
To save materials to a material file (*.txt), click Save.

Note
The density values of the database delivered with 3D-Tool have been specified to the best of our knowledge. However, because the values underlie a certain manufacturing variability we will take no responsibility for their accuracy.

Structure of a Material File (*.txt)

Material files are simple text files that can be easily edited with an editor.
3D-Tool material files are structured as follows:
- The materials are separated by a line break (return).
- A material is specified as material name directly followed by its density in brackets:
  Material name(density), for Example Alloy(2.70)
**Animation (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)**

Use the Animation tool to create an animation of your Custom Views.

The Animation tool is located in the Presentation group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Basic Approach**

An animation consists of multiple Custom Views that are used as key frames. To do so, take the following steps:

- Generate different Custom Views of the model.
- Activate the Animation tool.
- Create a New Animation.
- Add Custom Views as key frames to the animation.
- Put the key frames in the wanted order and adjust their time of transition.

**Example 1**

Key frame 1 shows the front of the model.
Key frame 2 shows the left side of the model.
When the animation is run, the model will turn from the front to the left.

**Example 2**

Key frame 1 shows a regular view of the model.
Key frame 2 shows an exploded view of the model.
When the animation is run, parts of the model will move from their original position to their positions after the model has been exploded.

**Create Animation**

**Animation**

Choose an animation from the drop down list. If no animations were created, the list is empty.

**New animation**

Create a new animation.

**Copy selected animation to new animation**

Copy the current animation and create a new animation.

**Rename animation**

Change the name of the current animation.

**Delete animation**

Delete the current animation.

**Animation key frames**

The lists of the key frames in the current animation and their transition times in seconds.
The list will be empty when a new animation has been created.

To change the transition time of a key frame, double-click the transition time and enter the new time.

**Custom Views**

List of the available Custom Views.

Use the Filter if there are orthogonal and perspective Custom Views. The transition between the two cannot be animated and, thus, would be discontinues. So combining the two modes of display is useless. Choose a display mode from the drop down list.
Preview thumbnail
The thumbnail on the upper left side is a preview of currently selected Custom View or key frame. This makes it easier to select key frames or Custom Views.

Add selected Custom View to key frames
Add the views selected in the list of Custom Views as key frames to the animation. New key frames will be added to the end of the animation.

Remove selected key frame
Remove the selected key frame from the animation.

Move selected key frame up
Move the selected key frame up by one position on the list.

Move selected key frame down
Move the selected key frame down by one position on the list.

Change transition times
Change the transition time of a key frame by double-clicking the time and entering a new time (in seconds).

Start preview
Show a preview of the current animation in the preview thumbnail. To abort the preview, press Esc.

Play Animation
Click OK to exit the Animation tool. Now the animation can be played using the "Play Animation" button in the Presentation group.

Animations will also appear at the end of the Custom Views list and can be started from there.

Export AVI
An animation can be exported as AVI video.
To do so, take the following steps:
- Click the Resolution button until the wanted resolution is displayed.
- Click on "Export AVI.
- Select where you want to save the video, and enter the name of the video.
- Select the Compressor (video codec) to be used. Depending on the compressor, it may be possible to make further adjustments through the Key Frame and Data Rate option and through the Configure button.
- Click OK to start generating the video.

Depending on the compressor, the length of the animation, the resolution, and the capacity of the computer this process may take some time.

Note
A resolution lower than 800x600 pixels will not show fine lines, small details, and smaller text of, for example, annotations and dimensions.

Videocodecs
The AVI format is a container for various video codecs. All AVI files will have a "avi ending no matter what compressor was used. The codec has to be available so the video can be played.

The following codecs have been tried; however, this is not an exhaustive list and only a short overview.
- Full frames (uncompressed)
  (Limited Suitability) Offers the best quality without lost data but creates a large file. It can be useful,
if the video will be edited with a video editing software or further converted. Caution: Only files of up to 2 GB are supported.

- **Cinepak by Radius**
  (Suitable) Delivers good results and small files. The display is sharp and the color gradients will be displayed accurately.

- **Intel Indeo R3.2**
  (Not Suitable) Creates small files but an unfocused display with jagged color gradients.

- **Microsoft Video 1**
  (Limited Suitability) Very sharp display but poor color gradients and relatively large files.

- **Microsoft Video 9**
  (Suitable) Small files and decent quality; however, color gradients may be inaccurate.

- **DivX**
  (Very Suitable) The display is focused and color gradients are smooth. Even with high resolutions, small files are created. But, depending on the DivX version, there may be problems when exporting videos with high resolution.

- **MPEG-4**
  (Very Suitable) The display is focused and the transitions are smooth. Even with high resolutions, small files are created. Best results.

---

### Model Compare (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)

Use the Model Compare tool to graphically highlight the differences between two models.

The Model Compare tool is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D Mode tab.

### Load and Select Models

Load two or more models that you want to compare. If the file names are identical, the models are renamed automatically.

After the import, the models are listed in the model tree and overlap in the display.

Now activate the Model compare tool.

Select the two model you want to compare from the two drop down list, located at the top of the tool. If only two models are loaded, they are selected automatically.

#### Note

The 3D-Tool Model Compare is a graphical/visual comparison by dyeing the models in different colors and then laying one model on top of the other. Differences located inside the models can only by using cross section or by hiding parts.

### Compare Models in Solid Mode

In this mode the models to be compared are put on top of each other in solid render mode.

Consecutively use multiple or all of the following options to find all differences. Especially useful is switching between Overlay and Reversed overlay as well as between Removed material and Added material.

#### Overlay

Display the two models in different colors and superimpose model 1 over model 2. The two models differ in all places where you can see the color of model 2.

#### Reversed overlay

Display the two models in different color and superimpose model 2 over model 1. The two models differ in all places where you can see the color of model 1.

#### Removed material

Highlight material that does NOT exist in model 2.
**Added Material**
Highlight material that does ONLY exist in model 2.

**Transparency**
Display the top model color transparent so differences inside of parts can be seen more easily.

💡 **Tip:**
Activate the 🟢 Cross Section tool and move the section through the models to find the difference inside of models and parts. The section plane is always filled with the color of the cut material and letting you see differences by the inconsistency of the section plane color.

---

**Wire Frame**

- **Compare model 1 with model 2 as wire frame**
  Display model 1 solid and superimpose model 2 as wireframe over model 1. The two models differ in all places where you can only see the wires of model 2 or only the solid faces of model 1.

- **Reverse compare - Compare model 2 with model 1 as wireframe**
  Display model 2 solid and superimpose model 1 as wireframe over model 2. The two models differ in all places where you can only see the wires of model 1 or only the solid faces of model 2.

- **Compare both models as wire frame**
  Display both models as wire frame and superimpose model 2 over model 1. The two models differ in all places where you can see wires in the color of model 1.

**Wire frame angle**
Change the resolution of the wire frame. Move the slider left to lower the wire frame angle and to get a denser wire frame. Move the slider right to increase the wire frame angle and to get a lighter wire frame.

⚠️ **Note**
The wire frame is based on the edges of the triangles that make up the model in the viewer. If you open models using different import settings (Chord height, Angle tolerance) the models may show deviations that do not exist.
**Wall Thickness Analysis**

Use the Wall Thickness Analysis to show the wall thicknesses of a model in different colors.

The Wall Thickness Analysis is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Run a calculation**

Calculating the wall thickness requires extensive calculations. An estimation of the time needed to perform the calculation will be displayed after starting the analysis. To cancel a running calculation, press [Esc], for example to adjust the calculation settings for a shorter calculation time.

**Select model**

The Wall Thickness Analysis can only display and analyze one model at a time. If there are multiple models, click << or >> until the wanted model is displayed.

**Quick calc**

Click Quick calc to start a calculation based on the center of the generated triangles.

**Normal calc**

Click Normal calc to start a calculation based on all edge points of the generated triangles.

**At point**

See the wall thickness at certain points on the model. This function is available without calculating the wall thicknesses.

Click At point and move the cursor across the model. The wall thickness at the position of the cursor will be displayed.

**Note**

Open edges and flipped surfaces may distort the results of the analysis.

**Customize the Calculation**

To get a preferably good result, the triangles that make up the model will be subdivided into smaller ones. The values in the Calculation tab define the strength of subdivision.

- A finer subdivision will increase the quality but also the calculation time.
- A coarser subdivision will decrease calculation time but also the quality.

**Remesh iterations (Default: 5)**

Enter how many times edges of triangles that are longer than the Maximum edge length are sectioned. A larger value will enhance the result but increase the time needed for the calculation. If "0" is entered, the edges of triangles will not be broken down further.

**Max. edge length (Default: 5.0 mm / 0.2 inch)**

Enter the maximum edge length a triangle may have until it is broken down into smaller triangles. A smaller value will enhance the result but increase the time needed for the calculation.

**Wall angle (Default: 25)**

Enter the maximum angle of walls, e.g. for drafts.

**Min. distance (Default: 0.50 mm / 0.02 inch)**

Enter the distance below which wall thicknesses will be ignored.

**Shells/Parts separate (Default: active)**

Select the Shells/Parts separate option to calculate the wall thicknesses for each shell/part separately.
Customize the Color Display

Click the Display tab to customize the color display of the calculation.

Adjusting the color display does not require a new calculation. So you try different settings after a calculation is done.

3 Colors
Choose the 3 colors option to display different wall thicknesses in the three colors blue, green, and red. In green areas the wall thickness lies within the specified Min and Max values, in blue areas below the Min value, and in red areas above the Max value.

Spectrum
Choose the Spectrum option to display the different wall thicknesses as a color spectrum between the specified Min and Max values.

Min. / Max.
Enter the minimum and maximum wall thickness for the color display.

Assign
Assign the current colors to the model and close the Tooling Analysis. By this all colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone and because the colors are a global property this change will also affect all existing Custom Views.

Custom View Editor (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)
Use the Custom View Editor to change the order and names of Custom Views.

The Custom View Editor is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Filter
From the drop down list, choose the type of Custom Views to be displayed in the list of Custom Views:
- All views
- 3D views
- Orthogonal views
- Perspective views
- 2D views
- Views used in certain animations

List of Custom Views
Click a Custom view in the list to select it. The thumbnail, on the upper right side, shows a preview of the selected Custom View.

View is used in animation
If the selected Custom View is used in an animation, the name of the animation will be shown here. Deletion of the view will also delete the animation. Changing the names and order of Custom Views has no effect on animations.

Rename Custom View
Enter a new name (up to 50 characters) for the selected Custom View.

Delete Custom View
Delete the selected Custom View. If the Custom View is included in an animation, a warning will appear. Deleting the Custom View will also delete the animation.

Move selected Custom View up
Move the selected Custom View up by one spot on the list.
Move selected Custom View down
Move the selected Custom View down by one spot on the list.

OK
Apply all changes and exit the Editor.

Cancel
Discard all changes and exit the Editor.

Property Editor (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)
Use the Property Editor to change the name, color, and transparency of parts. Save your changes for models with the same parts.

The Property Editor is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Edit Properties

The property table
The property table has 4 columns:
- Original name
  The original names of assemblies and parts. Click an element to select it.
- New name
  Enter a new name for the selected element.
- Color
  Click the colored square to change the color of the selected element. Assemblies and multicolored parts (multicolored square) will be completely dyed in the new color.
- Transp.
  Click on the little blue square to turn on/off the transparency of the selected element. This function is only available with parts.

Notes
- Changes will not be applied until you click Apply changes.
- Elements without new names keep their original names.

Copy original name to new name
Copy the name of the selected element to the New name column.

All - Copy all original names to new names
Copy all original names to the to the New name column. Existing entries will be overwritten.

Highlight selected parts/assemblies (Default: Active)
Display selected parts and assemblies on the model in red. If inactive, double-click parts and assemblies to highlight them.

Apply changes
Click on Apply changes to apply the changes you have made.

Close
Leave the Property Editor.

Save And Load Properties
Save your changes for new versions of the model or models with the same part names. That way, you can load the changes to reapply them.

Save
Save the property table to a property file (*.pf).
**Load**

Load a property file (*.pf). Choose the properties (New name, Color, Transparency) to be transferred. Every element of the table whose original name matches a name in the property file will receive the properties stored in the file. You can continue to work on the table. Click on *Apply changes* to apply the changes you have made.

**Notes**

- If the property file contains more than one entry of the same original name, all elements with this name will be assigned the properties of the first entry, and all other entries will be ignored.
- For assemblies only the names will be transferred. However, all properties will be transferred for the parts of an assembly.

**Characteristics of the property file** (for experienced users)

The property file is a TAB separated text file that can be opened and edited with a text editor. Each entry starts with the original name of the element of which the properties are to be changed. The original name is followed, separated by a Tab, by the new name, color, transparency in the following syntax:

```
OriginalName $N: NewName $C: Color $T:  or +
```

- **Color** stands for hexadecimal BGR color information in the form BBGGRR with a maximum of 6 characters.
- **$T**: Minus - means transparency off, Plus + means transparency on.

**Examples**

611_Stator $N: Stator $C: $0000FF $T:+

Changes the name of the element 611_Stator to Stator, colors the element red and shows it transparent.

Properties that are not to be changed can be omitted:

611_Stator $C: $0099FF

Changes only the color for element 611_Stator.

**Repair** (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)

Use the Repair tool to delete faces, fix inverted faces and open edges, create triangles, and move edge points.

The Repair tool is located in *More tools* in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Basics**

**Select model**

The Repair tool can only display and repair one model at a time. If there are multiple models, click << or >> until the wanted model is displayed.

**Display**

The Repair tool will show open edges in yellow and backs of triangles in red. This makes it easier to locate irregularities.

**Tip**

In the Display group activate the shade mode Shaded with Triangles. This makes the selection easier.
Delete

To delete faces, curves, or PMI click the Delete tab.

Single object select
The following selection modes are available:
- Select surfaces, curves, and PMI
- Select a single triangle
- Select a plane surface
- Select connected triangles
- Select connected triangles in the same color

Move the cursor over the model. Details of the model will be highlighted in bright blue according to the selection mode. Click to select the highlighted elements. Selected elements will be highlighted in green color.

Marquee select
The following marquee selection modes are available:
- Marquee select curves
- Marquee select triangles
- Marquee select PMI

Click into the display, hold the mouse button and drag the selection rectangle over the desired elements. All elements that are within the selection rectangle completely will be selected and highlighted in green color.

To delete selected elements click ✓ Delete selection. To remove the selection without deleting the elements click on ✗ Reset selection.

Note
The marquee selection modes will select the visible elements and all elements behind them.

Normals

To invert surfaces click the Normals tab.

Single object select
The following selection modes are available:
- Select a surface
- Select a single triangle
- Select a plane surface
- Select connected triangles
- Select connected triangles in the same color

Move the cursor over the model. Details of the model will be highlighted in bright blue according to the selection mode. Click to select the highlighted elements. Selected elements will be highlighted in green color.
Marquee select
The following marquee selection modes are available:

- Marquee select triangles

Click into the display, hold the mouse button and drag the selection rectangle over the desired elements. All elements that are within the selection rectangle completely will be selected and highlighted in green color.

To delete selected elements click ✓ Invert selection. To remove the selection without inverting the elements click on ✗ Reset selection.

Note
The marquee selection modes will select the visible elements and all elements behind them.

Move pt (Move points)

Click the Move pt tab to move edge points.

Move two edge points on top of each other, e.g. to close open edges. To make the selection easier, the edge points of the triangles are displayed.

Click the edge point to be moved. Then click the edge point in target position. Click the Deselect button to reset a false selection. Click the Confirm button to move the point.

Note
Moving points will delete triangles if two point of a triangle are on top of each other or all points are on one line.

New (create new triangles)

Click the New tab to create new triangles.

Create a new triangle by picking three edge points. To make the selection easier, the edge points of the triangles are displayed.

Click three edges points to select them. Click the Deselect button to reset an erroneous selection.

When the three points are selected, the new triangle will be created. Its orientation is calculated based on the adjacent triangles.

Auto (automatic repair)

Click the Auto tab to automatically repair inverted faces and open edges.

The automatic repair tries to close open edges and turn inverted triangles.

Tolerance (Default 0.05mm / 0.002 inch)

Enter the distance value to be used for the automatic connection of open edges in the Tolerance field. The automatic repair tries to close all open edges based on the tolerance distance. Increasing the tolerance may close more open edges.

Connect edges
Click Connect edges to automatically close open edges. Decide if you want to keep the part relations for the current model.
- Yes: The repair will keep the current part assignments and names.
- No: Based on newly connected edges, the repair may put the parts into a new arrangement. This may be useful if the parts consist of multiple shells, but the names of the parts may be lost.
Auto orientation
Click Auto orientation to automatically turn inverted triangles. The automatic orientation tries to assign the same orientation to all connected triangles.

Note
The automatic repair will not always completely close models with open edges or flipped surfaces. To get a "watertight" model more or less extensive manual repairs are needed.

Tip
Execute Auto orientation and Connect edges multiple times in rotation to correctly orient as many faces as possible.

RP-Layout (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)
Use the RP-Layout tool to place models on a platform for Rapid Prototyping Systems.

Select model
Except for Auto-Position always the active, red colored model will be positioned.
To select a model, do one of the following:
- Click << or >> until the wanted model is selected.
- Click ⌘, and click a model in the display.

RP-System
Select the RP-system from the drop down list. Only the Standard system is available first, but you can create a new systems by using the Setup button.

Setup
Create a new RP-system by specifying its size and important parameters such as the distance between the models.

Drag'n Trans
Move and rotate the model with the mouse.

Move
Move the model by entering x,y, and z-values.
To move a copy of the model, activate the Create copy option.

Rotate
Rotate the model or a copy of it by choosing a rotation axis and entering an angle.
To rotate a copy of the model, activate the Create copy option.

Scale
Scale the model.

Mirror
Mirror the model or a copy by choosing a mirror plane.
To mirror a copy of the model, activate the Create copy option.

Auto position
Position the models according to the specifications of the RP-system automatically.

Align plane
From the drop down list To: choose the direction of the alignment.
Then click Plane, and click a plane on the model.
Snap Z-min to
To move models to the minimal Z-position as specified in the according input field, do one of the following:

To move the active (red) model, click the Model button.

Click the All button to move all models to Z-min.

Undo
Undo the last action.

Setup RP-System (not available with the Free Viewer and in EXE files)
Use this assistant in the RP-Layout tool to create new RP-systems.

In the RP-Layout tool, click the Setup button to start Setup RP-System.

Select RP-System
Select a RP-system from the dropdown list. The properties of the selected RP-system will be displayed. If there are no customized systems, the list will only contain the Default system.
Click OK to apply the selected system.

Delete
Delete the currently selected RP-System. The last remaining system cannot be deleted.

New
Opens the New RP-system input mask to specify the properties of the new RP-system.

New RP-System

Name
Enter a name for the new RP-System

x, y, z
Enter the values for the dimensions of the new RP-System. Values between 1 and 1000 are accepted.

Model Z min
To auto-postion models, enter the minimum distance of the models above the RP-platform. Values between 0.001 and 100 are accepted.

Space betw. models
To auto-postion models, enter the distance between models. Values between 0.001 and 100 are accepted.

Space to border
To auto-postion models, enter the distance of the models to the borders of the RP-system. Values are accepted between 0.001 and 100.

Fields displayed in platform
For the guide grid of the RP-platform enter the number of fields in X and Y direction. Values between 1 and 100 are accepted.

Click the Create RP System button to create the new RP-System.
**Move**

Use the Move tool to move models, assemblies, and parts.

The Move tool is located in More tools in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Model Tree Selection**

Select a model, an assembly, or a part in the Model Tree.

$x$, $y$, $z$

Enter the value of the movement in the x, y, and z input field.

**Create copy**

Create a copy of the selection, and move it.

**Move**

Execute the movement.

**Undo**

Undo the last movement.

**Note**

If you change the coordinates of parts (move, rotate, scale, mirror), it will affect your Custom Views.

**Rotate**

Use the Rotate tool to rotate models, assemblies, and parts.

The Rotate tool is located in More tools in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Model Tree Selection**

Select a model, an assembly, or a part in the Model Tree.

**Rotation axis**

From the drop down list, choose the rotation axis.

- X-Axis
- Y-Axis
- Z-Axis

After the Rotation axis is selected, it will be shown in the display.

**Center**

From the drop down list, choose the position of the rotation axis.

- Center: The common center of the selected elements.
- Origin: The origin (0,0,0) of the coordinate system.
- Minimum: The common minimum (MinX,MinY,MinZ) of the selected elements.
- Maximum: The common maximum (MaxX,MaxY,MaxZ) of the selected elements.

**Angle**

Enter the number of degrees by which you want to rotate the element.

**Create copy**

Create a copy of the selection, and rotate it.

**Rotate**

Execute the rotation.
Undo

Undo the last rotation.

Note

If you change the coordinates of parts (move, rotate, scale, mirror), it will affect your Custom Views.

Scale

Use the Scale tool to change the size of models, assemblies, and parts.

The Scale tool is located in More tools in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Model Tree Selection
Select a model, an assembly, or a part in the Model Tree.

Scale

From the drop down, list choose the scale:
- mm => inch: Millimeter to Inch.
- inch => mm: Inch to Millimeter.
- Custom: Enter a custom scale factor.

Scale center

From the drop down list, choose the center of the scale:
- Center: The common center of the selected elements.
- Origin: The origin (0,0,0) of the coordinate system.
- Minimum: The common minimum (MinX,MinY,MinZ) of the selected elements.
- Maximum: The common maximum (MaxX,MaxY, MaxZ) of the selected elements.

Uniform in all directions

Scale uniform in x, y and z. Deactivate this option during the Custom scale to enter different values for x, y, and z.

Scale

Execute the scaling.

Undo

Undo the last scaling.

Note

If you change the coordinates of parts (move, rotate, scale, mirror), it will affect your Custom Views.

Mirror

Use the Mirror tool to mirror models, assemblies, and parts.

The Mirror tool is located in More tools in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Model Tree Selection
Select a model, an assembly, or a part in the Model Tree.

Mirror plane

From the drop down list choose the plane of reflection.
- XY-plane
- XZ-plane
- YZ-plane

After the mirror plane is selected, it will be shown in the display.
**Mirror center**
From the drop down list, choose the position of the mirror plane.
- **Center**: The common center of the selected elements.
- **Origin**: The origin (0,0,0) of the coordinate system.
- **Minimum**: The common minimum (MinX,MinY,MinZ) of the selected elements.
- **Maximum**: The common maximum (MaxX,MaxY,MaxZ) of the selected elements.

**Create copy**
Create a copy of the selection, and reflect it.

**Mirror**
Execute the reflection.

**Undo**
Undo the last reflection.

**Note**
If you change the coordinates of parts (move, rotate, scale, mirror), it will affect your Custom Views.

**Create Copy**
Use the Create Copy tool to copy models, assemblies, and parts.

The Create Copy tool is located in More tools in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

**Model Tree Selection**
Select a model, an assembly, or a part in the Model Tree.

**Create copy**
Select Create Copy to copy the models, assemblies, or parts currently selected in the Model Tree:
- **Models**: Selected models will be copied, and the copy will be added to the end of the Model Tree.
- **Assemblies**: Selected assemblies will be copied, and the copy will be added at the end of the model.
- **Parts**: Selected parts will be copied, and the copy will be added at the end of the model or the assembly

**Drag'n Trans**
Use this tool within the RP Layout and the Placement tool to easily move and rotate models with the mouse.

**Move parts**
Left-click on the selected model and hold down the mouse button to move the model.

The x, y, and z-values of the translation and the position of the model center are shown while the model is moved.

To make moving the model easier, deselect one or two directions for the moving (x, y, z) under Move direction.

**Rotate part**
Choose the x, y, z, or the virtual axis of the screen as rotation axis.
Left-click on the model and hold down the mouse button to rotate the model.

The angle of rotation is displayed while the model is rotated.

**Don't move/rotate parts**
Prevent the parts from being accidentally moved or rotated if you move or rotate the model in the view.
Undo
 Undo the last movement/rotation.

Note
 If you change the coordinates of parts (move, rotate, scale, mirror), it will affect your Custom Views.
11. 2D Mode

This section informs you about the 2D mode of 3D-Tool. The 2D mode features dimensions, markups, and tools to edit the elements of a drawing.

To view 2D drawings, click the 2D-Mode tab or 2D Mode in the Mode group.

Zoom and Fit Drawings

Besides the scroll wheel or the middle mouse button, you can use the following functions to zoom in on and out of, and fit 2D-drawings.

The functions to zoom and fit the drawings are located in the Zoom group of the 2D-Mode tab.

Zoom All

Fit all visible drawings to the display.

This function is also assigned to the function key [F4].

Zoom In

Zoom into an area. Click into the display, hold down the mouse button, and move the marquee across the area to be zoomed.

This function is also assigned to the function key [F2].

Zoom Out

Zoom out of the view. Zoom in and out using the scroll wheel.

This function is also assigned to the function key [F3].

Previous View

Undo the last zoom, move, or rotation of the view.

This function is also assigned to the function key [F5].

Change the Background Color (2D)

Use a black, white, or colored background for your drawings.

In 2D Mode change the color of the background in the right info panel.

Black

Select the Black option to use a black background.

White

Select the White option to use a white background.

Custom color

Select the Custom color option to choose any color for the background.

To choose a color, click the square button behind the option.
Change the Display of Lines (2D)

In 2D Mode, change the display of the lines in the Display group.

- **Black/White Lines**
  Display all lines of the drawing in black or white, depending on the background color.

- **Thin Lines**
  Display all lines of the drawing with a width of 1pt. This may make it easier to see details in drawings with thick lines.

View: The Layer List (2D)

Use the View mode to view only a 2D drawing and to show/hide the layers of the drawing.

Click View in the right info panel to display the layer list.

- **Dimensions**
  This layer contains the dimensions added with 3D-Tool. To hide the layer, click . To show the layer, click .

- **Redlining**
  This layer contains the redline markups, annotations, and pictures added with 3D-Tool. To hide the layer, click the icon. To show the layer, click .

Layers of the drawing

Depending on the loaded drawing, the layer list contains one or multiple layers.

To hide a layer, click . To show a layer, click .

- **Show/Hide**
  Show/Hide the layer currently selected in the layer list.

- **Show all layers**
  Show all layers of the drawing. This will not show the layers Dimensions and Redlining if they are hidden.

- **Hide all layers**
  Hide all layers of the drawing. This will not hide the layers Dimensions and Redlining.

Annotate: Dimensions and Markups (2D)

Use the Annotate mode to add dimensions, redline-markups, annotations, and pictures.

Click Annotate in the right info panel to add dimensions and markups.

Add Dimensions (2D)

Measure distances, angle, radii and the length of lines.

To add dimensions, click Annotate in the right info panel.

Click Distance/Angle to measure distances and angles, or click the little black arrow in the button to select another measure function.
Distance / Angle

Automatically measure the distance or the angle between two references.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Elements of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any arbitrary points. Select two references by clicking on them. Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it. In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

The type and position of the references determines whether the angle or position is measured.
- Between two non-parallel lines the angle is measured.
- Between two parallel lines the distance is measured.
- Between two points the distance is measured.
- Between a point and a line the distance is measured.

Note
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

Distance

Measure the distance between two references.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Elements of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any arbitrary points. Select two references by clicking on them. Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it. In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

The distance can be measured:
- Between two points.
- Between a point and a line.
- Between two parallel lines.

Note
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

Distance In X- And Y-Direction

Measure the distances between two references in the direction of x or y.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Elements of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any arbitrary points. Select two references by clicking on them. Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it. In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

The distance can be measured:
- Between two points.
- Between a point and a line.
- Between two parallel lines.

Note
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

Line Length

Measure the length of a line.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Lines that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue.
Select a line by clicking on it.
Move the new dimension into the wanted position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

**Note**
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

---

**Radius**

Measure the radius of a circle.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Circles that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue.
Select a circle by clicking on it.
Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

**Notes**
- Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.
- If a circle cannot be selected, use **Radius by 3 points**.

---

**Diameter**

Measure the diameter of a circle.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Circles that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue.
Select a circle by clicking on it.
Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

**Notes**
- Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.
- If a circle cannot be selected, use **Radius by 3 points**.

---

**Radius by 3 Points**

Measure the radius of a circle defined by three points.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Points of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any points.
Select three points by clicking on them.
Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension and click OK.

**Note**
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

---

**Angle Between Two Lines**

Measure the angle between two lines.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Lines that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue.
Select two lines by clicking on them.
Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

**Notes**
- Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.
Angle By 3 Points

Measure an angle defined by three points.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Points of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any arbitrary points.
Select three points, of which the second point defines the angular point, by clicking on them.
Move the new dimension into the desired position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

Note
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

Angle By 4 Points

Measure an angle defined by four points.

Move the cursor over the drawing. Points of the drawing that can be used as references for measuring will be highlighted in blue, but you can also choose any arbitrary points.
Select four points, of which point 1 and 2 define the first arm and point 3 and 4 the second arm of the angle, by mouse click.
Move the new dimension into the wanted position, and click to fix it.
In the following dialog, adjust the properties of the dimension, and click OK.

Note
Press [Esc] to cancel the operation.

Adjust And Delete Dimensions

Move dimensions
Click the text of a dimension, hold down the mouse button, and move the dimension into the wanted position. Angle dimensions can be placed in any quadrant of the angle.

Change the properties of dimensions
Double-click the text of a dimension.
- **Scale**: Choose the scale of the drawing to adjust the measured value.
- **Text field**: Shows the text/value of the dimension. You can enter a custom text, but this will prevent the value from being scaled.
- **Text**: Change the text height and color.
- **Line**: Change the thickness and color of the lines.
- **Arrow**: Select an arrow head and change its length.
- **Tolerance**: Enter tolerance values for the dimension.

Note
If common text heights appear extremely small or large, the units of the drawing do not correspond to the 3D-Tool default units.
Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > Common.

Delete dimensions
To delete a dimension, do one of the following:
- Right-click the text of a dimension, and select Delete.
- Click the Delete button in the right info panel, and then click the text of a dimension.
- Move the cursor onto the text of a dimension, and press [Del] on the keyboard.
- To delete all 2D dimensions and/or all 2D markups (redline markups, texts, pictures), click the Delete all button in the right info panel.
**Add Markups, Text and Pictures (2D)**

Activate Annotate to create 2D markups. Use the second button to create various redline markups and insert pictures and texts.

To add markups, text, and pictures, click ✏️ Annotate in the right info panel.

Click ✔️ Arrow to add an arrow markup, or click the little black arrow in the button to select another function.

✔️ **Arrow**

Add an arrow. Click to select the starting point, hold down the mouse button, and move the arrow to the end point.

✏️ **Sketch**

Add a sketch. Click on the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and draw with the cursor.

(circle) **Circle**

Add a circle. Click into the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and drag the circle to the wanted size.

Note

Actually, an ellipse is created and the circle only constitutes the ideal case of uniformly dragging the ellipse in the x- and y-direction.

☐ **Rectangle**

Add a rectangle. Click into the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and drag the rectangle to the wanted size.

(circle) **Oval**

Add an oval. Click into the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and drag the oval to the wanted size.

(None) **Cloud**

Add a cloud. Click into the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and drag the cloud to the wanted size.

**Add Text**

Add a text. Click into the drawing. Choose the text height and color, enter the text, and click OK.

**Add Picture**

Add a JPG or BMP picture. Click into the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and drag the rectangle to the wanted size. Release the mouse button, and load an image.

Adjust and Delete Markups, Text and Pictures

**Move markups, text and pictures.**

Click a markup, text, or edge of a picture, hold down the mouse button, and move the object into the wanted position. For arrow markups, you can also move the starting and end point.

**Scale markups and pictures**

Move the cursor onto the line of a markup or the edge of a picture. Press and hold [Ctrl] and the left mouse button. Move the mouse to scale the object.
Change the lines of markups
   Double-click a markup. Change the thickness and color of the line. For arrow markups, you can also change the length of the arrow head.

Change text
   Double-click a text. Change text height and color or enter new text.

Replace pictures
   Double-click the edge of a picture, and select a new picture to be loaded.

Delete markups, text and pictures
   • Right click a markup, a text or the edge of a picture. Select Delete.
   • Move the cursor on a markup, text or edge of a picture. Press [Del] on the keyboard.
   • Click the Delete button in the right info panel, and then click a markup, text or the edge of a picture.
   • To delete all 2D dimensions and/or all 2D markups (redline markups, texts, pictures), click the Delete All button in the right info panel.

😃 Note
   If common text heights appear extremely small or large, the units of the drawing do not correspond to the 3D-Tool default units.
   Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > Common.

تناioti 2D-Tools

Use the 2D-Tools mode to edit the elements of the drawing and the markups, texts and pictures added with 3D-Tool.

To use the 2D-Tools, click the 2D-Tools button in the right info panel.

 dhe Select

Click Select or press and hold the [Shift] key on your keyboard. The cursor changes to a crosshair. Now you can select any element in the display. This can be elements of the drawing as well as 3D-Tool dimensions and markups.
   • Click on an element and the element will be highlighted and added to the selection.
   • Click on the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and move the marquee select across the wanted elements. Release the mouse button. All elements that are totally or partially covered by the marquee rectangle are highlighted and added to the selection.

To remove a selection, click Deselect.

❌ Delete Selection

Delete the selected elements.

😊 Change Color Of Selection

Choose a new color for the selected elements.

If nothing is selected, but there is a layer of the drawing selected in the layer list, you will be asked if you want to change the color of the complete layer.

✿ Move Selection

Move the selected elements.

Click on the drawing, hold down the mouse button, and move the selection to the wanted position.

If nothing is selected, you will be asked if you want to move the origin of the drawing to the coordinates (0,0).
Scale Selection

Scale the selected elements.

Select the scale to be used:
- inch => mm.
- mm => inch.
- Custom: Enter a scale.

If nothing is selected, you will be asked whether or not you want to scale the whole drawing.

Change Text Element

Edit a text element of the drawing.

If there is no text element selected yet (see above Select) click on a text element of the drawing.

If a text element is selected a small input box will be displayed in the right info panel to edit the text.
- Click OK to apply your changes.
- Click Cancel to leave the text as it is.

Notes
- Text markups/annotations added using 3D-Tool cannot be edited with this function.
- Text made up of curves or text imported as curves cannot be edited.
12. Options
This section informs you about the 3D-Tool settings that let you adjust 3D-Tool to your personal needs.

The Options Tab
Use the Options tab to adjust 3D-Tool to your needs, activate 3D-Tool licenses, and get information on the program version and available updates.

Licensing

License Terms
Show the 3D-Tool End User License Agreement.

Licensing (not available in the Free Viewer)
Show the licensing dialog to request and enter 3D-Tool License and Demo Keys.

3D-Display Options

Change Background
Change the color and the gradient of the 3D-background.
- Gradient background
  Display the background in a gradient that begins with the selected base color.
- Top color intensity
  The slider adjusts the color intensity of the top color. Move it up for a brighter and down for a darker color.
- Set as default
  Designate the current background as default.
- Change color
  Set a base color for the background.
- Update screen
  Apply all changes to the background. This way you can preview your settings without exiting the background dialog.

Change Wire Frame Angle (Default: 20)
Change the wire frame angle used for the display modes: Shaded/Edges, Wire Frame and Hidden Line. A line will be displayed at the edge between two triangles if their angle is greater than the wire frame angle. A small angle will create more lines than a large angle. The Set as default button designates the current wire frame angle as default.

Adjust Smoothing
Recalculate the smoothing for all models. To do so, enter an angle larger than "0". The transitions among the triangles will be smoothed if the angle between the triangles is smaller than the smooth angle. The larger an angle, the more the models will be smoothed. To prevent the models from being smoothed, reduce the angle to 0°.

Note:
The recalculation of the smooth vector overwrites the current smooth vectors and cannot be undone.
Preferences

The functions to change the language, to activate hardware acceleration, and to change the 3D-Tool preferences are located in the Preferences group of the Options tab.

Change Language
Change the language of 3D-Tool. Choose one of the available languages from the drop down list. The language will change immediately.

Preferences
Change the 3D-Tool preferences to your needs. A detailed description on all preferences can be found in the Preferences section of this manual.

Hardware Acceleration
Activate hardware acceleration for the current session. This will speed up the display.

All changes in 3D-Tool and other open programs should be saved before activating the hardware acceleration for the first time.

If there are strange effects after activating the hardware acceleration, it cannot be used.
- Parts of the user interface are not shown or not shown correctly.
- The model is not or is only partly shown.
- The program crashes.
- The program cannot be started.

In this case switch off the hardware acceleration or restart 3D-Tool. This is not a software bug but the result of an incompatible implementation of the OpenGL interface in the driver of the graphics card.

If there are no problems, the hardware acceleration can be set permanently through:
Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences button > Hardware.

If there are unexpected problems after this permanent activation and if you cannot switch off the acceleration, e.g. because 3D-Tool refuses to start then turn off the Hardware acceleration through:

Note
With 3D-Tool EXE-files, the hardware acceleration can be activated in the starting dialog of the EXE file or after start-up in the Options tab by clicking Hardware acceleration.

Tip
Updating the driver of the graphics card will often eliminate problems during the hardware acceleration.

Info

About 3D-Tool
See information about 3D-Tool, such as the program version, the serial number, and license type.

Tip of the Day
Show the Tip of the Day.

Check for Updates
Check online for a newer program version. This requires an internet connection.
Help

**Help (F1)**
Open the 3D-Tool Help. The Help can always be opened by pressing the F1 Key.

**Manual**
Open the 3D-Tool manual. The manual contains the complete 3D-Tool Help. To view the manual, the Adobe Reader is required.

**Quick Reference**
Open the 3D-Tool Quick Reference Card. The Quick Reference gives a brief overview of the 3D-Tool user interface. To view the Quick Reference, the Adobe Reader is required.

Preferences

This section informs you about the default settings of the 3D-Tool tools and functions.

The 📁 Preferences are located in the Preferences group of the Options tab.

**Common**
Common default settings such as the program language and the default units.

*Options tab > Preferences group > 📁 Preferences > 📁 Common.*

**Program language** *(Default: System language)*
Select one of the available languages for program start-up. Choosing System language will start 3D-Tool in the system language of Windows, if available, otherwise in English.

**Windows title bar** *(Standard: Active)*
Use a standard Windows 7 style title bar for the 3D-Tool window. Switch off to display the title bar in Windows 8 or Windows 10 style.

**Note**
Without the Windows title bar the automatic snapping/resizing of the window to the display borders (AERO SNAP) is not available.

**Windows Styles** *(Default: Windows 10)*
Specifies the color and style of the 3D-Tool title bar and ribbon menu. Available styles are:
- Windows2010Silver
- Windows2010Blue
- Windows2010Black
- Windows 7
- Windows 10
- Windows 10Dark

**Save window size at end of program** *(Default: Active)*
When closing 3D-Tool, save the window size and position for the next program start-up.

**Allow start on each monitor** *(Default: Inactive)*
By default a 3D-Tool window will start up on the primary display of the computer. Set this option if you want 3D-Tool to start up on the display on which the last 3D-Tool window had been closed.
Default units (Default depends on Windows settings: mm for metric, inch for US system units)
Set the default units of measurement (mm or inch).

The units of the following files will be converted to the 3D-Tool default units during import:
- STEP, IGES, VDA, SAT, JT and PARASOLID.
- Native files from CATIA, Pro/Engineer, Inventor, Solidworks, and UG.

With faceted 3D files (STL, SLP, VRML, etc.), 3D-Tool files (DDD, EXE) and 2D files, the 3D-Tool default units will be used without conversion. If the units of a file deviate, the following functions can lead to unwanted results:
- Max. edge length and Min. distance for the wall thickness analysis.
- Text height of 2D dimensions and 2D texts.
- The displayed volume and surface in the Information tool.

In this case, change the 3D-Tool default units to the units of the file.

Animation time (Default: 1.00)
Set the time in seconds for:
- The animation of the 3D-view, e.g. when Custom Views or standard views are selected.
  If a 0 is entered, there will be no animation.
- The transition time of new key frames in the Animation tool.

Custom Views: Show undefined parts (Default: Inactive)
Instead of hiding them, show newly loaded parts in existing Custom Views.

Automatically check for updates (Default: Active)
During the program start-up, check if there is a new program version. You will receive an according message. Download and install new versions from www.3D-Tool.de.

Reset hidden dialogs
Reset all dialogs that are hidden, by selecting Don't show this message again.

3D - Display
Default settings of the 3D Display such as the display of back faces and open edges.

Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D - Display.

Shade mode (Default: Shaded)
Select the shade mode of the models at program start-up
- Shaded
  Display the models shaded.
- Shaded with edges
  Display the models shaded with black edges

Fast move (Default: Auto)
Select the display of parts being moved with the mouse.
- On
  Display parts being moved as wire frame to speed up the display.
- Off
  Display parts being moved in the current render mode during movement. When slow computers are used, large and complex models may not move smoothly.
- Auto
  Display parts being moved automatically as wire frame if the number of frames displayed per second drops below the FPS threshold.

Back faces (Default: None)
Select the display of back faces at program start-up
• Same
  Display shaded faces with same colored back faces.
• Red
  Display shaded faces with red back faces.
• None
  Display shaded faces without back faces. This speeds up the display.

Display open edges (Default: Inactive)
Display open edges at program start-up.

Display coordinate system (Default: Inactive)
Display the coordinate system at program start-up.

Display 3D-compass (Default: Active)
Display the 3D-compass at program start-up

Rotate around screen center (Default: Active)
Use the center of the screen as the center of rotation when models are rotated with the mouse. Otherwise, the center of all models will be used.

Perspective view (Default: Inactive)
Display the models in perspective view at program start-up.

⚠️ Note
Rotate around screen center does not work with the perspective view.

Global shade mode resets local part settings (Default: Active)
Reset all parts to the render mode of the display when it is changed. If this option is not active, only the display mode of such parts that do not have an individual render mode assigned is changed.

3D - Model Tree
Default settings of the Model Tree.

Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D - Model Tree.

Size (Default: Double size)
Select the size of the Model Tree at program start-up
• Normal size
  Display the Model Tree in normal width.
• Double size
  Display the Model Tree in double width.

Sort shells while loading STL or SLP files (Default: Active)
Sort the shells of the models while loading STL and SLP files. Select the type and direction of sorting.
• By number of triangles.
• By volume.
• By volume of bounds (Default).
• By number of open edges.
• Up / Down

Highlight while moving mouse over parts (Default: Active)
Highlight parts and assemblies when moving the mouse over their names in Model Tree.
### 3D - Color

Default settings of transparency, brightness, and light position.

*Options tab > Preferences group > 🍃 Preferences > 🟢 3D - Color.*

**Transparency/Brightness**

Set the values of transparency and brightness at the program start-up.

- **Transparent ... Solid** *(Default: 70%)*  
  Opacity of parts that are displayed transparent.
- **Dull ... Shiny** *(Default: 50%)*  
  Brightness of parts that are displayed shaded.

**Light** *(Default: Light at 4/4)*  
Drag the yellow light spot to set the default light position.

### 3D - Section

Default settings for 3D cross sections.

*Options tab > Preferences group > 🍃 Preferences > 🟢 3D - Section.*

**Show cross section controls in front of geometries** *(Default: Inactive)*  
Always display the section controls in front of the model, even if they are located behind the model.

**Show section line while move section** *(Default: Active)*  
Do not hide the section line while moving the cross section.

**Section line color** *(Default: Red)*  
Choose a color for the section line.

### 3D - Annotations

Default settings of dimensions and annotations.

*Options tab > Preferences group > 🍃 Preferences > 📝 3D - Annotations.*

**Foreground color** *(Default: Black)*  
Choose the text color of new dimensions/annotations.

**Background color** *(Default: Light yellow)*  
Choose the color of the text box of new dimensions/annotations.

**Line color** *(Default: Red)*  
Choose the color of the lines of new dimensions/annotations.

**Text height** *(Default: 14)*  
Choose the text height of new dimensions/annotations.

**Distance: Decimal format** *(Default: 0.12 - 2 places for mm, 0.123 - 3 places for inch)*  
Choose the number of decimal places used with newly measured distances.

**Angle: Decimal format** *(Default: 0.12 - 2 places)*  
Choose the number of decimal places used with newly measured angles.
Stay on top *(Default: Inactive)*
Always display new dimensions/annotations in front of the model, even if they are located behind the model.

Use leading text description *(Default: Inactive)*
Display a leading text description for the dimension type.

**3D - Import Basic**
Default settings used with the Basic 3D Import.

*Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D - Import Basic.*

Calculate smooth vectors for files with flat triangles *(Default: Inactive)*
Calculate smooth vectors while loading files that do not contain smooth vectors. To do so, set *Smooth angle*. Angles between 20 and 35 degrees deliver the best results.

Load *_.s.stl* files in one shell *(Default: Active)*
Load STL-Support files (*_.s.stl*) as one shell.

Load colored STL files as colored *(Default: Active)*
Load the colors from STL files that contain color data.

Assign color to non-colored STL files *(Default: Active)*
Automatically assign a new color to every STL file that does not contain color data.

Select a color for all non-colored STL files *(Default: Inactive)*
Assign the selected color to all STL files that do not contain color data. Click the square button to select the color.

**3D - Import Advanced/Premium**
Default settings used with the advanced and premium 3D import.

*Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D - Import Adv/Prem.*

Show import settings dialog *(Default: Active)*
Show the import settings dialog when loading 3D-CAD files.

Load hidden entities *(Default: Inactive)*
Activate the *Load hidden entities* option in the import settings.

Load face boundaries *(Default: Inactive)*
When loading models, load their face boundaries as curves.

Default import settings *(Default: High Quality)*
Use one of the following presets for the tessellation settings in the import settings dialog.

- Custom
- High Quality
- Low Quality
- CAD Graphical data
- Quick(BREP only)
- NoHeal(BREP only)
**Custom tessellation settings**
Set the values for the Custom preset in the import settings dialog.
- Chord height (Default: 0.05 mm / 0.002 inch)
  Enter a value for the chord height.
- Angle control (Default: 20)
  Enter a value for the angle control.

**Premium-Importer** (3D-Tool Premium only)
- Use Premium-Importer for STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT and Parasolid (Default: Active)
  Use the Premium Importer with STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, and Parasolid files. Otherwise the Advanced Importer will be used with these files.
- Show import warnings and errors (Default: Active)
  After loading, shows import errors and warnings, e.g. missing parts and information on non-supported formats.
- Use black color for white PMI
  During import, change the color of white colored product manufacturing information to black to increase their visibility

---

**3D - Publish / Export**
Default settings for publishing and saving data.

*Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 3D - Publish/Export.*

**Default file as short message for publish EXE/DDD** (Default: Empty)
Enter the path and file name of a text file (*.txt) that is used as short message for publishing every time an EXE/DDD file is published. The text is limited to 2000 characters and can be edited before the file is published.

**Overwrite STL files without confirmation** (Default: Inactive)
When saving models as STL files overwrite already exiting files without any warning.

**Save STL files with color information** (Default: Active)
Save the colors of the model with STL files. The files can be used with any other program. But since there is no standard of STL colors, the colors may not be displayed correctly.

**Include smooth groups in 3DS files** (Default: Inactive)
When 3DS files are saved, create smooth groups based on the angle set in *Angle to create smooth groups.* (Default 45)

---

**2D - Display**
Default settings of the 2D display when the program is started.

*Options tab > Preferences group > Preferences > 2D - Display.*

**Resolution for curves and circles** (Default: 32)
Set the value of the arc resolution. A large value will result in a better display of arcs but reduce the speed of the display.

**Background** (Default: Black)
Choose the color for the background at program start-up
- Black
  Use a black background.
- White
  Use a white background.
- Custom color
  Choose any color for the background. Click the square button to choose the color.
Use antialiased lines *(Default: Inactive)*
Smooth the display of lines in the drawing.

Use thin lines *(Default: Inactive)*
At program start-up, show all lines of the drawing with a width of 1 point.

Import text as curves *(Default: Inactive)*
On import, convert the text within a drawing into curves.

2D - Annotations
Default settings of new 2D Annotations and Dimensions.

Options tab > Preferences group > 📊 Preferences > 📊 2D - Annotations.

Text height *(Default: 14)*
Choose the text height of new Dimensions.

Color *(Default: Red)*
Choose the text color of new Dimensions.

Line thickness *(Default: 1)*
Choose the width of lines of new Dimensions.

Color *(Default: Red)*
Choose the color of lines of new Dimensions.

Arrow *(Default: inner triangle)*
Choose the arrow head of new Dimension.

Length *(Default: 3)*
Choose the length of an arrow head of new Annotations and Dimensions.

Distance: Decimal format *(Default: 0.12 - 2 places for mm, 0.123 - 3 places for inch)*
Choose the number of decimal places used with newly measured distances.

Angle: Decimal format *(Default: 0.12 - 2 places)*
Choose the number of decimal places used with newly measured angles.

Redline markups
- Line thickness *(Default: 3)*
  Choose the width of new redline markups.
- Color *(Default: Red)*
  Choose the color of a new redline markups.

Print / Picture / Capture
Default settings for print-outs, pictures and captures.

Options tab > Preferences group > 📊 Preferences > 📊 Print/Picture/Capture.

Print / Picture
Change the default settings for print-outs and pictures.
- Improve quality (Antialias) *(Default: Active)*
  Use antialias when printing or creating a picture.
- Jpeg quality *(Default: 90)*
  Set the quality of JPG pictures that were created with 3D-Tool. Possible values are between 30 and 100. Larger values will result in better quality but also in a larger file.
• Preferred print format *(Default: Landscape)*
  Choose the preferred format for printing: Landscape or Portrait

**Capture to Clipboard**
Settings for capturing sections of the screen to the Clipboard.
• Use white background *(Default: Inactive)*
  Draw a black frame around the captured screenshot.
• Use antialias *(Default: Active)*
  Use antialias on the captured screenshot.
• Include frame *(Default: Inactive)*
  Draw a black frame around the captured screenshot.

➡️ **Hardware**
Activate the hardware acceleration and adjust the zoom speed of the mouse wheel.

*Options tab > Preferences group >.Embeded Preferences > Hardware.*

**Enable Hardware Acceleration (Default: Inactive)**
Activate the OpenGL hardware acceleration of the graphics card at program start-up. In a few cases, problems may occur after the hardware acceleration is activated. In this case, please refer to the section *Display Speed Optimization* of this help.

**Mouse wheel zoom**
Set the speed of the zoom when using the scroll wheel.

➡️ **File Associations**
The file extensions associated with 3D-Tool.

*Options tab > Preferences group >.Embeded Preferences > File Associations.*
Check all file formats you want to associate with 3D-Tool, and click Apply.

The list contains all file formats that are supported by 3D-Tool. Non-selectable (gray colored) file formats are not available with your 3D-Tool Version/License.

➡️ **Notes**
• Once a file association is set, it will be activated until it is overwritten by another program.
• To set a file connection, you have to have administrative rights. Starting with Windows Vista, you will be asked to confirm and possibly to re-enter the administrative password by the User Account Control (UAC).
• File associations set by a Windows user manually may fail to be changed by 3D-Tool.
13. How To ...

Here you will find many useful Tips that make it easier to work with 3D-Tool.

How To Publish CAD Models

Publish your CAD models to make them available to anyone, even if the person does not have a CAD program.

Load CAD Models

You can load any number of models, in different formats, into one 3D-Tool session.

The quality of the imported file can be adjusted in the Advanced and Premium Version of 3D-Tool. Usually, the default values will produce good results; however, very large and complex models may slow down the display of the models on older computers.

Tip

Increase the Chord height (e.g. to 0.5) in the import settings to decrease the number of triangles that will be created, and put less strain on the computer.

Change Colors

If a model does not have the wanted color, changing the color of parts and assemblies can make it easier to distinguish the parts. To change the color of parts and assemblies, do one of the following:

- Right-click a part on the model or an assembly in the Model Tree, and select "New color."
- Use the Painter tool to color surfaces or parts.
- Use the Property Editor to change colors more comfortably. It will also save changes so they can be used with later versions of the same model. This way, the model can be seen with the same properties repeatedly.

Highlight Details

3D annotations and dimensions

Use the Measure/Markup tool to measure distances, angles, radii, wall thickness, and add text messages. During measurement, keep the following in mind:

- Add dimensions only where you want to point out important details to the viewer. If the EXE and DDD files are shared, the recipient can perform all measurements.
- Use "Create Notes" to add small 3D Notes to parts of the model.

3D background images and text

In the Measure/Markup tool you will find the operation "Add background image or text. Use this operation to:

- Add a picture to the background.
- Insert a text in the background, e.g. a date or a model name.

Note

The alignment of background pictures and texts is measured in pixels and in relation to the upper left corner of the display. The position of the background picture or text can vary with different resolutions. Therefore, the best place for them is the upper left corner.
Create Custom Views

Any 3D and 2D view can be saved as Custom View. The Custom Views contain the following information:

- The orientation, position, and size of a model in the display.
- The graphical settings of the elements (transparent, shaded, shaded with edges, etc.)
- The shown and hidden parts and assemblies.
- The exploded position of parts.
- The settings of the cross sections, including the parts excluded from the cross section.
- All display settings, e.g. the Perspective View, Show Dimensions and Markups, Show Exploded, Show Curves, and Show PMI.
- The color settings of the background.
- The position of the light.
- In the 2D mode, the position and the size of a drawing, the color of the background, the display settings, and if the Dimensions and Redlining layers are shown.

You can save any number of Custom Views. An EXE or DDD file contains all Custom Views. If the file is shared, the Custom Views will be available to the recipient.

Publish EXE/DDD Files

Publish your 3D models and 2D drawings including all Annotations, Dimensions and Custom Views as 3D-Tool EXE or DDD file:

- EXE files contain the 3D-Tool Viewer and can be run directly on any Windows system.
- DDD files contain everything that EXE files contain except the Viewer. If the files are shared, the recipient has to download the 3D-Tool Viewer from our website www.3D-Tool.de. Share your model as a DDD file if EXE files are blocked by a firewall.

The Free Viewer offers a lot of tools, such as Cross Section, Measure/Markup, Explode. The recipient can measure, create cross sections, and explode assemblies.

Tip
When you publish an EXE or DDD file, enter a short message in the Publish File dialog. This message will appear when the EXE/DDD file is opened.

Publish 3D-PDF File

3D-PDF files are an alternative to EXE and DDD files, particularly if the EXE files cannot be received or executed. The Adobe Acrobat Reader (Version 7.0.7 or higher) is required.

- A 3D-PDF file offers fewer operations than the 3D-Tool Viewer.
- The Annotations, Dimensions, Custom Views, and Animations are not included.
- 2D drawings cannot be published.

Add 2D Drawing

3D-Tool can load and publish 2D drawings in DWG, DXF, and HPGL format, separately or together with 3D models.

2D drawings will be loaded in the 2D Mode. In 2D Mode, you can arrange multiple drawings on top of each other or side by side.

2D Dimensions and Markups

For 2D drawings, the Annotate mode allows you to insert the following:

- Redline Markups: Arrows, Circles, Clouds, etc.
- Dimensions: Distance, angle, radius, etc.
- Pictures and texts.
How to Relocate and Re-Orientate a Modell

Sometimes a CAD model has a disadvantageous position within the coordinate system, for example for the analysis of draft angles. Using the Placement tool, you can align the model within the coordinate system.

Align a Model to the Main Planes

- Start the Placement tool located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.
- Use the From drop down list to choose Auto reference as start reference. Then the plane you want to align to a main plane by mouse click. Possible references are highlighted in blue. Once the plane is selected, it is highlighted in green.
- Now use the To drop down list to choose the desired main plane (XY, XZ, or YZ plane) to which the previously selected plane should be aligned to. The selected main plane will be displayed.
- Use the Same or Opposite option to align the faces of the planes in the same or in the opposite direction.
- Click Align to align the model.

Move a Model in the Origin of the Coordinate System

If a model is located far away from the origin, you can move it to the origin e.g. in order to determine the coordinates of points correctly.

Start the Placement tool located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.

Choose start reference

- Point: Use the From drop down list to choose Auto reference to select a arbitrary point or center of circle.
- Model center: Use the From drop down list to choose Model Center. The center of the model is selected as start reference.
- Model maximum: Use the From drop down list to choose Model max. The maximal X,Y,Z coordinate of the model is selected as start reference.
- Model minimum: Use the From drop down list to choose Model min. The minimal X,Y,Z coordinate of the model is selected as start reference.

Choose target reference

Now use the To drop down list to choose Origin. The origin (0,0,0) of the coordinate system is used as target reference. and displayed as yellow point.

Click Move to move the model.

Note

To Auto reference and pick centers of circles, it can be necessary to zoom close onto the wanted arc.
How To Make Presentations

Prepare your models for a presentation and use full screen mode during the presentation.

Prepare The Models

Change colors
Use rich, high contrast colors to the element if you want to use a projector. Not all projectors make small color differences distinguishable. To change the color of parts and assemblies, do one of the following:

- Right-click a part on the model or an assembly in the Model Tree, and select New color.
- Use the Painter tool to color surfaces or parts.
- Use the Property Editor to change colors more comfortably. It will also save changes so they can be used with later versions of the same model. This way the model can be seen with the same properties repeatedly.

Custom Views
Prepare views of the major details of a model, and save these as Custom Views. This keeps you from having to continuously adjust what parts are shown or hidden during a presentation.

- Use the Custom View Editor to arrange the Custom Views into an optimal sequence. Use distinct names for the Custom Views to find them more easily later.

Publish models
Publish Viewer is useful with presentations. You can save the EXE file on a data carrier, e.g. an USB stick, and use it later on another computer without installing the software.

Important Presentation Functions

Hardware acceleration
Try if the EXE file will open and activate the hardware acceleration in the starting dialog before the presentations. The hardware acceleration will increase the display speed of the models; however it may cause graphical problems on some computers.

Hide parts and assemblies
To hide parts and assemblies, do one of the following:

- Right-click a part on the model, and select Hide.
- In the Model Tree, click parts and assemblies.
- Select parts and assemblies from the Model Tree, and click Hide Parts above the Model Tree.

Show parts and assemblies
To show parts and assemblies, do one of the following:

- Right-click into the background of the model. In the context menu you can show single or all currently hidden parts.
- In the Model Tree, click the icons of hidden parts and assemblies.
- Select parts and assemblies from the Model Tree, and click Show Parts above the Model Tree.

More important presentation functions
The following important functions are located in the Ribbon menu:

- Orientation group
Use the default views Left Right Front, etc. to fit the model to the display, and rotate it accordingly. Use Align view to align the current view to the X, Y and Z-axis of the coordinate system.

- Zoom group
Use Zoom in, Zoom out and Zoom all to increase or decrease the size of the model.
- **Display group**
  Here you can show and hide curves, PMI, dimensions and exploded views of the model.

- **Tools group**
  Use *Cross section* to show a cross section of the model.

**Measure**
Within the 3D-Tool EXE files the *Measure/Markup* tool is available. The automatic selection of planes, edges, points, and circles by moving the cursor across a model makes quick and precise measurements possible, even during a presentation.

**Full screen mode**
To use the whole display for your presentation, click on *Full screen* in the *Presentation* group. You can easily open Custom Views, show cross sections, and hide parts during the full screen mode with the context menu that will appear when you right-click in the display.

Press [Esc] to leave the full screen mode.

**Note**
The hardware acceleration is not available during the full screen mode. Moving, rotating, and zooming the model will, therefore, be slower than usual.

**How to Decrease File Sizes of EXE/DDD Files and Speed Up the Display**
Because large files are more difficult to e-mail and may slow down the computer of the recipient, keep the file size in mind when you publish CAD models and share them with others.

**Reduce The Number Of Triangles**
3D-CAD files are triangulated during their import in 3D-Tool. This means they are split in numerous triangles. The number of triangles that make up a model is displayed in the lower left corner of 3D-Tool.

A large number of triangles ensures high quality and accuracy of the display of a model. But as the number of triangles increases the display speed of the models decreases and the published EXE/DDD files will become bigger. Keep this in mind if you plan to send your models by e-mail.

In the Advanced and Premium Version of 3D-Tool it is possible to adjust the import quality of the most common file formats and, in turn, have an influence on the number of triangles. In the import settings dialog use the Low Quality preset to reduce the number of triangles, to speed up the display of the models and to decrease the file size. Even more reduction can be achieved by increasing the values of Chord height and Angle control via the Custom preset.

For all other interchange formats, the quality of the triangulation has to be set before you export the file from the CAD program. See the manual of your CAD software for further instructions.

**Use Hardware Acceleration**
The OpenGL Hardware Acceleration will speed up the display of the models.

**3D-Tool and 3D-Tool Free Viewer**
Activate the Hardware Acceleration in the *Options* tab by clicking *Hardware acceleration*.

**3D-Tool EXE files**
Activate the hardware acceleration in the starting dialog of the EXE file or after start-up in the *Options* tab by clicking *Hardware acceleration*.

**Note**
In a few cases, the Hardware Acceleration may cause difficulties with the display of models. An update of the OpenGL driver may eliminate this problem.
How To Measure On Inaccessible Places

Create cross sections and show/hide parts to measure on places that are difficult or impossible to access.

Measure In Cross Sections

Use cross sections to quickly and easily select hard to reach references.

- Start the Measure/Markup tool
- Start the Cross Section tool.
- Move and rotate the cross section so the wanted reference for measuring is accessible.

With dimensions that need two references (distances, angles), you should make sure that both references are available in the cross section. However, you can also change the cross section, after the first reference is selected to reach the second reference.

💡 Tip
The section line and its edge points can also be used as references for measuring.

Hide Distracting Parts

Hide distracting parts
Right-click a part of the model. Select Hide in the context menu.

Show hidden parts
Right-click in the background. If there are any hidden parts, the context menu will contain a list of the hidden elements. Select single or all parts to be shown again.

How To Compare Two Models

Use the Model Compare tool to graphically highlight the differences between two models.

Compare Models in Solide Mode

- Compare models in solid mode
  Using Compare models in solid mode, you find differences between two models by superimposing the models in different colors.
  - Load two models that you want to compare. If the file names are identical, the models are renamed automatically.
  - Start Model Compare tool which is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D Mode tab.
  - In the comparison mode both models are colored differently and laid on top of each other to highlight differences in color.
  - Use successively several or all of the options to find differences: Overlay, Reversed overlay, Removed material, Added material.

Overlay
Display the two models in different colors and superimpose model 1 over model 2. The two models differ in all places where you can see the color of model 2.

Reversed overlay
Display the two models in different color and superimpose model 2 over model 1. The two models differ in all places where you can see the color of model 1.

Removed material
Highlight material that does NOT exist in model 2.

Added Material
Highlight material that does ONLY exist in model 2.
Transparency

Display the top model color transparent so differences inside of parts can be seen more easily.

💡 Tip

This way of comparing two models only shows deviations in visible places. To see deviations inside the models, additionally use the Cross Section tool and move the cross section through the model.

Comparison in Wire Frame Mode

The display of one or both models as Wire Frame allows the detection of differences in detail.
- Load two models that you want to compare. If the file names are identical, the models are renamed automatically.
- Start the Model Compare tool which is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D Mode tab.

One model solid - one model as wire frame

- Select the comparison mode Compare model 1 with model 2 as wire frame or the comparison mode Reverse compare - Compare model 2 with model 1 as wireframe, to compare both models.
- The models differ in all places where you can only see wires or only see solid faces.

💡 Tip

- To find all deviations, you might have to switch the comparison modes more than once.
- Since the wire lines are shown for the edges of a model only, deviations of curved surfaces e.g. a cone or a sphere, may remain undetected. You can adjust the Wire frame angle by moving the slider left to lower the wire frame angle and to get a denser wire frame.

Compare both models as wire frames

If both models you want to compare are displayed as wire frames, it is easy to see all deviations, even small ones, in the inside of the models.
- Select the comparison mode Compare both models as wire frame.
- Where the models overlap exactly, you will only see the wire lines in the color of model 2. In places where the position of the models deviates, you can additionally see the wire lines of model 1.

💡 Tip

Since the wire lines are shown for the edges of a model only, deviations of curved surfaces e.g. a cone or a sphere, may remain undetected. You can adjust the Wire frame angle by moving the slider left to lower the wire frame angle and to get a denser wire frame.
How To Check For Collisions

Use cross sections to see collisions of parts / assembly interferences.

To distinguish the parts more easily, you should color the parts differently.
You can color only certain parts or all parts differently:
- To color only certain parts differently, right-click parts on the model or in the Model Tree and select 
  New color from the context menu.
- Use the Painter tool to automatically assign different colors to all parts of the model.

Activate the Cross section tool.
Check Section line and Fill section in the Cross section options.
Move the cross section through the model.
You will notice places where parts interfuse by an unequal coloring of the cutting plane and by the run
of the section line.

To check distances, use the functions to measure Distances or Clearances in the Measure/Markup tool.

💡 Tip
Distances can also be measured by using the edges and edge points of the section line.

How To Create Animations

Use Custom Views to create animations, e.g. to show the mounting of an assembly.

Create an Animation

Before you can create an animation, you have to create Custom Views.
Custom Views save the complete state of the view including all display settings.
Later the Custom Views will be used as key frames in the animation. When the animation is played, the
changes of the view between the key frames will be animated.

To combine Custom Views to an animation, use the Animation tool.

Set up a new animation

Use New animation to create a new animation, and enter the name of the new animation.

Add key frames

Select one or more Custom Views in the list and click on to add them as a new key frames. New
key frames are added at the end of an animation and can be repositioned with the up and down
arrow.

Use the Filter to designate whether all Custom Views or only perspective or orthogonal view will be
shown in the list. This prevents the mixing of orthogonal and perspective views between whose
transition cannot be animated.

Adjust animation time

The time that is displayed in front of a key frame is the time needed for the transition between that and
the next key frame. The time needed for the transition is set to a default value for each new key frame.
You can change the value with a double-click. If you enter a value larger than the default value, the
transition will become slower. If you enter a value smaller than the default value, the transition will
become faster.

If you want the animation to pause, use the same Custom View twice as key frame. Set the animation
time for the first key frame and the pausing time for the second key frame.
Preview of the animation
The button will play an preview of the current animation in the preview window. You can stop the preview by pressing [Esc].

Save and play the animation
When you are satisfied with your animation, close the Animation tool by clicking OK. You can start the animation by choosing Start animation or Start full screen animation in the Presentation group. Animations are also added at the end of the list of Custom Views and can be started from there.

Note
Since the transition times assigned to the key frames depend on the computer performance, they are only an approximation when playing animations within 3D-Tool. However, if you export the animation as an AVI-video the designated times will be exact.

What Can Be Animated?

Animated settings
The following changes of the model and the view will be animated between two key frames:
- Changes in the orientation, position, and size of the view.
- Changes in the exploded position of parts.
- Changes in the position of a cross section.
- Changes in the position of the lighting.
- Changes in the base color of the background.

Not animated settings
The following changes of the model and the view will be only set but not animated. They should be avoided if you want to get a smooth animation.
- Changes in the render mode of the parts (transparent, shaded, shaded with edges).
- Changes in the display settings of the Display group (Perspective, Show curves, Show PMI, etc) except Show exploded.
- Shown/Hidden parts.
- Activation of cross sections.
- The switch between perspective and orthogonal view.
- The switch between uniform background and a background with a color gradient.

How is animated?
The following applies to the transition between key frames:
- First, all settings that cannot be animated will be set. Then, the transition of the settings that can be animated takes place.
- The position and orientation of the objects will be animated by using the shortest distance between two positions.

Tip
Because a switch between the orthogonal and the perspective view cannot be animated and the transition would be abrupt, all key frames of an animation should be in the same view.

Animation of the View
The simplest way of animation is an animated movement, rotation, or zoom of the view:
- Move, rotate and zoom the model to the wanted position or use the buttons of the Orientation group.
- Click Save Custom View in the bottom of the right info panel.
- Create all needed Custom Views this way.
- Start the Animation tool.
- Add the Custom Views in the wanted order to the animation.
If you play the animation, the model will move and rotate from one view to the next.
Tip
A rotation will always be animated using the shortest distance. To rotate the view of a model by 180° or more, disperse the rotation equally over two or more key frames (each less than 180 degrees).

Animation of Parts and Assemblies (Explosion)

Use the Explode tool to animate single parts and assemblies. By this you can, for example, animate the mounting of an assembly.

- Activate the Explode tool
- Use the operations Move parts and Rotate parts of the Manual explode functions to place the parts in the wanted position.
- Save the exploded view as a Custom View.
- If the animation is to occur gradually e.g. a step-by-step assembly, you should save each step as a separate Custom View.
- Start the Animation tool.
- Add the Custom Views in the wanted order to the animation.

If you play the animation, the parts will move and rotate from one view to the next.

Tip
A rotation will always be animated using the shortest distance. To rotate the view of a model by 180° or more, disperse the rotation equally over two or more key frames (each less than 180 degrees).

Note
Movements of parts will be animated using the shortest distance and separate for each part. If you select multiple parts and rotate them together, the animated rotation will not be performed together. Each part will move linear and independent of the other parts, into the position and orientation designated by the key frame.

Animation of Cross Sections

Let cross sections run animated through the model.

You need at least two key frames to animate a cross section. Key frame 1 will activate the cross section in a particular location. Key frame 2 will move the cross section to another location.

Activate the Cross section tool. Select a Section plane. Move/turn the cross section to the starting position within or outside of the model. Save the view as Custom View. Move/turn the cross section to the end position. Save the view as Custom View.

If the Custom Views are added to an animation in sequence, the cross section moves from the starting to the end position.

Tip
Place the starting position of the cross section outside of the model so the whole model is visible. This way, the cross section does not suddenly appear in the animation but move into the model.
How To Divide or Combine Models, Assemblies and Parts

Arrange parts or assemblies within the model or move parts in new models, for example, to store these parts as a separate model.

Move a part of an existing model to a new one

With the Rearrange Parts function you can move selected parts or assemblies to a new model, e.g. to save it separately.
Select the parts that are to be moved from the Model Tree or the display.
Right-click on one of the selected parts in the Model Tree (important), and then choose Rearrange Parts from the context menu.
In the following dialog click on New model, and the new model will be created. The name of the new model can be changed with the Rename button. Click OK to move the selected parts to the new model.
To save the new model, choose Save as … in the File tab.

Organize Parts in Assemblies

Using the Rearrange Parts function lets you to organize parts into assemblies to make models more suitable for presentations or when passing them on to customers.
• Select the parts that are to be moved from the Model Tree or display the parts that are to be moved.
• Right-click on one of the selected parts in the Model Tree (important), and then choose Rearrange Parts from the context menu.

The following dialog provides the following options:
• Move to existing assembly
  Select the assembly in the list, and click OK.
• Move to new assembly
  Select the position of the new assembly in the list, and click on New assembly. The new assembly will be created. The name of the assembly can be changed with the Rename button. Click OK to move the selection to the new assembly.

Combine Parts to a Single Part

If a model with many parts is loaded, you can use the Combine Parts function to combine all selected parts from the Model Tree to one single part.
• Select the parts that are to be combined from the Model Tree or the display.
• Right-click on one of the selected parts in the Model Tree (important), and then choose Combine Parts from the context menu.
• If a model or assembly is selected, all of its parts will be combined.
• The original names of the parts and their sectioning will be lost. To rename a part right-click, on the part in the Model Tree, and then choose Rename from the context menu.

Split parts

You may need access to individual faces or elements of a part. If the part has information on these (connected triangles), it can be split.
• Right-click on one of the selected parts in the Model Tree, and then choose Split in parts from the context menu.
• This function is not available if the part does not contain any information on connected triangles.
How To Determine Values for the Calculation of Costs for an Injection Molding Tool

Use a variety of tools to determine values used to calculate the cost of injection molded parts.

How it works

- Use the Model-Info tool to display the volume, surface area, dimensions, and weight of models and parts.
- Use the Wall Thickness Analysis to show the wall thicknesses of a model in different colors.
- To check for undercuts and draft angles, and thus to determine the complexity of a tool, use the Tooling Analysis.
- To calculate the projected area of the model, use the Tooling Analysis.

Determine Dimensions, Volume, and Weight

The Information tool displays the volume, surface area, and dimensions of models and parts. Use the material database to calculate the weight of parts. Copy all information to other applications.

- Start the Model-Info tool which is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab.
- Model: Select the model from the Model Tree using the << and >> buttons, for which the information is to be displayed.
- Element: Select the element from the Model Tree using the << and >> buttons, for which the information is to be displayed.
- You can assign materials from the drop down list for the weight calculation for the part or assembly selected in the Model Tree.

The following information is displayed for models and parts:
- The number of parts of models and assemblies
- The assigned material
- The dimensions in X, Y and Z
- The weight (requires an assigned material)
- The volume
- The surface area
- The number of triangles
- The number of open edges

The Information can be copied by clicking Copy the information to Clipboard to reuse it in other applications such as Microsoft Excel.

Note

The density values of the database delivered with 3D-Tool have been specified to the best of our knowledge. However, because the values underlie a certain manufacturing variability we will take no responsibility for their accuracy.

Determine Undercuts

To rate the complexity of a mold, use the function Undercuts of the Tooling Analysis. With this function undercuts as well as drafts will be displayed for a specified reference plane.

- Start the Tooling Analysis which is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab. Select Undercuts, to start the function.
- From the drop down list, select one of the standard planes XY, XZ, YZ.
- Click the Plane button or hold down [Shift], and click any plane of the model.
- After the required calculations, the drafts and undercuts will be displayed in different colors. Default: green - top, blue - bottom, white - no draft, red - undercut.

By selecting Assign the current color display will be assigned to the 3D model. All colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone, and because the colors are a global property this change will also affect all existing Custom View.
Determine the Projected Area

Using the Tooling Analysis the projected area for the three main planes can be determined. This, for example, is needed to calculate locking forces when making molds.

- Start the Tooling Analysis which is located in the Toolbox group of the 3D-Mode tab. Select Proj area, to start the function.
- From the drop down list, select one of the standard planes XY, XZ, YZ as reference plane (projection plane).
- When the reference plane is selected, the projected area is displayed in square units. For example, if the units of a model are millimeters in square millimeters.

Tip
- Use the Placement tool to align the model in the coordinate system.
- If you want to calculate the projected area of only one part or assembly instead of all parts loaded, select Delete in the Model Tree from the context menu to delete unnecessary parts or assemblies from the model.

Determine the Wall Thickness

Use the Wall Thickness Analysis to show the wall thicknesses of a model in different colors.

- Start the Wall Thickness Analysis which is located in More Tools in the Tools group of the 3D-Mode tab.
- Use At point, to see the wall thickness at certain points on the model. Click the At point button and move the cursor across the model. The wall thickness at the position of the cursor will be displayed.
- Calculating the wall thickness requires extensive calculations. There are two different calculation types to choose from:
  - Quick calc: The calculation is based on the center of the generated triangles.
  - Normal calc: The calculation is based on all edge points of the generated triangles.

To get a good result, the triangles that make up the model will be subdivided into smaller ones. The values in the Calculation tab define the strength of subdivision.

- A finer subdivision will increase the quality but also the calculation time.
- A coarser subdivision will decrease calculation time but also the quality.

By selecting Assign the current color display will be assigned to the 3D model. All colors of the model will be replaced with the colors of the Tooling Analysis. This cannot be undone, and because the colors are a global property this change will also affect all existing Custom View.

Tip

If you want to calculate the wall thickness of only one part or assembly instead of all parts loaded, select Delete in the Model Tree from the context menu to delete unnecessary parts or assemblies from the model. Alternatively use the function Rearrange Parts located in the Model Tree Group of the 3D-Mode tab and move the selection to a new model. Then select the desired model for the wall thickness analysis with << or >> button.
14. Additional Help

Use the following additional help when working with 3D-Tool.

3D-Tool Quick Reference
The 3D-Tool Quick Reference Card gives a quick overview of the user interface of 3D-Tool:
Windows Start > Programs > 3D-Tool V12 > Quick Reference.

3D-Tool Manual
This help is available as a PDF manual:

3D-Tool tool tips
When the cursor is moved onto a button (e.g. on the Ribbon Menu) and remains there a moment, a
short description of the function is displayed.

3D-Tool website
Go to our website www.3D-Tool.de to find the newest information about 3D-Tool.
15. 🌈 3D-NativeCAD Converter (only available with 3D-Tool Premium)

Use the 3D-NativeCAD Converter to convert CATIA, Pro/E, Inventor, SolidWorks, SolidEdge, UG/Siemens NX, STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, JT and Parasolid files to CATIA V4/5, STEP, IGS, VDA, SAT, SAB, ASAT, and STL files.

Open CAD File and Adjust Conversion

File to convert
Click on 📞 Choose a file to convert to select the 3D-CAD file you want to convert.

Supported file formats:
- **CATIA V6** files and assemblies, R2013 - R2016 (only saved as *.CATPart, *.CATProduct)
- **CATIA V5** files and assemblies, V5R8 - V5-6R2016 (*CATPart, *.CATProduct)
- **CATIA V4** files and assemblies, 4.1.9 - 4.2.4 (*model, *.exp, *.session)
- **Inventor** files and assemblies, 6 - 2017 (*ipt off Inventer 6, *.iam off Inventor 11)
- **SolidWorks** files and assemblies, 98 - 2017, SW2015 and newer require 3D-Tool 64bit (*sidprt, *.sidasm)
- **SolidEdge** files and assemblies, 18 - ST9 (*par, *.psm, *.asm)
- **UG/Siemens NX** files, 11 - NX 11 (*.prt)
- **Parasolid** files, V10 - V29 (*x_t, x_b)
- **JT**-files, Version 8.x and Version 9.x, only CAD/BREP-Data (*.jt)
- **IGS** files (*.igs)
- **STEP** files (*.stp)
- **VDA**-files (*.vda)
- **SAT/SAB** files, **ASIC-Text** (*.sat), **ASIC-Binär** (*.sab)

Output file
The complete path to the output file. The file that was converted will be saved in the same folder and under the same name as the original file by default. The file extension will be adjusted according to the output format. The path can be edited. Non-existent directories will be created. Click the [...] button to browse existing drives and folders and to create new folders.

Format
From the drop down list, choose one of the supported output formats.
- **CATIA V5**: 3D-CAD model in the Catia V5 format. **CATProduct** will be displayed as file extension of the output file by default. If the file that is to be converted is not an assembly, a **CATPart** file will be created automatically.
- **CATIA V4**: 3D-CAD model in the Catia V4 format.
- **STEP**: 3D-CAD model in the STEP format.
- **STL**: Triangulated 3D model in the STL format.
- **ACIS SAT**: 3D-CAD model in the SAT format (ASIC-text).
- **ACIS SAB**: 3D-CAD model in the SAB format (ASIC-binary).
- **ACIS ASAT**: 3D-CAD model in the ASAT format (ASIC-text with assemblies). If the file to be converted is not an assembly, the conversion into ASAT is not possible, and a SAB file will be created. ASAT files can be imported into 3D-Tool.
- **X_T**: 3D-CAD model in the X_T-Format (Parasolid-Text).
- **XML-E-BOM**: 3D-CAD model in the XML E-BOM format (XML assembly structure and SAB parts). When converting assemblies, there may be parts that cause problems. In these cases, first convert to the XML E-BOM format, and then, in a second step, to the desired output format. If the direct
conversion of an assembly fails because of defective parts, this approach will often lead to success. Please note that XML files can only be used from the folder they were created in.

Version
From the dropdown list, choose the file version when converting to CATIA V5, SAT, SAB and X_T. Possible values are:
- For CATIA V5: V5R15 to V5R25
- For SAT: V7, V8 and V10 to V27
- For SAB: V18 to V27
- For X_T: V12 to V29

Format specific options
- **CATIAV5: Use hybrid bodies** *(Default: active)*
  Create so called “Hybrid Bodies” when converting models to CATIA V5. With "Hybrid Bodies" wire and face geometries are created directly within the solid bodies and not within separate geometrical sets.

Options
- **Output units** *(Default depends on Windows settings: mm for metric, inch for US system units)*
  Set the units of the output file. If the units of the output file differ from the units of the native file, the model will be scaled. This option is not available for conversions to CATIA V5 because CATIA V5 only supports millimeter (mm) units.
- **Convert curves** *(Default: Active)*
  Convert curves too. If inactive, curves and lines will not be converted.
- **Convert points** *(Default: Active)*
  Convert point too. If inactive, the points will not be converted.
- **Healing** *(Default: Active)*
  Resolve problems that are caused by specific attributes of the various file formats or inaccuracies that occur during the conversion.
- **Create Log file** *(Default: Active)*
  Create Log files (*.log) in the directory of the output file during the conversion. The name of the Log files is the same as the file that is converted. During 2-Step conversion two log files will be created. The files contains information about the conversion process, and can be opened with a text editor.
- **Convert hidden entities** *(Default: Inactive)*
  Activate the conversion of elements that are hidden in the file that will be converted.
- **Tessellation-Chord height** *(Default: 0.05 mm / 0.002 inch)*
  Enter the chord height used for triangulation when converting to STL. Smaller values increase the quality of the display but also increase the file size.
- **Tessellation-Angle control** *(Default: 20.00)*
  Enter the tolerance angle used for triangulation when converting to STL. Smaller values increase the quality of the display but also increase the file size.

Read Configurations
Pro/Engineer and Creo assemblies can contain Simplified Representations and SolidWorks models so-called Configurations. To set a representation/configuration for conversion, click the Read Configurations button.

⚠️ Note
The default values for these options can be changed in the Preferences of the 3D-NativeCAD Converter: Options menu > Preferences
**Convert Complete**

Click 🔄 Convert Complete to convert all parts and assemblies of the file to be converted.

The converter starts in a new window which displays information on the conversion progress. Do not close this window before the conversion is complete unless you want to abort the conversion. The window will automatically close when the conversion is completed.

**Choose Parts and Assemblies**

Click 📚 Choose Parts and Assemblies to choose the parts and assemblies to be converted.

The assembly structure of the file to be converted will be read. For complex assemblies this may take some time. When the assembly structure is completely read, the Model Tree is displayed to Select the parts which should be converted.

**Select the parts which should be converted**

To expand and collapse an assembly, click the arrow symbol in front of the assembly.
To disable a part, click ✗.
To enable a part, click ⬤.
To disable an assembly, click ✗️.
To enable an assembly, click ⬤️.

**Convert Selected**

Convert all enabled parts and assemblies. Disabled parts ✗ and assemblies ✗️ will not be converted. For conversion at least one part must be enabled.

The converter starts in a new window which displays information on the conversion progress. Do not close this window before the conversion is complete unless you want to abort the conversion. The window will close automatically when the conversion is completed.

**Expand all assemblies in the Model Tree**

Expand all assemblies in the Model Tree. All parts and assemblies of the model can be seen in the Model Tree.

**Collapse all assemblies in the Model Tree**

Collapse all assemblies in the Model Tree. Only the model can be seen in the Model Tree.

**Enable all parts and assemblies**

Enable all parts and assemblies for conversion.

**Disable all parts and assemblies**

Disable all parts and assemblies for conversion.

**Preferences**

Change the language of the interface and the converters default conversion options.

**Program language**

Set the language of the user interface.

**Healing (Default: Active)**

Activate Healing on start-up of the converter.

**Convert hidden entities (Default: Inactive)**

Activate the conversion of hidden entities on startup of the converter.
Convert curves *(Default: Active)*  
Activate the conversion of curves on start-up of the converter.

Convert points *(Default: Active)*  
Activate the conversion of points on start-up of the converter.

Tessellation - Chord height *(Default: 0.05 mm / 0.002 inch)*  
For conversions to STL set the default chord height value.

Tessellation - Angle control *(Default: 20.00)*  
For conversions to STL set the default angle control value.

Create Log file *(Default: Active)*  
Activate the creation of log files on start-up of the converter.

Default units *(Default depends on Windows settings: mm for metric, inch for US system units)*  
Set the default units used for file output.

CATIAV5: Use hybrid bodies *(Default: active)*  
On start-up of the converter activate hybrid bodies for the CATIA V5 output.

**Batch Mode**

Convert complete models via command line. This enables you to create your own batch files for conversion.

**Show Batch Content**  
For help when creating your own batch files, open a file to be converted and setup the conversion.

In the Options menu, click Show Batch Content. The field Batch content for the converter shows the command line to call up the converter with the current conversion settings. You can copy the content of the field and use it with your batch file.

**Call of the converter**

"InstallationPath\Convert.exe" -i "CADfile" -o "OutputFile"  
[-ounit [mm/in]] [-healing [1/0]] [-hidden [1/0]] [-curves [1/0]] [-points [1/0]] [-config [Name]]  
[-chord [Number]] [-angle [0 - 90]] [-hybridbodies [1/0]] [-log [Path\filename.log]]

"CADfile" > Path and file name of the file that is to be converted.

"OutputFile" > Path and file name of the converted file.

The file format of the output file is specified by its file extension:

- 
  *.CATPart, *.CATProduct  
  To create CATIA V5 files both file extensions can be used. If the file to be converted is an assembly always a CATProduct will be created. If the file to be converted is only a part always a CATPart will be created.

- 
  *.model for Catia V4

- 
  *.stp for STEP

- 
  *.igs for IGES

- 
  *.vda for VDA

- 
  *.sat for ASIC SAT (ASIC text)

- 
  *.sab for ASIC SAB (ASIC binary)

- 
  *.asat for ASIC ASAT  
  If the file to be converted is not an assembly, the conversion into ASAT is not possible, and a SAB file will be created automatically.

- 
  *.x_t for X_T (Parasolid-Text)
* .xml for XML E-BOM
  If the file to be converted is not an assembly, the conversion into XML-E-BOM is not possible, and no file will be created.
  * .stl for STL

**Notes**
- Directories cannot be created in the batch mode. If the directory that has been assigned to an output file does not exist, the file cannot be saved.
- In batch mode, only complete models can be converted. It is not possible to choose parts and assemblies.
- In Windows batch files (*.bat) any special chars and international chars within file names and other parameters can only be used if an according code page is specified via CHCP command.

**Optional parameters**
The following parameters are optional. For parameters that have not been set, the default values as specified here, and not the default values as set in the Preferences of the 3D-NativeCAD Converter will be used.

  When converting to CATIA V5, SAT and SAB a file version can be specified for the output file. Possible version names are: For CATIA V5: V5R15 to V5R25, for SAT: V7, V8 and V10 to V27, for SAB: V18 to V27, and for X_T: V12 to V29.
- `-unit [mm/in]` > Units of the output file (*Default: mm *)
  Units: mm = Millimeter, in = Inch. If the units of the file to be converted differ then the model will be scaled.
- `-healing [1/0]` > Healing (*Default: 1 = enabled *)
- `-hidden [1/0]` > Convert hidden entities (*Default: 0 = disabled *)
- `-curves [1/0]` > Convert curves for STEP, SAT, SAB, ASAT (*Default: 1 = enabled *)
- `-points [1/0]` > Convert points for STEP, SAT, SAB, ASAT (*Default: 1 = enabled *)
- `-config [Name]` > Name of a representation/configuration (*Default: Default configuration *)
  Pro/Engineer and Creo assemblies can contain Simplified Representations and SolidWorks models so called Configurations. To set a representation/configuration for conversion, specify the name of the representation/configuration after the `-config` parameter.
- `-chord [Number]` > Chord height for STL output (*Default: 0.05 *)
- `-angle [0 - 90]` > Angle control for STL output (*Default: 20.00 *)
- `-log [Path|filename.log]` > Log file (*Default: No Log file *)
- `-hybridbodies [1/0]` > CATIA V5: Use hybrid bodies (*Default: 1 = enabled *)
Requirements

The following requirements have to be met to use the 3D-NativeCAD Converter.

Supported Operating Systems

Windows 7 (32/64bit)
Windows 8.1 (32/64bit)
Windows 10 (32/64bit)*

* Premium interfaces under Windows 10
So far, the interface supplier of the 3D-Tool Premium interfaces has not officially released the interfaces for Windows 10. However, we intensively tested the interfaces under Windows 10 and have not found any noticeable problems.

Software Requirements to use the converter

The following software will be installed together with 3D-Tool as it is required for the converter:
Dassault Systemes Software VC11 Prerequisites x86 - x64
Microsoft Visual C++2010 [x86/x64] Redistributable

64bit Interfaces

3D-Tool Premium features 64bit interfaces for the conversion of 3D-CAD files. To use the 64bit interfaces one of the following operation systems is required: Windows 7 x64, or Windows 8 x64, or Windows 10 x64.

Limitations

The following limitations apply to the 3D-NativeCAD Converter.

Common

- **Assembly attributes**
  Attributes assigned on the assembly level are not read by the converter, e.g. colors assigned on the assembly level get lost and elements hidden on the assembly level will be loaded.

- **Assembly features**
  Features (e.g. cuts, bodies, holes) added on the assembly level are not supported and will be ignored by the converter. The support of patterns added on the assembly level is limited in the converter.

- **Properties and attributes**
  The converter has limited support of common properties such as Color and Name. Further properties (e.g. material properties, user defined properties) are not supported by the converter.

- **Product Manufacturing Information (PMI)**
  The converter does not support the conversion of PMI-data, not even to output formats that support PMI.

- **2D-data / 2D-sketches**
  2D-data and 2D-sketches are not supported by the converter.

- **Layers**
  In the converter the translation of layer information is limited.

- **Free parts, faces, and curves**
  The converter supports free parts, faces, and curves on the top assembly level only and not within sub-assemblies.

- **Axes, planes, and local coordinate systems**
  The support of axes, planes, and local coordinate systems is limited in the converter.

- **User-defined views**
  User-defined views and component views are not supported by the converter.

- **Graphical data (visualization data)**
  The converter does not support graphical visualization data that is contained in 3D-CAD files in addition to the CAD/BREP-data.

- **Embedded triangulated data**
  Triangulated data embedded in 3D-CAD-files is not supported by the converter.

- **Suppressed elements**
  Suppressed element will not be read by the converter, not even by activating the “Convert hidden elements” option.
• **Hidden elements**
  Hidden elements will be read by the converter when the "Convert hidden elements" option is activated. If hidden elements are converted to file formats that do not support hidden elements (e.g. STEP) the hidden elements will be visible.

**Catia V5/V6**
- The converter does not support 3DXML files.
- CGR files are not supported by the converter.
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.CATProduct) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
- File names may only contain characters of the ISO-646 character set. Additionally the characters < > : * ? \ / cannot be used.
  During the conversion to CATIA V5 all invalid characters in the file and part names will be replaced by an underscore.
- During the conversion to CATIA V5 the attributes line-type and line-thickness will be translated for free wires and curves only but not for edges.
- CATPart files created using the geometry scale "Small Scale" or "Big Scale" are not supported by the converter.
- Due to hardware requirements, it may not be possible to view and to convert CATIA V5 files when using an older computer (approx. before 2003). If you plan to use the CATIA V5 import on such a system, request a free Trial Key to test the import.

**IGES**
- Binary and compressed IGES files are not supported by the converter.

**Inventor**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.iam) have to be in the same folder otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
- Attributes, such as color and layer, are not read by the converter.
- Some special Inventor features, such as "Lofting" and "Weld Symbols", are not supported by the converter.
- Free form surfaces (T-splines) are not supported by the converter.

**JT**
- The converter only supports version 8.x and version 9.x.
- "Big Endian" files are not supported by the converter.
- The Name and Layer attributes are not supported by the converter. The support of the Color attribute is limited.
- Free points are not supported by the converter.
- Free curves within graphical data are not supported by the viewer.

**Pro/Engineer, Creo**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.asm) have to be in the same folder otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
- The converter does not support Simplified Representations at part level.
- Instances in family tables are read by the converter only if the corresponding XPR and XAS files are present, even though these are only optional in Pro/E. Without the XPR and XAS files the generic parts are read.
- The converter translates local coordinate systems only to file formats that support assemblies (CATIA V5, STEP, IGES, ASAT).
- The curves "using equation" and "local push" are not supported by the converter.
- Cosmetic features are not supported by the viewer or the converter.
- Hidden "merge features" will not always be read accurately by the converter.
- The converter does not support flexible assemblies. Thus, positioning and/or sizing of these components might be incorrect.

**SolidWorks**
- All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.sldasm) have to be in the folder of the assembly file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
- Colors are supported by the converter starting with SolidWorks 2004.
The converter supports hidden elements starting with SolidWorks 2009.
Colors assigned to instances of parts and assemblies are not read by the converter.
The units of a model are read by the converter starting with SolidWorks 2001. With earlier versions
the units are always assumed as meters. This also applies to unsupported units such as feet and
inch.
Hidden bodies and features within parts are not supported by the converter.
The attributes "Show", "No-show" and "Hidden" will be read by the converter starting with
Configurations are supported starting with SolidWorks 98. In order to convert a part within an
assembly in its correct configuration, the according configuration must be saved in the part file.
This is not necessarily the case, especially not, if older parts have been opened and saved with a
newer version of SolidWorks. If configurations are missing, open the part in SolidWorks, activate
each configuration, and save the part. Faulty or missing part configurations within SolidWorks
assemblies may cause the converter to read the assembly only partial or even not at all.
Coordinate systems, work planes, free curves, and free points are not supported by the converter.
Only CAD-models out of SolidWorks major versions will be supported by the converter. Alpha and
beta versions cannot be read.
SolidWorks 2015 and newer is only supported by the 64bit version of the converter.
Unicode text is only supported from the "Basic Multilingual Plane" (Plane 0, BMP). Filenames from
the "Supplementary Ideographic Plane" (SIP) are not supported by the converter.

SolidEdge
All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.asm) have to be in the folder of the assembly
file or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
Coordinate systems (WCS) are not supported by the converter.
Simplified views will not be read by the converter.
SolidEdge sub-assemblies can have multiple family tables. In the root assembly one can select one
of the tables for each instance of the sub-assembly. The viewer and the converter do not support
this, so that the instances may have unwanted or wrongly transformed parts.

UG / Siemens NX
All parts and sub-assemblies of an assembly file (*.prt) have to be in the folder of the assembly file
or its sub-folders otherwise they will not be read by the converter.
For body cuts the converter does not distinguish between the cutting tool body and the body to be
cut. Both will be converted as bodies.

VDA
Errors can occur when reading VDA files with the viewer or the converter, especially if the accuracy
of the VDA data is insufficient. If such errors occur, as much data as possible is read.
16. Credits

3D-Tool thanks the following persons and companies.

Spatial Corporation
Portions of this software are owned by Spatial Corp. © 1986-2017. All Rights Reserved.

Siemens PLM
Portions of this software are owned by Siemens Product Lifecycle Management Software Inc. © 1986-2017. All Rights Reserved.

HarmonyWare
Portions of this software are owned by HarmonyWare, Inc. © 1998-2017. All Rights Reserved.

SoftGold
Portions of this software are owned by SoftGold Software Company. © 2001-2015 Soft Gold Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

3Dconnexion
3D input device development tools and related technology are provided under license from 3Dconnexion. © 3Dconnexion 1992-2013. All Rights Reserved.

Intel Corporation
U3D Libraries are provided by the Intel Corporation under the Apache 2.0 License © 1999-2006 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

Independent JPEG Group
Portions of this software are based on the work of the Independent JPEG Group Copyright © 1991-2010, Thomas G. Lane, Guido Vollbeding, All Rights Reserved

Dipl. Ing. Mike Lischke
Portions of this software are provided by Dipl. Ing. Mike Lischke Copyright © 1999, Mike Lischke, mike@lishcke-online.de

Bsalsa Productions
EmbeddedWebBrowser is provided by Bsalsa Productions.

MPL Licensed Source Code
Portions of this software are licensed under the MPL License. The source code is available from https://www.3d-tool.de/downloads/mpl_licensed_code.zip

The Apache Xerces Project
NOTICE file corresponding to section 4(d) of the Apache License, in this case for the Apache Xerces distribution. This product includes software developed by The Apache Software Foundation (http://www.apache.org/). Portions of this software were originally based on the following: Software copyright © 1999, IBM Corporation, http://www.ibm.com
ICU - International Components for Unicode
ICU License - ICU 1.8.1 and later

COPYRIGHT AND PERMISSION NOTICE

Copyright © 1995-2016 International Business Machines Corporation and others. All rights reserved. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, provided that the above copyright notice(s) and this permission notice appear in all copies of the Software and that both the above copyright notice(s) and this permission notice appear in supporting documentation.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY RIGHTS. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR HOLDERS INCLUDED IN THIS NOTICE BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, OR ANY SPECIAL INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR ANY DAMAGES WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM LOSS OF USE, DATA OR PROFITS, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORTIOUS ACTION, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS SOFTWARE.

Except as contained in this notice, the name of a copyright holder shall not be used in advertising or otherwise to promote the sale, use or other dealings in this Software without prior written authorization of the copyright holder.